"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Increasing cloudiness to-day; rain or snow to-morrow; light to moderate winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,986. * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

INSURANCE SCANDAL FOR THE GRAND JURY

Criminal and Civil Actions Are Under Way on Deal to Transfer Syracuse Association.

WHITE TO BE HEARD AGAIN

Tevis, Who Is Declared to Have Furnished $150,000 Fund, and Others Summoned by Grand Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Criminal action to punish persons who were connected with the attempt to transfer the ownership of the People's Mutual Life and Insurance Association and League of Syracuse was indicated by a statement issued by the Insurance Department today. It was said that, as a result of the inquiries made at Syracuse by Alfred Hurrell, counsel for the department, the matter would probably be taken before the Onondaga County Grand Jury to-morrow. Mr. Hurrell has presented evidence to G. H. Bond, the District Attorney of that county, and will co-operate with him in any action that may be taken.

In addition, papers have been prepared by Attorney General O'Malley, and actions will be brought to recover from the Directors of the People's Mutual moneys paid to them in the deal of Dec. 21, when the association is alleged to have changed hands. The persons against whom complaints have been prepared, with the respective amounts in each, are: Charles F. Wayte $10,000; E. K. Kinne, $25,000; J. E. B. Santee, $5,000; N. H. Mendon, $5,000; Iran C. Reed, President of the company, $15,000; Slayter Laycock, $5,000; E. E. Debarr, $13,500; W. H. Peck, Secretary, $31,500.

The actions are brought by the State to recover the sums mentioned for the benefit of the company, and Mr. O'Malley says that they will be vigorously prosecuted.

Complications growing out of the attempt to transfer the ownership of the association multiply as W. H. Hotchkiss, State Superintendent of Insurance, continues his investigations. He was at his desk at the Capitol the greater part of to-day, and it was said that inquiries were being pressed at Syracuse. Until his examination is completed Mr. Hotchkiss will not state what he has learned.

Lieut. Gov. Horace White, who acted as counsel for the First National Bank in its dealings with the Peoples' Mutual Association and whose resignation as a Director of the bank was accepted yesterday at a special meeting of the Directors, will supplement the statements he has made under oath in examinations conducted by Mr. Hotchkiss.

It has been shown that $150,000 was placed in the hands of Mr. White in the latter part of December, as trustee or agent, and that he had paid in sums of from $30,000 to $5,000 to some of the old Directors, to himself, and the First National Bank of Syracuse. Mr. White admitted the payments and declared that the money came from John Tevis of Louisville. The amount he received personally, $20,000, Mr. White said, was to pay a long-standing obligation of Mr. Tevis, for whom Mr. White had acted on other occasions. All except $5,000 of the original $150,000 had actually been paid out.

As bearing on the matter of the $150,000 fund, Attorney General O'Malley told Justice Andrews in Syracuse yesterday that it would be testified by W. R. Travers, Cashier of the Farmers' Bank of Toronto, that the money which it was claimed he brought from Toronto to Syracuse to purchase the control of the association was taken back to Toronto.

According to information received at the Insurance Department, Mr. Tevis, whom the department has been anxious to interview concerning his part in the transaction, was in New York last night, but has gone to Syracuse, where attaches of the department have been notified to get into communication with him.

The proceedings before Justice Andrews to authorize the State Superintendent to take charge of the association was closed yesterday, and Justice Andrews reserved decision. A few days ago members of the association appointed a committee to take steps to continue the business.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Five men connected with the People's Mutual Life Association and League deal have been summoned to appear as witnesses to-morrow before the Grand Jury in session here. They are John Tevis of Louisville, Melvin G. Hunt of Toronto, Rudolph Appel of White Plains, Edgar Madden of New York, and Edward L. Vezina of this city. The last four were elected Directors of the association on the resignation of five of the old Directors Dec. 20.

Mr. Tevis, who acted as agent in the matter of the transfer of control, and William R. Travers, Manager of the Farmers' Bank of Canada at Toronto, arrived here to-day. It was stated to-night that they had presented themselves for examination by Alfred Hurrel, counsel for the State Insurance Department, at the Yates Hotel. Mr. Hurrell would not talk, and Mr. Travers refused to say anything at all about the matter.

Mr. Hunt has been here for some days, and it was said that Messrs. Appel and Madden would be here to-morrow. They are summoned in the case of "The People against John Doe," so that the papers served do not disclose the matter on which they are to be examined. District Attorney George H. Bond of Syracuse, who will probably conduct the case before the Grand Jury, refused to discuss the matter to-night.

Mr. Hurrell, before Justice W. S. Andrews yesterday, stated that President Iram C. Reed and Secretary W. S. Peck had certified to annual reports which were not in accord with their statements to the department. The reports did not include the contracts with Mr. Reed, Mr. Peck, and E. E. De Barr as liabilities, but under examination the officers had given their opinion that these contracts were regarded as liabilities.

It is said that the insurance officers want to examine Mr. Tevis and Mr. Travers as to the source of the $150,000 disbursed by Horace White. It has been charged that this money was the property of the People's Mutual, and the Grand Jury may take up this phase of the matter. Arthur F. Saxton, the examiner of the department working on the case, visited Toronto yesterday morning to investigate the transactions at the Farmers' Bank there.

Mr. Tevis remained in strict seclusion in his room at the Yates to-day, and all efforts to reach him, for the purpose of getting a statement, were unavailing.

E. B. Judson, President of the First National Bank of this city, which on Saturday dropped Lieut. Gov. White from the Directorate, died this evening from pleural pneumonia, the result of a cold contracted Thursday night on his way home from the automobile show in New York. Mr. Judson was born in 1854. While the bank Directors were in session Saturday evening considering Mr. White's resignation Mr. Judson was too ill to be consulted.

WHITES IN SUN PURCHASE.

Ex-Ambassador and Brother Interested with Grasty in Buying Baltimore Paper

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 16.—Henry White, lately American Ambassador in Paris, and Julian Le Roy White, his brother, are interested with Charles H. Grasty in the purchase of a controlling interest in The Baltimore Sun, which was founded by A. S. Abell in 1836 and has been in the Abell family ever since. Friction among the heirs is said to have brought about the sale.

Charles Abell, the present manager of The Sun, a grandson of the founder, has, it is said, refused to sell his interest. He controls a third of the property. Another report has it that Walter Abell, who preceded Charles as manager, and the other members of the family sold their two-thirds interest without consulting Charles Abell.

The Sun is one of the most valuable newspaper properties in this part of the country. The price paid for a controlling or majority interest is reported to have been over $2,000,000, the building and site being worth over $1,000,000. Mr. Grasty in March, 1908, sold The Eevening News, of which he was managing owner, to Frank Munsey for $1,000,000. The Whites and other wealthy Baltimoreans were associated with him in ownership of that paper.

About a year ago Grasty bought The St. Paul Dispatch, and subsequently The Pioneer Press, and merged the two. Recently he sold those papers and returned to Baltimore. He still refuses to talk about the deal for The Sun. Neither will he discuss his recent purchase of The Evening World at auction. It is understood he will eventually use the news service franchise he secured with The World to publish an afternoon edition of The Sun.

HUSTLING A LINER.

The St. Louis Unloaded, Refilled, Coaled, and Off in 24 Hours.

After twenty-four hours of the hardest kind of work the American Line steamship St. Louis, which arrived here Saturday morning, sailed yesterday for Southampton. She got away at 10 A. M., on time. She was coaled and, according to the officials of the company, loaded and unloaded, in twenty-four hours.

When the St. Louis came alongside her pier, a force of 275 longshoremen was waiting. Before the lines were fast they were on board getting ready to unload. They worked at one hatch after the other and as soon as cargo was taken out of one hold the gang unloading started in on another. Behind them came a gang putting cargo in. In this way they worked all night and up to sailing time yesterday.

From barges on both sides, another gang worked coaling the steamship. With the aid of an electric coal conveyor, 2,587 tons of coal were put on board. Before the vessel sailed 2,000 tons of freight had been removed from her and as much outgoing cargo put on board.

At intervals, during the night mail wagons arrived, bringing the mail. The St. Louis carried away 3,260 bags of mail.

STABBED IN A THEATRE.

Though Wounded, Special Policeman of Keeney's Catches His Antagonist.

As he was trying to put several Italians out of Keeney's Third Avenue Theatre at Thirty-first Street last night, Special Policeman William Cashin was stabbed in the stomach. Although he was wounded seriously, the policeman ran after the Italians, and after a chase of a block caught one of them.

The theatre was well filled, and a song was being sung, when the Italians, who had paid the admission fee of 10 cents, rushed down one of the aisles and tried to enter a box. Cashin ordered them to leave.

When they resisted him he got out his club, but one Italian whipped out a knife. John Cullen, a former employe of the theatre, ran to Cashin's assistance. In the fight that followed Cashin was stabbed.

When he fell to the floor the women and children in the orchestra and gallery began to scream. The Italians ran through the main exit to the street and there was no attempt to stop them. Cashin in the meantime got to his feet and followed. By the time the Italians got through the lobby and into the street, Cashin was close behind. They turned south on Third Avenue and at Thirteenth Street Cashin overtook the one nearest to him, who, he says, was the man who wielded the knife. There was a struggle, during which Cashin used his club.

Patrolman Miller of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station ran to the special policeman's assistance and the Italian was overcome. Then Cashin, weak from loss of blood, fainted and was carried into a drug store.

The prisoner was taken back to the lobby of the theatre by Policeman Miller and kept there until Capt. Cray and several policemen arrived. Cashin made a charge of felonious assault, and the Italian made a counter charge that Cashin had beaten him over the head with his club.

Both, under arrest, were taken in an ambulance to Bellevue. Dr. Russel said the policeman was suffering from a bad wound in the abdomen, and that the Italian's skull might have been fractured. At the hospital the Italian said he was Frederick Biangelo, a driver, of 321 Eighth Street. Cashin lives at 325 East Thirty-ninth Street.

SWOPE CASE HALTS.

No Arrests Until Tests for Poison Are Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 16.—John G. Paxton and John H. Atwood, attorneys for the Swope estate, left to-night for Chicago. Their mission is to confer with the scientists who are making an analysis of the contents of the stomach of the late Thomas H. Swope.

Asked if an artist in the case would be made provided no traces of poison were found in the stomach of the dead millionaire, Mr. Atwood was unable to say.

"The matter of making an arrest," said Mr. Atwood, "depends entirely upon the Prosecuting Attorney. He was present at Saturday's investigation, at which all the evidence gathered was gone over. I don't think any warrant has been issued. As was stated yesterday, we believe that sufficient evidence has been secured to go into court and make such a showing that a jury would have little hesitancy in arriving at a verdict."

Prosecuting Attorney Conkling said to-night that he thought no arrest would be made until the report of the Chicago scientists reached him.

AIKEN AND AUGUSTA SPECIAL To Resorts South, via Southern Railway, lv. N. Y. 10:25 A. M. daily. Drawing room and stateroom sleeping cars. Dining-car service. N. Y. Office, 1,200 Broadway.—Adv.

'UNCLE BOB' IS DEAD AMONG HIS 18 CLOCKS

For Thirty Years They Kept Him Punctual—He Had No Other Interest in Life.

FRIENDS OF A LONG CAREER

He Solaced His Lonely Hours Tinkering with Them and Guarding His Score of Watches.

Only about half of Robert J. Willoughby's eighteen clocks were ticking away yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock in his third-floor front room at 16 Manhattan Street, and some of them seemed to be doubtful if they would keep it up much longer unless somebody attended to them. As for "Uncle Bob" Willoughby himself, his clock of life had ceased to tick sometime on Saturday afternoon.

The neighborhood seemed still and lonely at 7 A. M. His fellow-tenants did not hear the clanging of "Uncle Bob's" alarm clocks, and went over to see what was the matter. That was the first many of them knew he was dead.

Outside of the glamour that the possession and assiduous care of so many different kinds of clocks threw around the huge figure of "Uncle Bob," there were other strange and picturesque things about his past life and conduct that made him the centre of endless chatter in the neighborhood where he lived for so many years.

About sixty years ago he was born at Secretary, Md. At an early age he and two Philadelphians, according to his story, went down to South America, and there engaged in the business of supplying arms to anybody who wanted to start a revolution. He finally sold out his interest in the business to his partners, he often told, and came to New York. It was said—and he did not deny it—that he brought back considerable money with him, but he sadly added that his former partners became millionaires.

Never Out of Work.

It was thirty or thirty-five years ago that he came to New York—accounts differ as to the number of years—and went to work as a driver for the Third Avenue Railroad Company. He died in the service of this company. Wonder was expressed that a man of his reputed means should seek employment, but wonder was also expressed that he never bought a cigar, never drank anything unless somebody else paid for it, and never spent anything except on his clocks and collection of about a score of watches, nor did he spend a great deal on them.

Willoughby took the room on the third floor of the Manhattan Street house many years ago. In the course of time a niece came to live in the same house. He said he had a sister in Philadelphia, but no one ever saw her. He never married, never had any romance, so far as his neighbors could find out. The most thrilling event in his life and the only extended recreation he was ever known to take was a trip around the world about which he used to tell.

He did his work as a driver of car horses in the old days, and when electricity came into use he kept his place on the front of the car as a motorman. Several years ago he had a run that required him to get up at 1 A. M. Every morning promptly at that time the other lodgers in the house heard the clatter of the alarm clocks in his room, and then, on the lapse of a certain regular time, they would hear his heavy tramp on the stairs.

Wanted No Pension.

The company offered to pension "Uncle Bob" several times, but he refused to quit work, saying that he was as stout as any of the other motormen. He looked it. He was more than six feet tall, and built in proportion, with a heavy black mustache that never turned gray.

Of late he had been in charge of a supply car. That did not run very often, and it gave him time to sit around the barn. There he was known simply as "Uncle Bob," and—out of respect for the legends about his riches—"the millionaire motorman."

That post gave him more leisure. He had to get up at 7 o'clock in the morning, but could get back home at 3 in the afternoon if he wanted to. He gave more and more of his time to his clocks. He always described himself to the other lodgers in the house as a "sort of inventor." He was continually adding some appliance to his clocks that would make their alarms more violent.

In the last few months his clocks had not seemed to fill up all his life. There wasn't any space in his irregularly shaped room for more, and he had done to the eighteen all the tinkering they would stand. He began going to a near-by Baptist church, alternating now and again with a moving picture show.

Three weeks ago he fell ill and went to St. Luke's Hospital. He returned to his room several days ago. On Saturday morning he didn't leave the house, but Carl Fishbach, his landlord, did not think that strange. Late that afternoon Fishbach went to his room, broke in the door, and found him dead on the floor. After an investigation the Coroner said Bright's disease had caused his death.

"Uncle Bob" wa sa Mason, a member of the Harlem Lodge, and he will be buried to-morrow in the Masonic plot at Woodlawn Cemetery.

His single bed was set close to the east wall of his small room. Above its head was an antique clock, made in 1567, according to a date on it. That was his chief treasure. Against the wall above his bed were four clocks. Two of these were old-fashioned white-faced Dutch clocks, with a tangle of chains and weights hanging down between the bedside and the wall. The bulk of the other two was mostly gong.

His Own Invention.

On one of them he had attached a mechanism that enabled him to stop the alarm by pulling a string; otherwise it was made to keep on going. A string ran from this mechanism to his right arm, and he was accustomed to sleep with the string attached to him.

He had built shelves all over the walls to hold old-fashioned cottage clocks, made with ornamental woodwork. On one corner of the mantel he had a small brass clock on a brass elephant's back, and he was proud of it, too.

The old man was a bit ashamed of an ordinary fifty-cent alarm clock that stood on the other end of the mantel, and always explained that he had found it, and he could not bear to pass it by.

"Uncle Bob," whose punctuality at the car barn was a legend, did not time his clocks so they would all go off together. First the cottage clocks fired their small batteries, each a minute after the other. Then one of the big gong clocks—as big as those used to alarm a whole factory building—went off. The other gong clock started in three minutes afterward, and then it hammered away madly until the owner used the string on his right arm to stop it.

During his illness at the hospital the little cuckoo clock took a rest. The elephant's burden was still. The antique behind the bed stopped. The two Dutch clocks and the two gong clocks were ticking away yesterday, but now that "Uncle Bob" is gone the other lodgers will see to it that they, too, run down and end their days in peace and quiet.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

JEWS ARE FLOCKING INTO THE HOLY LAND

Constitutional Regime in Turkey Causes Influx from Russia, Persia, and Elsewhere.

JERUSALEM IN THEIR HANDS

Colonies Spread Through Plain of Esdraelon and Modern Methods of Agriculture Greatly Increase Production.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Letters from Jerusalem say that the proclamation of the Constitution in Turkey has thrown open the doors of Palestine to the incoming of Jews from all parts of the world. In Jerusalem alone four-fifths of the population of 100,000 now belong to the Jewish faith, while at Jaffa, Tiberias, Safed, and Haifa Jews are reckoned by tens of thousands.

Almost the whole extensive plain of Esdraelon has been bought up by them. Their prosperous colonies spread from Dan to Beersheba, and even further south to the outskirts of Egypt. Thousands are escaping from Persia to find shelter and protection in the Holy Land, while every ship from Odessa carries hundreds of them.

The valley of the Jordan, once the property of the ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid, is being eagerly sought after by Jewish capitalists and syndicates of Zionists, whose agents, distributed all over the land, are buying up rich properties of Mohammedan offenders whose incomes since the revolution are considerably lessened.

The Holy City is essentially a Jewish town. Banking, as well as trade and commerce, is monopolized by Jews. The Government has found it necessary to organize a company of Jewish gendarmes. Hundreds of thousands of pounds are sent annually from Europe and America to enable the colonists to build homes, hospitals, schools, and invalid homes. Over 100 Jewish schools already exist in Jerusalem alone and synagogues are going up everywhere.

The value of land has risen fourfold. The ignorant and poverty-stricken fellaheen are being ousted from their homes and villages by the sharp European Jewish settler, whose modern agricultural implements and methods have made the land produce harvests never before dreamed of by the natives. The Anglo-Palestine Company, a Zionist banking and commercial enterprise, is pushing the cause of Israel with great determination.

The racial exclusiveness of the Jews and their clannish proclivities are arousing the opposition of the Ottomans and the Turkish constitutional régime has in this question one of the greatest problems that a new and patriotic Government ever faced.

JOWETT NOT TO COME HERE.

Birmingham Pastor Announces Declination of Call to New York.

BIRMINGHAM, England, Jan. 16.—The Rev. John Henry Jowett, pastor of Carr's Lane Congregational Church, announced to his congregation to-day his decision not to accept the call to the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York. The announcement was received with loud applause, and an attempt to sing the Doxology, which the pastor checked.

He dilated upon the immense importance, the wide influence, and the boundless opportunities offered by the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and the grace and delicacy with which it had been offered to him. It was this vast opening which had laid such a grip upon him and had led to such uncertainty of decision, but he finally came to the conclusion that the New York ministry was not for him.

Mr. Jowett has declined a salary said to be the largest ever offered to a pastor by a New York congregation. On Jan. 5 the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church unanimously called him at a salary of $12,000 and the cost of a home. The three members of the committee of the congregation, now in England, were instructed to see Mr. Jowett and urge his acceptance, but a petition was circulated among his congregation asking him to refuse the New York offer, and this has prevailed.

Mr. Jowett is President for this year of the Free Church Council of England, and is well known both as a preacher and for his success as an institutional worker.

VOTES FOR ALL DEMANDED.

Social Democrats Hold Demonstrations in Prussia for Universal Suffrage.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Social Democratic demonstrations were held here to-day in favor of the reform of the Prussian franchise. A heavy rain fell all through the day, and there was little disorder. Resolutions were adopted demanding universal, direct, and secret suffrage.

Similar demonstrations were held throughout Prussia.

W. A. Harriman an Honor Student.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 16.—Sons of prominent New York families were represented in the list of honor students in scholarship for the freshman half year at Yale, just completed. Among them were William Averill Harriman, son of the late Edward H. Harriman; Vanderbilt Webb, son of Dr. Seward Webb, and Reginald Lee.

—NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS. Personally conducted tour by special Pullman train, Pennsylvania Railroad. Leaves February 4. Seven-day trip; grand stand seats included. Itineraries of C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York.—Adv.

BRIDE BADLY BEATEN, DROPPED INTO WELL

Joseph Brooks, Newly Wedded, and Friend Accused of Murderous Assault and Robbery.

ICE SHELF SAVES WOMAN

She Stands on It for Many Hours—Her Feet Are Frozen and Must Be Amputated.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 16.—After standing most of last night and until nearly noon to-day on a narrow rim of ice near the bottom of a well on the farm of William E. Ferris, on the Mill Hill Road at Fairfield, near here, Mrs. Joseph Brooks of Chicopee, Mass., was found to-day and rescued. Her feet were so badly frostbitten that they will have to be amputated.

The police of this and near-by towns are looking for Joseph Brooks, her husband, with whom she ran away to be married Thursday, and a friend of his known as "Stan." They are accused by Mrs. Brooks of having attacked her on a lonely road last night, beaten and kicked her, and thrown her into the well. She says that her husband also robbed her of all the money she had with her, and probably made off with a bankbook and draft for several hundred dollars, which were in her trunk at a near-by railroad station.

Mrs. Brooks was formerly Annie Moskill, employed as a servant in Chicopee, Mass. She came to this country about seven years ago from Poland, and by hard work and constant saving put by several hundred dollars. She is about 26 years old and good-looking. She says she was courted by Brooks, who was a young millhand, and lived at Elmer, Mass., not far from Chicopee. She went to Hartford on Thursday last with Brooks, and they were married by a Justice of the Peace. Mrs. Brooks and her husband went back to Chicopee on Friday, and Mrs. Brooks gave notice to her employer, packed up her belongings in a small trunk, and went to the Springfield Station, where her husband was awaiting her. They took a train and arrived at Bridgeport about 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning.

Mrs. Brooks says her husband checked her trunk, gave her the check, and then went away, saying he would be back in a little while. Mrs. Brooks waited all day at the station, but her husband did not appear until 6 o'clock in the evening. When he came he had with him a man he introduced as his old friend "Stan." Mrs. Brooks, while able to give a good description of "Stan," says she heard no other name. She protested against her husband's neglect so soon after they were married. He smoothed the matter over by saying he had been detained on business.

"Come on and we will go to see a friend of mine, a farmer, not far from here, with whom I have business," said Brooks.

Mrs. Brooks says the three had walked about a mile through the snow on a lonely road when the men suddenly attacked her. One threw her down and the other kicked her about the head and face. She feigned unconsciousness and apparently they thought she was dead. They dropped her by the side of the road, and seemed about to leave her, when one noticed a well near by. Mrs. Brooks says they dragged her to this and pitched her in. She dropped to the bottom, in which there were several feet of water. She lost consciousness for moment, but when she recovered she found herself hanging to a narrow ledge of ice, which ran around the well, about a foot above the surface of the water, with the aid of a water pipe running up the side of the well she managed to drag herself up and gained a footing on the ledge and stood there, clinging to the pipe. Then she called for help.

It was terribly cold and she had all she could do to keep from freezing. She managed to throw her muff up over the edge hoping that it might attract attention. Toward morning she sat down on the ledge of the ice and took off her shoes. These, too, she tossed up over the edge of the well. She continued her shouts for help at intervals throughout the night and during the morning, but after sunrise her strength began to fail and many times she thought she was about to fall from her perch on the ledge. Her feet grew so cold that feeling left them.

About 10 o'clock this morning Mr. Ferris went to his well to see how much water had run off in the night. The water pipe runs from it to the farmhouse about a quarter of a mile away. Mr. Ferris had let the water run all night to keep the pipe from freezing, and the flow through it had kept the water low.

As Mr. Ferris approached the well he heard a faint call for help. No one appeared to be in sight, and he went on. Then he saw the muff and the shoes. Peering over the edge of the well he saw Mrs. Brooks huddled there on the ledge. Ferris raised a shout for help, and in a few minutes several neighbors arrived.

They dragged Mrs. Brooks out and took her to the farmhouse. A doctor was called and did what he could for the woman. While she was telling her story to the police her voice was so weak that it could scarcely be heard.

Mrs. Brooks said that the two men took her pocketbook, containing her marriage certificate, $15 in money, and the check for her trunk, which she had left at the Bridgeport station. She said that in this trunk she had a bankbook calling for $256 in the Salem Savings Bank, also a draft for $360 on the Chicopee Falls Savings Bank.

The police hastened at once to the Bridgeport railroad station, but the trunk was gone. The station agent told them he did not remember the piece of baggage. The police have notified the banks to stop payment on the bank book and draft.

DRESS REFORM AT SMITH.

Girls Will Bar Products of Sweat Shops and Child Labor.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—An uplift crusade just started at Smith College to better laboring conditions may be expected to affect seriously the manner in which the girls there dress.

Smith has formed what is to be known as a Consumers' League, a body affiliated with others throughout the country, and has initiated this novel departure by both holding an exhibition for the display of wearing apparel approved of by that organization and by forswearing any save such approved feminine apparel.

Miss Josephine Thomas, class of 1911, in speaking of the matter, said to-day:

"If the women in college and out of college would only stop to consider that every time one buys goods made in factories which are not sanitary, and where child labor exists, one is encouraging conditions that are not only disgraceful but a stumbling block in the progress of civilization, we should soon have much better conditions.

"The Consumers' League not only considers the making of the apparel, but it treats as well of the purchasing of it. So many people forget entirely the hardships of the salesgirl."

VENICE CANALS SHALLOW.

Water So Low That Gondolas Are Often Stranded.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Jan. 16.—Owing to the neap tides the internal canals of Venice have been extraordinarily shallow during the last four days. At ebb tide all traffic is suspended except on the Grand Canal and all boats and gondolas lie idle. Any gondolas which happen to be caught in midcanal by the ebb tide have to wait some six hours for the flood tide to enable them to disembark their passengers.

At low tide the drained lagoons look like great plains intersected by the chief navigation canals.

RICHARD OLNEY BETTER.

Former Secretary of State Recovering in Boston Hospital.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The condition of Richard Olney, who was Secretary of State in the Cabinet of President Cleveland, was reported by his family to-night as encouraging. "He is doing extremely well, and will be out shortly," was the statement given out at his residence.

Mr. Olney was taken to the Corey Hill Hospital about a week ago suffering, it was said, from abdominal trouble.

NATHAN STRAUS ILL.

Nervous Breakdown Follows His Exertions in Preventorium Controversy.

Nathan Straus is ill at his home, 27 West Seventy-second Street.

In response to inquiries this statement was made at Mr. Straus's home yesterday in regard to his illness:

"Owing to the intensity of his exertions in the controversy over the Lakewood Preventorium, Mr. Straus has had a serious nervous breakdown. His physicians have given strict orders that he be kept absolutely quiet and free from excitement, and that for an indefinite time he must not be consulted or even informed as to any matter of business."

ROCKEFELLER NURSE DEAD.

Miss Williams, 100 Years Old, Had Lived 80 Years in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 16.—Miss Eleanor Williams, once a nurse in the home of John D. Rockefeller, died Saturday night. She was 100 years old.

Eighty years ago, when Cleveland was a malaria-stricken village at the mouth of a stagnant creek, she began to nurse the children of the settlers. She was alone, an English emigrant, and to none of her friends did she ever reveal who were her parents or whether she had any relatives alive.

A quarter of a century ago she was sent for by Mr. Rockefeller to nurse one of his children, who was ill. The affection for the kindly people in the old Euclid Avenue home which she gained then she never lost. For the past ten years she has lived with Mrs. Samuel H. Crowl.

TRAIN LEAPS PRECIPICE.

Four Killed When Freight on Colorado Midland Runs Away Down Mountain.

LEADVILLE, Col., Jan. 15.—A freight train ran away and jumped over a precipice near Leadville to-day on the Colorado Midland Railway, and three trainmen and Edward Davenport of Van, Mich., were killed and three other persons were injured. Albert Harter of Grand Rapids, Mich., was slightly hurt.

An extra freight, eastbound, started down the steep grade from the east portal of the Busk-Ivanhoe tunnel to Arkansas Junction. The air failed to work properly, and the speed soon became terrific, as the train roared down the mountain side. At Windy Point, on a sharp curve, the locomotive and the eleven cars left the track and plunged down a precipice.

Harter and Davenport were riding a box car. Harter was thrown more than 200 feet into a snowdrift. He made his way toward the wreck, and found Engineer Forest fifty feet from his engine, buried under the ruins of a box car. The body of Fireman Rich was found under the engine cut in two. Davenport was found under a box car.

MRS. MILLER BALKS OFFICERS

Leaves State on Sunday After Evading Service in Divorce Suit.

SHARON, Penn., Jan. 16.—Stopping the music and merriment with which she was celebrating her victory over officers of the law, whom she evaded in the service of divorce papers, Mrs. Emma A. Miller appeared on the porch of her sister's home here shortly after midnight and mockingly laughed at the guard of six men that had been watching the house since last Thursday, when she came here from the home of her husband, Gen. Charles Miller, at Franklin.

Mrs. Miller left here this afternoon with her attorney, Maurice B. Dean, and two private detectives. The party went to Youngstown, where they took the Lake Shore train for New York City. Because the papers could not be served legally on Sunday, Mrs. Miller evaded the officers until to-day, when she left the State.

Gen. Miller was for years at the head of the Pennsylvania National Guard. He alleges cruelty and desertion in his suit.

HORSE RUNS DOWN STAIRS.

Bolts with a Sleigh and Takes 60-Foot Steps in Fine Style.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 16.—E. S. Fillebrown of Washington, D. C., Edward L. Prince, Jr., of Wilmington, N. C., and W. D. Idema, Jr., of Grand Rapids, Mich., members of the junior class at Princeton University, while sleighing on the campus this afternoon lost control of their horse.

The animal, becoming frightened, ran past Witherspoon Hall and made straight for Blair Arch, from which a sixty-foot flight of steps leads to the grounds below. Seeing their peril, the three occupants of the sleigh jumped out, landing in the soft snow. The horse, however, went through the arch and down the stone steps at full speed without a mishap.

He continued his run to the railroad station, about 100 yards away, where he was finally captured.

CALIFORNIA BOOK. An unusually handsome book on California has just been published by the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY. It will be sent to any address for three cents postage. Geo. A. Blair, General Eastern Agent, 381 Broadway, New York, N. Y.—Adv.

UNIONISTS CONCEDE VICTORY TO LIBERALS

Hope Small Majority, However, Will Put Them at Mercy of Nationalists.

GOVERNMENT IS PLEASED

Chancellor Lloyd-George and John Burns Express Satisfaction with Election Results So Far.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Sunday has given a respite from the strenuous work at the election stations and an opportunity for calm reflection over the prospects of both parties striving to gain control of the Government. The greatest animation prevailed to-day at the clubs and other rendezvous of politicians, and Saturday's results were excitedly discussed from every possible point of view.

Although both sides preserve an air of confidence, it was evident to-day that the Conservatives have at least abandoned hope that their party will form the next Government. The utmost they dare to expect is that the Liberal majority will be so reduced in the next Parliament as to place the Liberals at the mercy of the Nationalists.

It must be remembered that Mr. Balfour, leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, in a speech some days ago, said that the great political issue now in question would not be settled by one general election, and perhaps not by two. Clearly the ex-Premier accurately measured the situation, and the hopes of the tariff reformers must now be centred upon some future general election.

An estimate made to-day after careful calculation by a well-informed Unionist, based on Saturday's pollings, gives the Liberals and Laborites a clear majority of 90 or 100 over all parties, which would provide the Liberal Government with a good working majority. Many of the Unionists, however, are more hopeful.

At the National Liberal Club, which is the home of the Liberal members of the House of Commons and of many journalists affiliated with that party, great satisfaction is expressed over the results so far. Some further losses are expected at Glasgow, and a reduced vote in the English counties where the agricultural interests would be likely to benefit from a protective tariff, and where the landed interests have great influence.

The pollings to-morrow, which include thirty-one London constituencies and fifty-seven provincial boroughs, will provide a better index as to how the country is going. Should the Liberals retain the hold on the metropolis which they gained in 1906 their prospects will be regarded as much rosier than they appear now.

At present, to sum up, nothing could be predicted with absolute certainty, but only a very great increase in the Unionist gains over Saturday's results, when they gained only half the number of seats they had counted on, will give them the victory. If the Unionists continue to gain in the same ratio, the Liberals will still retain a majority somewhere in the neighborhood of 90. Chancellor Lloyd-George said to-night:

"We are winning. England is declaring emphatically against government by the Peers and beer. The north is overwhelmingly with us."

"The battle is well maintained at every point," said Winston Spencer Churchill to-night. "Great victories cannot be won without some slaughter. Manchester is magnificent; London is steadfast. The Tories are on a lee shore, and every tack or change of weather will bring them nearer the reef."

John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, said:

"All things considered in the fight between those who have too much and those who have too little, yesterday's results are exceedingly good. London has done much better than I expected. In my judgment it has done supremely well. To win the seats that have been lost would have required almost superhuman efforts."

Will Crooks, the well-known labor leader, who was in Australia when the budget crisis began and has been racing against time to reach London so that he might take part in the elections, arrived to-night. He represents Woolwich in the House of Commons, and was received by his constituency with remarkable demonstrations.

Among the members elected yesterday were the Rev. C. Silvester Horne, a Congregational minister, who ran on the Liberal ticket at Ipswich, and Almeric Hugh Paget, the Unionist candidate for Cambridge, whose wife is a daughter of the late William C. Whitney.

The Rev. Mr. Horne's election establishes a record. Under the Constitution clergymen are incapacitated from sitting in Parliament, but a Non-Conformist minister is not recognized as a clergyman. There have been several ex-clergymen and retired dissenting divines in the House of Commons, but Mr. Horne is the first pastor to be elected to that body.

As expected, the tremendous absorption of the country in the election struggle brought out an unprecedented number of electors to the polls. An average of 84 per cent. of the registered electors recorded their votes. The increase in the voting strength seems to have been largely cast on the Unionist side. In London the twelve districts contested gave an aggregate increase of 12,845 to the Unionist vote, and a slight decrease to the Liberals, while the provinces increased the Unionist vote 45,942 and the Liebral vote only 4,513.

This increase is a source of the greatest satisfaction to the Unionist press, as showing the rapid growth of sentiment in favor of tariff reform. The editorials in the morning newspapers take an attitude of tempered enthusiasm on both sides, regarding Saturday's results as "a good beginning," which should serve to provoke the adherents of the respective parties to renewed energy.

A representative example on the Tory side is The Daily Telegraph, which says that the results on Saturday were a good day's work, "alike in what was actually accomplished and in its encouragement and stimulus to further energy on the part of those fighting for the cause of liberty, justice, and prosperity against the iniquitous onslaughts of a grasping and rapacious junta of revolutionists."

The Telegraph considers the progress of tariff reform in the last four years positively astounding, and says that the urgent business of the Unionists is to press their advantage and convert the partial defeat of the enemy into a complete rout.

The Chronicle, typical of Liberal opinion, says: "The election of 1906 was a landslide. Nothing short of a corresponding landslide could have defeated the Liberals, and Saturday's polling shows that there is not going to be such a landslide nor anything approaching it. There is, indeed, a certain swing of the pendulum since 1906, but it has moved within such narrow limits that if the counties remain fairly constant to the people's cause the Government will return in commanding strength."

KEPPEL IS DISAPPOINTED.

Expected Greater Gains for Unionists in First Pollings in Britain.

The Hon. George Keppel, who arrived here on Saturday by the Lusitania, expressed his keen disappointment yesterday to a TIMES reporter at the Waldorf-Astoria over the results of the British elections on Saturday, and said he feared it would end in the defeat of the Unionist Party. In his opinion, the contest between the two parties was confined to the subject of Tariff Reform and all other matters, which had been brought up, were practically side issues to cover the real point at issue.

"I was surprised and disappointed," said Mr. Keppel, "when I read the cables from London, published in THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day, to find that the Unionists had not done better. Judging by the expressions of public opinion before I sailed from England on Jan. 8, I had fully expected that the first returns of the election would show greater gains for our party. If we are going to beat the Liberals we shall have to do much better than that.

"It looks as if Lancashire had voted solidly again for free trade, which has always had its stronghold in that county, and the cotton operatives seem to cling to their traditional policy. The Unionists gained a seat and lost one in Lancashire, so that things remain as they were before the election. It is an old saying that the whole country follows the lead of the workingmen of Lancashire.

"William T. Stead is quoted to-day by cable as having predicted that the Liberals will have a majority of 200, but that is an exaggerated statement, in my opinion. I believe that if they are returned it will be with a much smaller majority than they had at the last election, when their party came into power four years ago."

"What about the budget?" he was asked.

"Well, that will have to be taken up again," Mr. Keppel replied, "as the Liberals appealed to the people on that question, and by returning them to power the public has shown its approval of the bill."

"What will the House of Lords do? Will it throw the bill out again?" he was asked.

"I cannot say what will happen. The whole thing will have to be fought out again. Tariff reform has made great inroads among the workingmen of England, especially during the last year, and despite the brief time allowed for the canvass of the voters the Unionists did effective work in teaching the masses that tariff reform was the simplest and safest cure for the unemployment which is now so prevalent in all the large cities in the United Kingdom. We have yet to see in the further election returns how effective the Unionist plea has been with the workingmen."

Mr. Keppel said he intended to stay in this city for another week to transact some personal business and would then return to England.

THE MAN OVERBOARD NOT A BIT DISTURBED

Objected to the Knot Tying in the Rescuing Line and Fixed It Before Rescue.

POSED FOR HIS PHOTOGRAPH

Then Came Up Over the Side—All This in a Wild Atlantic Sea, Where Only Good Seamanship Saved Him.

In a sea running so high that it was impossible to launch a small boat, Michael Henry Ryan, a seaman on the American liner Philadelphia, was rescued from drowning after he had fallen overboard in mid-Atlantic. The rescue was a remarkable one, and Capt. A. R. Mills, to whose seamanship Ryan owes his life, declared when the vessel got in yesterday from Southampton that, as he put it, not in a blue moon would the attempt be successful again. The Captain from the bridge saw the man go over the side. The liner was stopped almost in her own length and sent astern, so that she drifted down upon the struggling seaman in the water. As he was swept alongside a line was lowered and he was hauled on board.

On Tuesday the Philadelphia was running through a gale. The wind, from the west, stirred up a high headsea, which broke on the deck every time the liner dipped her bow. This was the worst day of the voyage, and on that day the vessel logged only 267 knots. At 1 o'clock in the afternoon the Philadelphia shipped a sea that wrenched a forward companion ladder loose. Five men were ordered forward to lash it fast. They were engaged in the work when a sea came tumbling over the bow. Boatswain Ernest Sargent saw the water coming and held on to an iron upright. The others were washed down the deck, and all except Ryan landed drenched in the scuppers. Ryan, caught fair on the crest of the water, was lifted over the rail and carried into the sea.

The Philadelphia at that time had been slowed down to fourteen knots an hour, and this alone made it possible to save the man. Capt. Mills from the bridge saw the accident and signalled to stop the ship long before the cry of man overboard reached him. Ryan, in oilskins and rubber boots, came up on the starboard side of the vessel amidships. He was seen kicking off his heavy boots, and as Charles Lenz, a seaman, ran to the side Ryan shouted to him: "Throw me a life belt."

Lenz, who is a mechanic as well as a seaman, has invented a simple device for releasing a life belt from its fastening by pulling out a pin. The life belts on the Philadelphia are fastened in this way. It took him but an instant to pull out the pin and obtain the belt. He flung it out to the man, and it landed within twenty feet of him. Ryan started to swim for it as a number of passengers trooped out on deck. Ryan got the belt and went wriggling away, pulling it over his head.

In the meantime the big steamship had come to a stop. Capt. Mills saw at a glance that no small boat could live in the sea running even if it was launched without smashing. The Captain waited until the man passed so far astern that he was in no danger from the propellers. Then the Philadelphia began to back slowly down toward the place where Ryan had been seen last. Anxiously passengers and crew watched until Ryan was seen again swimming bravely to meet the steamer.

Capt. Mills worked the ship about until the side of the steamer formed a lee for the swimmer, and then the vessel waited until he drifted down upon her. Ryan, who is a good swimmer, was very cool. When he got near a line was thrown to him. Ryan caught it and drew himself to the side of the vessel. Holding the line with one hand, Ryan drew it up until he got to the end. When he came to the loop on the end he examined the knot for a second, and then turned a disgusted face to the men on deck. Ryan was holding on like death, with the sea smashing him against the side of the ship.

"Who the hell tied this knot?" he called out to the men.

And then with his free hand he calmly untied the knot, and retied it in his own way. All the while he gave his opinion of the lubbers on deck. Even Capt. Mills had to laugh at the conduct of the man in the water.

Having adjusted the knot to his satisfaction, Ryan put the loop under his arms, and called out to those above to haul him up. As the man's head appeared above the deck two passengers stepped forward with cameras pointed at him. Ryan saw them, and, half over the side, paused so that they could take his picture.

From the time Ryan went overboard until he was safe on board, the time of rescue was 14 minutes and 37 seconds. He was taken to the fireroom, where he dried off, and then went to work again, none the worse for his experience.

Most of the cabin passengers were at luncheon when the accident occurred, and as soon as the vessel stopped they ran to the ports to see what had happened. They were so interested in the rescue that they did not pay much attention to the tremendous rolls the vessel gave as she backed out of her course. When they again turned to the tables, to their surprise, they found everything they had left there scattered on the floor.

NOTED CRACKSMAN KILLED.

"Tennessee Dutch" Had Long Troubled Postal Inspectors and Police.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—It has been disclosed by Post Office Department Inspectors that one of the two burglars killed at Tallahassee, Fla., while robbing the Post Office early on Jan. 8, was "Tennessee Dutch," a notorious safe blower, who for several years led the Postal Inspectors a merry chase. The other burglar killed was not identified.

"Tennessee Dutch's" real name was Garber Moore. He was born in Clarksville, Tenn., and in his early youth ran away from home. He came to be regarded by police authorities, particularly in the South, as one of the most dangerous and elusive burglars in the country. At the time he was shot he was a fugitive from justice, having escaped from the Greenville, S. C., jail on April 5 last. He was captured, the following day at Asheville, N. C., but again effected his escape. With a pal, George Barton, Moore robbed the Post Offices at Seneca, S. C., Nov. 14, and Pelzer, S. C., Dec. 2, 1907; and Canton, Ga., Feb. 8, and Maryville, Tenn., during the last year.

Moore was captured several times in his career, and was convicted by the courts on various occasions for burglary, but always managed to escape from prison. In an effort to get away at Carl, Ga., he set fire to the jail.

Announcement of
A New Musical Instrument

The STEINWAY PIANOLA PIANO

By mutual arrangement between the houses of Steinway & Sons and The Aeolian Company, the famous Steinway Piano will hereafter be obtainable with the PIANOLA built into it. This new instrument will be known as the STEINWAY PIANOLA Piano and The Aeolian Company will have the selling rights for the entire world.

THE great house of Steinway has for three generations maintained a prestige and reputation for superiority absolutely unique in any and all lines of manufacture.

The name Steinway on a piano has always been synonymous with the highest artistic ideals.

Similarly, in the field of Piano-players, the PIANOLA, ever since its introduction has held a position of unquestioned leadership.

Therefore, the union of these instruments is properly regarded as one of the most significant developments that the musical industry has ever known.

It has been the steadfast aim of the house of Steinway, as handed down from father to son, to conserve the great reputation that adheres to the name of Steinway, and every detail connected with the production of its pianos has been jealously guarded against the intrusion of any element which could possibly be construed as conflicting with the sincerest ideals of art.

By selecting the PIANOLA as the one Piano-player worthy of being united with the Steinway Piano, this distinguished firm of piano manufacturers once more justifies the confidence reposed in it by the musical world.

In a Player-piano, the Player is fundamental. It is a serious mistake to select an instrument of this type solely on the reputation of the piano alone. No matter how high the standing of a piano, no matter how excellent its tone, the moment it becomes inseparably united with an inferior Player, the value of the instrument as a whole is depreciated. This is because the Player represents the character of music produced. Who would choose to attend a concert given by an indifferent amateur when on the same evening the great Paderewski plays?

The Messrs. Steinway fully appreciated these facts and they accordingly made a most careful and thorough investigation of the comparative merits of the various Piano-players now before the public, including those of European as well as those of American manufacture. Just as they rigidly examine every detail in the production of their pianos, so they investigated the Piano-player situation at home and abroad.

Their conclusion was that the PIANOLA, and the PIANOLA alone, should be used in combination with their pianos. The decision was based not only on the higher order of musical and artistic effects for which the PIANOLA is celebrated, but also on its constructional superiority and the better grade of workmanship and material that it represents.

It has previously been the invariable rule of the Aeolian Company not to permit the PIANOLA to be used in combination with any pianos other than those where the factories are directly under the control of the company, namely the WEBER, the STECK, the WHEELOCK and the STUYVESANT. The one exception now made in favor of the Steinway is sufficiently justified by the mere mention of the name.

The Steinway house and the Aeolian house are the only concerns in the musical industry of international connections, with factories in Europe and America, as well as agencies and branches throughout the world.

The STEINWAY PIANOLA PIANO therefore comes into existence under the most exceptional auspices, and no one may safely set a limit to its future world-wide success.

**Price of the Steinway Pianola Piano, $1250;
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SUPERTHOUGHTS ON THE SUPERMAN

The Bernard Shaw Fellowship Spends a Pleasant Evening in Disagreement.

SOME THINGS HE IS AND ISN'T

But Whatever He Is the Superwoman Will Have to Come First to Produce Him (Feminine Applause).

They decided last night that the Superman was to be either a labor leader or a cosmopolitan humanitarian; that he either had been on previous occasions or was yet to appear; that Bernard Shaw invented him, or that he came by way of Schopenhauer or Nietzsche, and that maybe, after all, he wasn't or wouldn't be any one of these things, because the Superman is only a metaphysical entity. Not all of these opinions were voiced at once at the meeting of the George Bernard Shaw Fellowship at 471 Park Avenue, which discussed the Superman, but after several speakers had contradicted each other's views, there was a liberal assortment from which all present might choose.

Contradiction and disagreement, several of the speakers emphasized, was one of the first duties of all the Fellowship members. Consequently the club is quite in order in having a name which contradicts itself. The "G. B. S." Fellowship does not exist solely for the purpose of discussing its namesake, but, the reporters were told, the name was chosen because it enabled them to discourse upon so many different things. For instance, Dr. Charles Jaeger, the President, declared, if they had chosen Browning, their discussions would have been somewhat limited, for there are some subjects which even Browning never touched upon, but since Bernard Shaw has had something to say upon everything the speakers need never be cribbed, cabined, and confined to any one line of thought.

The motto of the organization comes straight from the master's pen, "All progress is installed by challenging current conceptions and executed by supplanting existing institutions," but the reporters were assured that there was no Socialistic, far less any Anarchistic, plank in their platform, which, however, it was acknowledged, was to be broad enough to admit anything.

Felix Grendon spread Ghavian pessimism around. He believed that we had got to have a Superman to save the universe from going to the dogs. Civilization, he said, had not improved a bit since the time of Nero; all apparent signs of progress were merely illusory, and were, instead, signs of decadence, and unless the Superman came pretty soon he saw no escape from present evils.

Leon Dabo, the painter, presided. He began the evening's work of disagreement. He said that the Superman wouldn't be a new being, because he had been before in the person of great leaders of thought or politics; "an idealized vision out of the concrete consciousness of the body political." However, if he had the Superman around to-day, he would start him on the shristwaist strike, and when he had finished that, he would turn him loose on the Academy of Design.

The next speaker, Editor Herts of The Forum, straightway took exception to the artist's views of the Superman, as too pugnacious. He will be a cosmopolitan humanitarian, Mr. Herts thought. Also Mr. Herts rebuked the pessimism of the opening remarks, and asserted that the world was improving. To prove this, he lightly sketched the history of society from the dawn of civilization to the present day.

Some in the audience objected to Mr. Herts's sketch of the patriarchal beginnings of nationality, and said he had just reversed it. Society was matriarchal, apparently, and centred around the crops, which the prehistoric ladies raised.

The minor refutation having been noted, Prof. Kavanaugh, late of New York University, arose and disagreed with all the other Supermen formulated that evening, for he declared that the Superman never had been or would be anything but a metaphysical entity. He also said it cheered him to believ ethat "underneath the totality of things is the sub-stans, or that which is underneath."

The Bernard Shaw fellowship is made up, it was stated, of painters, sculptors, professional men, and thinkers. There were several women present, but they did not join in the discussion, only applauding vigorously when Mr. Dabo declared that no matter who or what the Superman might be, "the Superman will be produced by the Superwoman."

LOOT IN SUSPECT'S HOME.

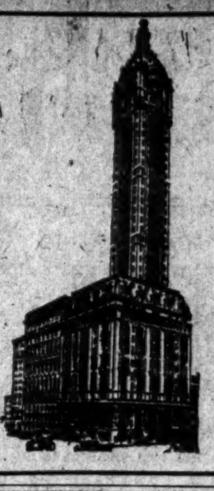
Silver in Schermerhorn's Room Stolen When Governess Was Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Further evidence against Frank Schermerhorn, the coachman who is accused of the murder of Sarah Brymer, the governess found strangled to death in the house of Mr. and Mrs. Barnes Compton of Millbrook, was brought to light to-day through the efforts of Under Sheriff Fred C. Hornbeck and Chief of Police McCabe.

Searchers, acting under their instructions, found in the house occupied by Schermerhorn 161 pieces of silver stolen from the Compton mansion on the night of Miss Brymer's murder. The silver was hidden in a chimney flue leading from Schermerhorn's bedroom, on the second floor. In a wood stove downstairs were found fragments of burned silk stockings and silk dresses and waists, as well as buttons and scorched jewelry belonging to Mrs. Compton, stolen at the same time the silver was taken.

The silver, too, was scorched and blackened by heat. The inference is that the attempt was made to melt it when the dresses and other htings were burned, and when this failed it was concealed in the flue. The 161 pieces of silver were identified by Mr. and Mrs. Compton. Mrs. Compton also recognized the fragments of half-burned finery, the scorched pieces of jewelry, and a half-burned jewel case, as having been taken from her home.



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SCHIFF ADVOCATES FREE IMMIGRATION

Lauterbach Also Makes a Plea for the Open Door for Aliens.

ATTACK ON THE HAYES BILL

Its Provisions Intended to Block Immigration, the Educational Alliance Is Told.

At the annual meeting of the Educational Alliance last night in the ballroom of the Hotel Gotham, after an informal report had been read by Justice Samuel Greenbaum, presiding, which showed the steady broadening in the scope of alliance activities, Jacob H. Schiff, Edward Lauterbach, Abram I. Elkus, and Dr. M. M. Kaplan participated in a discussion of the questions of immigration and citizenship.

Mr. Lauterbach, speaking as did all the others, with particular reference to Jewish immigrants, stood out for only the necessary limitations of education and health. Then he gave vigorous warning against attempts which he declared had strong backing to abolish all immigration.

Mr. Schiff seemed to have taken his cue from this, though he had not yet appeared when it was given.

"I do believe this country should be open to all people, especially to those persecuted and oppressed on religious grounds, to build new homes on our shores," said Mr. Schiff in his speech. "But I also believe, and I speak advisedly, that if we keep the doors open we must find ways and means to obtain distribution, if not without, then through legislation.

"The North Atlantic ports cannot go on and absorb all those that come. It is true the American Nation is profiting largely in its best ideals because of the Russian Jew. It is a fact that these poor people are bringing us ideals—even if sometimes they go too far—which in our commercial instincts we sorely need.

"In a recent book that you should all read Jane Addams says: 'To America today the Russian Jew is what the German was thirty and forty years ago.' The poor Russian Socialist and Anarchist is only trying, perhaps, to express in a crude way his ideals.

"But unless we are mindful of our pledges not to let others bear our burdens, unless we support our charities, our alliances and all our works, we have no right to say, 'Let them come without limit.' It is easy to say 'Let down the bars,' but if we do we must be mindful of our duties to the community.

Mr. Elkus favored the idea of distribution, too, saying: "Take the Jew out of New York and make a farmer of him. If you saw the young Jew at the agricultural school at Woodbine, N. J., doing the work his fathers did in Palestine, bright-eyed, strong and healthy, you would say this, too."

"Of the need of free immigration to the mind of such an audience as this there can be no question," said Mr. Lauterbach. "The fact that in other lands the Jews are ostracised, stamped as foreigners, persecuted, makes that apparent. I want to say that there is now a substitute to the Know Nothing Party growing in numbers, power, and force—the Junior Order of American Mechanics—spreading baneful influence throughout the land.

"They stand not for restriction but prohibition. They aim to make statutory those loathed principles. Let me say this is no slight menace. There is now pending a bill that would mean the abolition of immigration—the Hayes bill.

"It entails on every immigrant the payment of $10 in place of $2; it makes necessary the ability to read some language. That comes before the Immigration Commission on March 13. If approved there is danger it will become law. I urge you to resist it."

The annual report showed that the alliance carried on 27 separate activities. Among them the Free Legal Aid Bureau, that in a year has helped 28,736 persons besides boys' clubs, reading rooms, religious classes, evening schools, trade and agricultural schools, and boys' and girls' clubs.

Justice Greenbaum announced donations of $10,000 each from Henry Phipps and Edward A. Hersheim.

New Oil District in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 16.—A new oil field has been developed at Topilo, twenty-seven miles from Tampico, on the Panuca River, and within a few hundred feet of the river bank. The company has just opened a well producing 1,000 barrels a day of high-grade oil. The company has started drilling two new wells in the same field.

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WHITMAN IN PULPIT LAUDS MAGISTRATES

Littleton's Attack on Them for Sentencing Waist Strikers Unjustified, He Says.

DOESN'T WANT MORE LAWS

Enough Now, if Enforced, to Punish Offenders—"White Slave" Investigation Not a Hounding Crusade.

District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, speaking from the pulpit of the Manhattan Congregational Church, Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, last night, suggested that the people of New York who count themselves good citizens could render more aid to the cause of good government by insisting on the enforcement of existing laws than by advocating the passage of new ones.

He also said that the present investigation by the Grand Jury of the so-called "white slave" traffic would be a fair and just one, and incidentally went to the defense of the City Magistrates and sharply criticized Martin W. Littleton for his references to the Magistrates at the shirtwaist strikers' mass meeting in Carnegie Hall two weeks ago.

Mr. Whitman's references to Mr. Littleton came near the end of his talk. While he did not mention Mr. Littleton's name, he said afterward that Mr. Littleton was the person to whom he had reference. In his speech in Carnegie Hall Mr. Littleton said that when the Magistrates sent striking girls to "the Island" for disorderly conduct the action was illegal, and that every striking shirtwaist maker so sentenced could sue the committing Magistrate for damages. There was no law, he said, for the action of the Magistrates.

"It is easy," said the District Attorney, "to say that a Magistrate who sends people to the Workhouse doesn't know the law, but it is not true. You can always win your case before a popular audience. You must remember that the Magistrate is under oath, and the presumption is that he is right. Until you have investigated or given them a hearing don't say that the Magistrates are all wrong, for they are not. When the cry is raised that you can't get justice in the courts—and I have heard it with regret recently—the way to meet it is not by indignation meetings, but by appealing to the proper courts in the manner provided by law. If those cases are appealed, the Magistrates, I believe, in most cases, will be sustained. I believe that they are trying to do their duty."

In beginning his talk Mr. Whitman referred to some well-known persons, but not by name, who, he said, prior to the election were among those who shouted for the election of candidates who would be independent of wrongful influence, yet who immediately after election apparently changed front. He read a letter which he said was written to him by a man whose name is a household word in New York City and who is considered a good and true man.

Soon after he was elected a young man called on him and applied for a place, presenting a letter of introduction from the person referred to. In the next day or two came a letter to "Dear Charley" from the "good citizen," apologizing because the man with his recommendation succeeded in getting an audience with Mr. Whitman, explaining that when he gave the letter to him he had no idea he would get any further than the door. The person the "good citizen" recommended, Mr. Whitman added, was one that "good citizen" would not have employed in any capacity himself, however humble.

"There is a good deal of law violation in New York City," Mr. Whitman said, going to another subject, "but I do not believe that we have as much of it as is the case in some other great cities. One reason is that we have too many laws and ordinances, many of them very foolish. We don't need any more legislation, for there is enough law in New York now, if honestly enforced, to punish any crime that can be committed. So I would recommend, if I may, that the good citizens discourage further legislation and insist on the proper enforcement of those laws that we already have."

Another topic discussed by Mr. Whitman was the reluctance of many citizens to serve on juries.

"It is not the stupid, unintelligent man who evades jury duty," he said, "but the man we most need for such service that tries to get out of it by pleading that he is opposed to capital punishment. It is discouraging to both the Judge and the District Attorney."

In referring to the investigation by the Grand Jury of the so-called "white slave" traffic Mr. Whitman said:

"There is no effort being made to hound any man, any organization, or any party. The investigation is impartial, and I believe the public will know just what is true and just what is false in regard to these charges when the work of this Grand Jury is finished."

After the services in the church Mr. Whitman submitted to a heckling in the assembly room. Among other things he said that an application is now about to be made to the Board of Aldermen and the Board of Estimate that, if approved, will make it possible to place an Assistant District Attorney in every Magistrate's Court in the city.

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PRINCE OF BRAGANZA TELLS OF SWINDLE

Induced to Sign Bills for Large Sums by the Bogus Vanderbilt.

MET NEGRO FIRST IN PARIS

Became Interested in His Mining Schemes and Was to Receive Stock—Bad Emeralds Aroused Suspicions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 16.—I was received this morning at Seebensdin Castle by Prince Franz Josef of Braganza, whose name appeared on the back of the bills which the negro calling himself Fred Vanderbilt attempted to negotiate in London. The Prince made the following statement for THE NEW YORK TIMES:

"I first met the alleged Vanderbilt last April in Paris among fashionable people. He represented himself as a relative of the Vanderbilt family. Next month he came to Vienna and gave a sumptuous dinner for me and Count Henry Apponyi, which I reciprocated by giving him a luncheon. Owing to the favorable impression made by the so-called Fred Vanderbilt, I presented him to my relatives and shortly after I went abroad.

"After my return in October I received letters containing business propositions and went on Vanderbilt's request to Berlin, where he introduced two mining engineers, King and Dunn, whose favorable opinions prompted me to accept a proposal to participate in the companies to be formed for the exploitation of British copper and emerald mines. Accordingly I signed bills for several hundred thousand pounds, which were not to be disposed of, but only to serve as surety. In exchange I was to receive shares in the new companies.

"After returning to Vienna I had several sample emeralds given to me by Vanderbilt examined by Vienna jewelers, who declared them cheap counterfeits. I had grown suspicious, and, getting back the bills on repeated demand, I decided to prosecute criminally through the Austrian Embassy in London."

The Prince took occasion to add that the story of his wooing Miss Drexel printed in American papers was a pure fabrication and that the question had never been discussed.

ENGLISH PIGEONS FOR BRONX.

To be Sent to Our Zoo in Exchange for American Ducks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Daily Mail to-morrow will announce that a dozen wood pigeons which have their habitat in St. James's Park in London will be transported to the Bronx Zoological Gardens during the coming Spring with the hope that they will naturalize there. These pigeons are of royal stock, sprung from some birds set free from Buckingham Palace. In return for the pigeons New York will send here some ducks peculiar to America.

The American robins which Lord Northcliffe brought here are at a crisis in their lives. The imported birds disappeared from their breeding grounds last December, but two of them were seen Saturday in Surrey and students of bird migration are keenly interested in their history.

MacMONNIES HARD AT WORK.

Sculptor Coming Here Soon with American Groups, Says His Brother.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the French liner Lorraine was F. MacMonnies, brother of the sculptor. Speaking of his brother Mr. MacMonnies said:

"My brother is now doing the best work of his life. He will come to New York about three months hence. He is now in the best of spirits and enthusiastically devoting himself to his work. He is in his studio all day and his evenings are spent in designing. He is now engaged on the fountain for the City Hall Park, the Pioneers' monument for Denver, and the Booth Memorial for Gramercy Park."

The Denver monument is a group of women defending their homes, to be surmounted by a statue of Kit Carson. For the new public library, in Forty-second Street, Mr. MacMonnies is working on two groups, "Beauty and Ugliness" and "Truth and Falsehood."

NEW PAPER FOR NEW YORK.

Sponsors for "Miss Purity" to Publish a Weekly Defense of the City.

A new weekly paper, to be patterned after The Chicago Commerce, and to be called For New York, is to be published in this city, beginning early next month. The Chicago paper is published by the Chicago Association of Commerce, and the New York publishers will be The Association for New York. It was this association that erected the statue spoken of usually as "Miss Purity" in Times Square during the last municipal campaign.

The paper, it is said, will be non-partisan, municipal politics taking precedence. The offices of the association are at 111 Broadway, the Chairman being William Harman Black. One of the members said last night:

"The members of The Association for New York realize that there are many matters of public interest that cannot be published in the daily papers, such as tables and statistics, and these the association believes will be interesting. The new paper will own its own plant, and the illustrations will be in the best style. It will take up the question of the discrimination in freight rates and other matters that affect the business interests of the city.

"It will not be a personal organ and will not be controlled by politicians. The motto of the association will be the motto of the new weekly. It is: 'To contend for the principle of government of New York by New Yorkers for New York, to challenge indiscriminate abuse and critcism of New York City, and to set forth her advantages as a place of residence for the citizen, as a point of production and distribution for the manufacturer, and as a mart for the merchant.'"

Taft and Gaynor at Republican Club.

President Taft, Mayor Gaynor, and Speaker Cannon have accepted invitations to the Republican Club's annual dinner on Lincoln's Birthday, Feb. 12, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Gov. Hughes's secretary has written that the Governor may also accept. The dinner arrangements are in charge of Robert C. Morris, President of the club, and William Einstein.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM
Cures Coughs, Colds or Grippe. 10c.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT AT LION HUNT.

Follows on Horseback as Natives Chase and Spear Beast.

NAIROBI, British East Africa, Dec. 11.—A long stream of porters came winding across the veldt toward the station at Nairobi, looking for all the world like a string of ants. The stars and stripes was held aloft by a giant native, and the sound of horns made strange discords with the chanting of the weird and elusive safari song. Soon Col. Roosevelt arrived on the back of his favorite horse, Tranquillity. It was the end of his last trip in the British East African Protectorate.

This safari, which was the fourth to be made out of Nairobi, gave Col. Roosevelt and his party an opportunity to witness an exciting hunt at A. E. Hoey's farm at Sirgoi, in the Guasu Nguisho country, and the spearing of a lion by Nandi warriors.

Seventy of these spearsmen had been asked to take part in the drive, and they assented readily, for when a warrior spears a lion he becomes a leader of the fighting section of the tribe and may wear a headdress formed of the lion's mane, and walk at the head of the file of Nandi warriors when on the march. In these hunts they display extraordinary courage.

The band of seventy almost naked men, with their long sharp spears, and attended by the chosen spectators, the latter being mounted, proceeded down a long valley, where the grass was thick and thorn trees lined its edges. Soon a lion was observed not more than 400 yards in front. Immediately the warriors gave chase, and in less than two miles they had rounded up the king of the wilderness. The horsemen then approached, and it was seen that the lion at bay was a fully grown black-maned one. The spearsmen began their task of surrounding the quarry. Every man went to his allotted position, and the circle slowly closed in on the snarling beast, which swished his tail and kept up a continual roaring.

The warriors drew to within twenty yards of him and the horsemen closed up to see the kill, but remained at a sufficient distance not to interfere with the spearsmen's movements. Three times the lion made a savage charge at the now stationary warriors, but stopped short each time, with mane bristling, roaring in impotent rage at his tormentors. The attacking party advanced to within ten yards of their victim. One last desperate effort, and he drove directly at the line, only to fall with ten spears quivering in his body, but in that brief moment he managed to drag down one of the natives, his claws sinking into the man's flesh.

The death of the lion seemed to awaken all the fire in the warriors' blood. They began a dance of triumph around the body, waving their blood-stained spears, some of which were bent by the force of the shock, holding their shields above their heads, and shouting forth bloodcurdling yells in the excess of their savage joy over the victory.

In the meantime the injured man was receiving medical attention. He bore the pain of his wounds without a sign of concern. He who had first jabbed his spear through the lion joined in the dance at the start, but soon retired to a distance, where he seated himself, apparently indifferent to the antics of his fellows. He was now a leader of men, and must therefore not show a sign that he had done anything out of the ordinary.

The luck of Kermit Roosevelt has become proverbial. While Col. Roosevelt was hunting with Lord Delamere, Kermit went off with R. B. Cole and his Wandorobo warriors. The Wandorobos are adepts at killing bongo, a species of antelope, which is very rare and only to be found in the forests. In a short time the younger Roosevelt had secured a large and fine specimen of the female bongo and one of the young, immature bongo. This was a feat that any old hunter might justly be proud of, for no white man has ever before stalked and shot a bongo. There are only two cases on record of a white man shooting bongo with the aid of the natives and their dogs.

So pleased was one of the residents here with the success of the youth that he presented Kermit with a fine specimen of the male bongo, and so the Smithsonian Institution will have a complete family group, the only one in the world.

CHINA OPENS TWO PORTS.

Acts Without Waiting for Settlement of Tariff on Manchurian Border.

PEKING, Jan. 16.—China has opened Hun-Chun and Lunchinchun, in Chientao, Manchuria, to international trade, notwithstanding the fact that an agreement has not yet been reached with Japan regarding the matter of the tariffs to be collected on the Korean-Manchurian border. The question of tariffs will come up for settlement at an early date.

Hun-Chun and Lunchinchun are two of the treaty ports provided for in the agreement between Japan and China, signed at Peking on Sept. 4 last, and designed to settle the Chientao boundary dispute between the two countries. Recently a disagreement arose over the subject of Korean immigration into Chientao. This and the question of the tariffs delayed the promised opening, which was expected on Jan. 1.

The importance of the opening of Hun-Chun to foreign commerce is apparent when it is understood that the town is situated nine miles northeast of the Korean boundary, 35 miles above the mouth of the Tumen River, and less than 100 miles from Vladivostok.

MISSION MOVEMENT TO RAISE $725,000

Laymen Vote to Obtain That Sum at a Mass Meeting in The Hippodrome.

FOR WORLD EVANGELIZATION

Speakers Assert That American Mission World Has Worked Wonders for Our Trade.

The New York Convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement for the evangelization of the world, which has been in session here for a week, was brought to a close with a meeting for men in the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon. The Hippodrome was crowded with ministers and laymen, and before the meting closed a resolution was adopted calling for the collection of a fund of $725,000 this year for the foreign missions. Last year the sum raised was about $400,000.

William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the New York Co-operating Committee of the movement, presided at the meting. The speakers were J. A. Macdonald, editor of The Toronto Globe; the Rev. George Sherwood Eddy, a missionary to India, and J. Campbell White, General Secretary of the Laymen's Movement. On the stage, among others, were Episcopal Bishop Darlington of Harrisburg, Bishop Neely of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Rev. Dr. James E. Robinson, Methodist Episcopal Bishop of India; Drs. George Heber Jones and J. B. Jones, missionaries to Korea and India, respectively; Dr. M. W. Eubanks, missionary to China; Richard C. Morse, General Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association; L. W. Stotesbury, John S. Huyler, Robert C. Ogden, John B. Clarke, E. E. Olcott, Alfred E. Marling, Dr. John P. Munn, John G. Cannon, Francis Huntington, George Zabriskie, A. F. Frissell, Stephen Baker, S. M. Ballard, William Fellowes Morgan, Edgar C. Leaycraft, Gilbert Colgate, Charles K. Saul, Silas McBee, F. H. Dodd, H. W. Jessup, F. R. Schenck, and Prof. William H. Burr.

Mr. Eddy, the first speaker, gave an optimistic picture of the mission work in foreign lands, particularly India. It was at the close of Mr. Eddy's speech that Mr. Baker offered the resolution the provisions of which if realized will increase New York City's contribution to the foreign work to $725,000 this year.

"In an ideal investment," said Mr. Eddy, "we seek good security and large returns. In these two respects missions present a gilt-edged security. Nothing is so sure and nothing yields larger returns.

"Let me give you an example. Years ago a young Japanese named Neesima landed in Boston. Joseph Hardy sent him to school and later helped him to return to Japan and found the Doshisha University. That institution has changed the history of Japan. It has sent out 5,000 statesmen, journalists, naval and military commanders—the leaders of the modern Japan.

"When Japan went to the English money market to finance the Manchurian railway plan it became known in London that the money was spent in the United States to buy railroad supplies amounting to some $50,000,000, and the reason why this was done was that the Japanese engineers in charge of the work had been educated in the United States at the expense of the American missionaries and had there imbibed Yankee notions which made it impossible for them to build railroads along any other than American lines.

"In one sweep American commerce reaped a direct return of $50,000,000 from missionary effort. That one order would have paid the cost of all the mission work in the world from the North American continent for the last seven years.

"Twenty-five years ago Korea was a closed land, having no trade with the United States. To-day there are 200,000 Christians in Korea. Dr. A. J. Brown, who has just returned from the Orient, says he traveled in Korea in a car made in Delaware, drawn by a Philadelphia locomotive, over Pittsburg rails, fastened by New York spikes to Oregon ties. He sat down to a meal which included beef from Chicago, pickles from Pittsburg, and flour from Minnesota. We could afford to support all the missionaries in Korea for the large and growing trade which they have developed with the United States."

Mr. White, the next speaker, said that if Mr. Carnegie would give to missions the $20,000,000 he is willing to pay for peace in South America, a marvelous work can be accomplished in the promotion of the spirit of Christian brotherhood.

Mr. Macdonald, the last speaker, spokt of New York's place in the evangelization of the world.

"This American Nation," he said, "by reason of its enterprise, has come to be an important factor in the world's trade. It has come to be a dominating factor in the world's politics. By all the laws of National life it is under obligation to take its place dominantly as a factor in the world's redemption. And if this Nation is under world obligation this city must lead the way.

"The flags of all nations fly in your harbor, and your citizens carry the Stars and Stripes to the ends of the earth. You must see to it that the meeting of these flags is made to mean peace and goodwill to men."

NO MORGAN-SHONTS CONTROL

New York Transportation Company's Head Denies Story of Its Purchase.

Richard W. Meade, President of the New York Transportation Company, which operates the Fifth Avenue stages and between 500 and 600 taxicabs, denied yesterday that his company had passed into the control of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the Metropolitan Securities Company, or that Theodore P. Shonts or J. Pierpont Morgan had acquired personal control of the company. A story to such effect was published yesterday morning, and Mr. Meade was quoted.

"The only foundation for that story," said Mr. Meade, "was the fact that the Metropolitan Securities Company owns about 98,000 shares out of some 235,000 shares of the New York Transportation Company's stock. But this stock interest was acquired several years ago, and there has been absolutey no change in the situation since then. The Interborough has no interest in the New York Transportation Company that I know of, except that it owns stock in the Metropolitan Securities Company, which in turn acquired the stock long before Mr. Morgan came into the affairs of the Interborough.

"So it can be seen plainly there is really no foundation for the story that Mr. Morgan and Mr. Shonts have taken another step toward the control of all transportation in New York. So far as I know Mr. Morgan and Mr. Shonts have no personal interest in the stock of the New York Transportation Company. I was not quoted correctly. That is all there is to it."

Homer Davenport Getting Better.

Homer Davenport, the artist, who has been dangerously ill at the home of A. G. Spalding, at Point Loma, Cal., is now much better. He is able to be up and out of doors and a rapid convalescence is hoped for.

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GET UP A RIVAL DINNER.

A Poor Man's Feast on the Night of Economic Club's $5 Spread.

Present Problem Dinners, or "Poor Men's Dinners," to distinguish them from five-dollar feasts of the Economic Club, are the latest plan for bringing together those engaged in the work of improving the conditions of living.

Four dinners are to be held, one this month and one in each of the following three months. The price is to be 75 cents a plate. The first dinner will be held on Friday, Jan. 28, at Lorber's restaurant, in Grand Street, with the subject "What the Tax Rate Means to the Citizens." All who cannot afford to go to the five-dollar Economic Club dinner that night are invited to attend this dinner. Any one desiring to reserve a seat should address the Present Problem Dinners Committee, at 50 Church Street.

These subjects will be discussed at the ensuing meetings: Friday, Feb. 25, "What Should New York Spend in 1911?" Tuesday, March 29, "The Living Wage and the Consumer," and Friday, April 29, "Manufacturing in New York City."

The committee in charge of the dinner represents the labor union, the Women's Trade Union League, women's clubs, and those engaged in various lines of social work.

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Tube Stations in New York are along 6th Ave at 23rd, 19th, 14th and 9th Sts; at 9th Ave and Christopher St; and in the wonderful Hudson Terminal, adjoining the Cortlandt Street Stations of the 6th and 9th Ave Elevated Lines and within one short block of the Fulton Street Station of the Subway.

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Chronic Disorders of Digestion and Metabolism, such as Gout and Diabetes.

Diseases long considered incurable have readily yielded to treatments of electrical and mechanical Therapy.

Electrical and mechanical Therapy has been employed successfully in Europe for the last few years.

Suffering people will welcome an establishment of this kind in New York, where they can be treated at moderate cost without interference with their business.

Dr. Julius Rosenberg, Physician-in-Charge of the Hygeia Medical Institute, has employed this treatment with great success, both in private and hospital practice.

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The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

DR. FLEXNER DENIES CRUEL VIVISECTION

Recent Charges Wholly False and Misleading, Says Rockefeller Institute Head.

DISCREDITS HIS ACCUSERS

Ignorant of the Facts and Unqualified to Understand Animal Experimentation, He Asserts.

Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, issued a statement yesterday denying the reports of cruelty to the animals experimented upon, lately brought against that institution, and attacking the good faith of the persons who made them.

The credibility of the principal complaining witness, Mrs. Mary L. Kennedy, he questions on the ground of the inability of a scrubwoman to speak intelligently of such matters. Her motives he challenges, saying he is informed that she was willing to steal the pet of a neighbor in the hope of getting a trifling reward for offering a subject for the experiments she now denounces.

The good faith of the entire attack on the institute he questions by asserting that he can prove that a large sum was offered to another ex-employe to tell tales of cruelties practiced in the name of science.

Dr. Flexner makes a special point of the great care taken of the animals at the institute, and says that for the very success of the experiments such care is necessary. He praises Dr. Alexis Carrel, his assistant. Here is his statement:

"Within the last few weeks an effort has been made by the New York Anti-Vivisection Society, by charging it with willful cruelty, to discredit the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, and through and with it other institutions in this country in which animal experimentation is being employed to extend our knowledge of human and animal diseases.

"I wish to state with all the emphasis and definiteness that I can place upon the words that cruelty is not practiced at the Rockefeller Institute, and would not be tolerated. I wish also to state, with the same emphasis, that no concealment is practiced there, but that the results of its work are published in full detail to the world, and qualified persons are freely admitted to witness the experiments. It is, moreover, an imposition upon a lay public, uninformed and properly so of the methods of the hospital operating room, to parade as wanton cruelty when applied to the brute creation the very means which are in daily use to save life and limb in the best hospitals in this country and Europe.

"The character of the witnesses employed by the New York Anti-Vivisection Society to make the charges of cruelty may be gathered from the following facts: The Kennedy woman, the chief witness relied on, was employed as a scrubwoman. The men Dutton and Smith, the other witnesses, were ex-employes discharged for sufficient cause. Since the Kennedy woman stated under oath that the employment in the operating room was very distasteful to her because of the cruel way in which the animals were treated, it is of some importance to learn that she secured, surreptitiously brought to the institute in a bag, and offered for sale for 35 cents, to be used for experimental purposes, the pet cat of her neighbor, and when rebuked by Miss Lilly, the trained nurse, on the ground that the act constituted a theft, she attempted to exculpate herself by saying that as the cat strayed into her rooms, she had a right to it.

"The true value of the so-called damaging testimony against the Rockefeller Institute is, however, further exhibited by a statement, in my possession, made under oath by an ex-employe, to the effect that Mrs. Kennedy, accompanied by two other women, visited her, endeavored to make her say that she had witnessed cruel treatment of animals at the institute, and offered her $100 for information, and that one of the women showed her the money in a bag.

"The purpose of experimental surgery being the extension and perfection of the art of human surgery, it is inconceivable that any but the most precise and perfect means would be employed in the care and treatment of animals used for experiment. In Dr. Carrel, the Rockefeller Institute has had the rare fortune to get a highly distinguished surgeon to carry on this phase of its work. The institute spares, indeed, no expense and pains in providing for the care and comfort of the animals employed there, and the provision made for the animals will compare favorably with the provision made in the leading hospitals for the care of human patients.

"The scientific staff of the Rockefeller Institute has been chosen from among the distinguished scientists in America and Europe. The different universities are the training schools for the staff of the institute. The themes upon which the workers are engaged demand a degree of precision and care that is difficult or impossible of description, in order that the results of the experiments may be trustworthy and valuable. Any roughness or carelessness would spoil the experiment and nullify the result.

"I desire, therefore, to deny totally the statements of cruelty made in the affidavits of Mary L. Kennedy, Samuel Francis Dutton, and Matthew Smith, and to state unqualifiedly that the allegations are false, ignorant, and willfully misleading."

The New Williamson Novel:

"Lord Loveland Discovers America"

Color illustrations. Fixed price, $1.20 (postage 12c.)

2d Announcement

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Lord Loveland Discovers:
That American beauty is nearly as attractive as American wealth.

Doubleday, Page & Co., 133 East 16th St., New York.

Our "Guide to Good Books" is sent free upon request.

FORTUNE FOR A CONVICT.

Lawyer Marx Sends News to Sing Sing to Make One Convict Happy.

J. Edward Boeck was one of the happiest prisoners in Sing Sing, yesterday, in spite of the fact that he has served only a little more than one year of a seven years' sentence for a jewelry swindle committed in 1907. His happiness was caused by the statement of his lawyer, Jacob Marx of 10 Wall Street, that he may be the sole heir to property said to be worth several hundred thousand dollars, left by his uncle, J. C. Lounsberry of St. Paul, who died there on Jan. 12.

Mr. Marx, who defended Boeck at his trial, has been informed that when Mr. Lounsberry died, valuable securities were discovered among his effects, although it was generally supposed in St. Paul that Lounsberry was far from wealthy. He has been living in somewhat squalid surroundings for several years and was said to have been a miser.

Mr. Marx remembered that Boeck had told him of this uncle. In fact, when Boeck was arrested, Mr. Lounsberry was asked to furnish the $25,000 bail needed to keep the alleged swindler out of jail pending the trial of his case. But Mr. Lounsberry did not respond.

In his letter to his former client Mr. Marx asked if Boeck wished to assert his claims to the estate. He expects a reply to-day or to-morrow.

Mrs. Boeck, wife of the prisoner, is now supposed to be in Tamaqua, Penn., and she also has been notified.

According to the news from St. Paul, one letter found in the effects of Mr. Lounsberry was signed "Louisa C. Boeck," and said: "Wont you go security for Eddie? Cash is not required, only security. If you can't furnish all, will you furnish part? Have hope of winning, if this could be arranged."

Boeck when arrested posed as a friend of many royal personages and said he numbered among his friends J. P. Morgan, ex-Senator Clark, Prince Pi Lun of China, and others. He also posed as a connoisseur in Chinese porcelains, bronzes, and antiques. He obtained jewels worth $25,000 or $30,000 on memorandum from Ludwig Nissen & Co. and E. W. Drayton of this city, and disappeared, but was caught in San Francisco.

OPERATE ON A KING COBRA.

Bronx Visitors See a Tumor Taken from a Dangerous Reptile.

A surgical operation in which a slip of the hand might have meant death to the operators was performed yesterday at the Bronx Park Zoo, when a tumorous growth was cut from the neck of the largest king cobra in the reptile house. The snake is eleven feet long, and one of the most poisonous at the Zoo. Several weeks ago a growth appeared on the neck of the reptile just at the base of the lower jaw. It grew rapidly, and Curator Ditmars decided that it would have to be removed in order to save the life of the snake, which is one of the most valuable in the collection and has been a star attraction for some ten years.

To get control of the cobra it was fed with a live water snake yesterday. One crunch of the powerful jaws crushed the life out of the water snake, and the cobra was in the act of swallowing the smaller reptile when Keeper Snyder grasped the protruding tail of the water snake and dragged the head of the cobra close to the open door at the rear of the cage. Like a flash he released the tail of the dead snake and grasped the cobra around the neck. The big reptile struggled to get away, and his body lashed out in fury about the cage. But Snyder is skilled in holding snakes. He held on like grim death, while Mr. Ditmars made several quick slashes with a scalpel.

In a few seconds the tumorous growth was cut away. A solution of listerine was applied to the wound, and at a word from Mr. Ditmars the keeper let go and both sprang back and slammed the cage door. Just as the door banged shut the cobra, crazed by pain, lunged at the door, and the back of the cage trembled with the impact of his body.

Several visitors witnessed the operation and congratulated the operators on their skill. For the rest of the day the cobra lay curled on the floor of his cage, motionless, but ready to strike at any one who should again open the door.

MORE STREET CLEANERS.

Largest Sunday Force in City's History at Work Yesterday.

The work of snow removal went forward rapidly yesterday. A larger force of men than usual on Sundays and more trucks, including many of the Street Cleaning Department wagons used generally for ashes, were at work. Commissioner Edwards superintended operations all day long.

The force of 7,500 emergency men, 3,000 department men, and 1,750 trucks, was concentrated downtown in the wholesale dry goods district, including such streets as West Broadway, Greene Street, Crosby Street, Howard Street, Franklin Street, and the like, where on a week day the heavy traffic of loaded trucks makes snow removal difficult.

Broadway and Fifth Avenue were cleared yesterday, except for some long piles of snow in the gutters at the upper end. This is true, too, in the case of the main crosstown streets. By to-night Forty-second Thirty-fourth, and Twenty-third Streets will be swept clean. One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street was cleared Saturday night.

The work of removing the snow from the principal thoroughfares in Brooklyn was pushed vigorously yesterday. By midnight the downtown streets were in good condition. A force of some 4,300 men and 1,500 trucks was kept busy all day. The Street Cleaning Department had 800 sweepers, and the same number of emergency men at work. Besides this force, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company operated fifty large cars and had about 400 shovelers at work.

District Supt. Alfred Williams, who was trained under the late Col. Waring, has been in charge of the work in Queens, owing to the illness of Street Cleaning Commissioner Hankins. He has accomplished excellent results. Last night the business sections of Long Island City, Flushing, Jamaica, Richmond Hill, Woodhaven, Ridgewood, and Far Rockaway had been cleaned, and nearly 30,000 cubic yards of snow had been removed. One of the hardest jobs the department had to tackle was the Queensboro Bridge plaza. Here the wind had piled up drifts ten and fifteen feet high. The plaza was swept clean last evening.

DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK.

Collision on Illinois Central Kills Fireman and Injures Ten Others.

PINCKNEYVILLE, Ill., Jan. 16.—Carl Kitchen, a fireman, was killed and ten persons were injured to-day in a collision between an Illinois Central passenger train from Memphis, and a freight train. The accident occurred on a curve. Among the injured, all of whom will probably recover, are W. M. Van Lear of Philadelphia, neck twisted and internal injuries; T. Felber, Cleveland, Ohio, back and neck injured, and C. Rinaldo, Columbus, Ohio, neck and wrist twisted.

The freight ran back to a water tank a quarter of a mile south of Pinckneyville on the passenger train's time. The passenger train rounded the sharp curve and crashed into it. The locomotive was demolished, and the baggage car was piled on top of it. The injured were all in the day coaches.

Miss T. H. McKenzie of Lulu, Miss., was hurt, but she tore up her skirts and bandaged several wounds of other passengers.

SUICIDE FROM FERRYBOAT.

J. H. Stephenson, In Poor Health, Jumps Into Delaware River.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—James Herbert Stephenson, the son of a well-known South Jersey real estate operator, committed suicide to-day by jumping from a ferryboat between this city and Camden. He was 35 years old and had been in ill-health for several years.

Turning to a companion named Elliott, he said, "Frank, I'm going to kill myself." Before his companion realized that he was in earnest he jumped into the Delaware River. Life preservers were thrown him from the boat, but he pushed them from him. His body was recovered.

ARCHITECTS' FEES UP; FORCED BY EXPENSES

The Minimum Rate on Domestic Work Increased from 5 to 6 Per Cent.

JOHN M. CARRERE TELLS WHY

In Keeping with the American Institute's Action of 1908, He Says —Private Fees Stand.

As a result of the increase in their office expenses architects of New York City have raised their fees. Their action follows that of the American Institute of Architects, which in 1908 raised the minimum compensation from 5 to 6 per cent. The Committee on Schedules of Charges of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects decided upon this plan at the meeting held last week, it became known yesterday.

The Chairman of the committee is John M. Carrere of the firm of Carrere & Hastings, and the other members are Walter Cook, Grosvenor Atterbury, H. Van Buren Magonigle, and Donn Barber. Mr. Carrere explained the increase in fees yesterday as follows:

"Because of the constantly increasing expense attending the preparation of drawings and specifications, due in part to the greatly increased salaries which the higher cost of living compels, and partly to the greater scope which the work of the architect has assumed and the more exacting demands that are made upon him, the American Institute of Architects in convention assembled on Dec. 15 to 17, 1908, agreed that 6 per cent. is a proper minimum charge for architects' services in cases where 5 per cent. had hitherto been usual. The action of the American Institute of Architects is based upon the average conditions existing in the United States, the jurisdiction of the American Institute of Architects through its chapters extending practically to every State in the Union.

"It is obvious that if the American Institute of Architects as a whole has considered that this increase in the minimum charge is necessary, the necessity for an increase in large centres like New York would apply with even greater force, as not only are the expenses of an architect's office greater in this city than in any other, but the standard of work expected is higher and the variety of the duties which an architect is called upon to perform and the responsibilities which are placed upon him are probably greater than in any other city in the United States.

"For these reasons the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, after two years of careful consideration of the subject, has adopted a supplementary schedule to meet the exigencies of local practice. While not raising the minimum fee of 6 per cent., as established by the American Institute of Architects, it has raised the fee for domestic work, and determined the fee in all instances where the American Institute of Architects' schedule provided for an increased fee without defining the same.

EXHIBITION OF
PAINTINGS
By Modern Masters.
"The Coast of Brittany"
By Whistler
Which was exhibited at the Whistler Memorial Exhibition in London.
EXAMPLES BY
Weissenbruch and Van Marcke, from the Alexander Young Collection
ALSO EXAMPLES BY
L'Hermitte, Mauve, Israels, Jacob Maris, Monticelli and Fantin
JANUARY 17th to 31st
AT THE GALLERIES OF
C. W. Kraushaar
260 Fifth Ave., Near 29th Street.

"At the present time almost every practicing architect who is a member of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, has a private schedule based on the schedule of the American Institute of Architects, and adjusted to what he believes to be the requirements of his own personal practice, and while all these schedules conform in principle to the requirement of the American Institute of Architects' schedule, they differ as to matters of detail, and as to the fees that are charged for various classes of work.

"It should be borne in mind that, contrary to the practice in other professions, architects have rated their compensations according to their standing and ability and the price which they could demand. Notwithstanding the slight difference in rates between architects, their charges have been practically uniform, the beginner receiving substantially the same compensation as the architect with a large practice and years of experience.

"In this respect the schedule of charges, which has sometimes been referred to as a 'trades union agreement,' has been strictly a professional document, promoting the highest standing of professional efforts, so that the rivalry between architects has been almost exclusively one of accomplishment and of merit, and in no sense based upon lesser or greater fees.

"The method of charging and the rate itself are several centuries old and were used in every civilized country, and have always been moderate; and with changing conditions, as in the present instance, have grown to be inadequate, so that the present increases are in nowise intended as a recognition of the highest order of service rendered, but are only intended as a reasonable minimum that applies to the youngest and least experienced architects.

"In other words, it is the minimum fee which, according to long experience, will permit of adequate and competent service and provide a moderate compensation for the architect."

Bishop Greer Is Improving.

Bishop David H. Greer has gone a long way to recovering from the severe attack of neuralgia which prevented him from addressing the Episcopalian Communion of the Laymans' Missionary Movement on Saturday. It was said at his home in Gramercy Park, yesterday, that he was out of bed, and much improved. He expects to be able to attend to his duties as usual to-day.

H. W. Holdridge Killed by Train.

CATSKILL, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Hardy W. Holdridge, junior member of the firm of Holdridge & Son, contractors and builders, of this place, slipped and fell under a West Shore train near here to-day, and was crushed to death. Holdridge was 33 years old, and a brother of Dr. Walter H. Holdridge of New York.

Greenhut and Company Dry Goods

January White Sales

Muslin Underwear, Embroideries, Household Linens, French Lingerie, White Goods, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Lingerie Dresses, Corsets, White Bed Spreads.

Extraordinary Values in the Sale of

Fur Coats for Women, Misses and Girls

One must keep in mind the standards of quality that the name of Greenhut implies to appreciate the remarkable values offered here. There are plenty of cheaper coats to be bought around town, even in the most pretentious shops, but—

Comparing quality, workmanship and fashion points, these underpricings are extraordinary.

$43.50 for Russian Pony Coats
$72.50 value, 52 inches long.

Handsome coats that possess both character and individuality. Made of beautifully marked and moired skins; semi-fitted, 52 inches long, with deep shawl collar; brocade satin lined. Regularly $72.50. Special . . *$43.50*

$49.50 for Caracul Coats
(Values up to $89.50)

Semi-fitted, 52 inches long, a very handsome new model coat made of fine selected flat skins, shawl collar and turnover cuffs, brocade lined.

Misses' and Girls' Coats, of Russian Pony Skin, caracul and Baltic seal; some lined with Skinner's satin; others with brocade satin.

Russian Pony Skin					*Caracul Fur*			
Ages	8	10	12	14	*$27.50*	*$29.50*	*$34.50*	
Lengths	35	37	39	41	*Brown Baltic Seal*			
	$29.50	*$34.50*	*$37.50*	*$39.50*	*$19.75*	*$22.50*	*$24.50*	*$27.50*

Women's Fur-lined Broadcloth Coats, smart, semi-fitted, man-tailored models, in a variety of the best wearing fur linings, such as German squirrel, brook mink and French seal; collar of blended squirrel, caracul, Russian lynx and Persian. Special,

$29.50, $49.50, $59.50

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company

Decisive Reduction to clear these

Fine Umbrellas

Handles for women are of solid silver, chased or etched, ivory, antique, natural finish, and many fine novelties. Handles for men are of solid ivory, buckhorn and wood, gold or silver mounted.

$5.00 Umbrellas are priced *$2.50*
$7.50 to $11.50 Umbrellas, *$4.75*
$11.75 to $17.50 Umbrellas, *$6.75*
$20.00 to $30.00 Umbrellas, *$9.50*

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6th Avenue, 18th to 19th Street Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

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Famous over half a Century.

Complete assortment of the latest weaves and colors of Plain and Novelty Silks for Evening and Street wear.

Rough Shantung Pongee.............. 55c to 2.00 per yard

Printed Foulard Silk and Liberty Satin. 75c to 3.00 per yard

On Monday and Tuesday, January the 17th and 18th.

Sale of Twelve Thousand Yards of wide width Satin, soft brilliant finish. White, cream and black. 75c per yard
former price 1.25

DRESS GOODS DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Showing the new weaves in Homespuns, Diagonals, Hopsacking, Scotch and English Suitings, Wool Natte, Pastel Diagonal Cheviots, Clay Serges, Oxford Suitings, etc.

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Sale of Black Broadcloth, sponged, shrunk and spot proof. Bright finish. 50 inches wide. 1.45 per yard
value 2.25

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Commencing Monday, January the 17th.

Sale of Twenty-five Thousand yards of White and Colored Dress Linen.

Pure Linen Suitings, Irish manufacture, yarn dyed. Colors:—Sky, "Alice," Copenhagen, Delft and Navy Blue, Pink, Heliotrope, Reseda, Light and Dark Grey, Old Rose, Mulberry, Amethyst, Brown, Tan, Lavender, Mais, Apricot, Natural and Black or White. 36 inches wide. 28c per yard
value 43c

James McCreery & Co.
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Sale of Bed Spreads and Blankets.

1,000 Colored English Bed Spreads. A variety of colors on white grounds, exclusive designs. 1.50

White California Wool Blankets, with pink or blue border. Full size. 4.25, 5.00 and 6.00 pair

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75 Rugs, various sizes from 8 x 10 ft. to 12 x 15 ft. 45.00 to 105.00
usual price 60.00 to 135.00

Large Kazak and Mousul Rugs. Average size 4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in. 25.00
usual price 35.00 to 39.00

Beloochistan, Daghestan and Shirvan Rugs. Average size 3 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft. 6 in. 12.00
value 15.00 to 20.00

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Annual Sale Continued.

Satin Damask Table Cloths.

2 x 2 yards.................2.50 and 3.00
usual prices 3.00 and 4.00

2 x 2½ yards................3.00 and 4.00
usual prices 3.75 and 5.00

2 x 3 yards.................3.75 and 5.00
usual prices 4.50 and 6.00

Napkins to match.

Breakfast size..........2.50 and 3.50 doz.
usual prices 3.25 and 4.50

Dinner size.............3.50 and 5.25 doz.
usual prices 4.50 and 6.50

Hemstitched Huckaback Towels.....
2.85, 5.00 and 8.00 doz.
usual prices 4.00, 6.75 and 10.00

Extra Fine Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Hemmed Sheets..1.00, 1.40, 1.50 and 1.60
usual prices 1.25, 1.70, 1.78 and 1.90

Hemstitched Sheets.......................
1.10, 1.50, 1.60 and 1.70
usual prices 1.40, 1.85, 1.95 and 2.05

Hemmed Pillow Cases...............30c
usual price 38c

Hemstitched Pillow Cases..........36c
usual price 46c

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

BUFFALO WOULD TRY DES MOINES PLAN

Charter with Government by Commission, Recall and Referendum Before the Legislature.

FIVE MEN TO RULE THE CITY

First, Second, and Third Choices on Ballot—Voters to Have a Voice in Award of Franchises.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—City Government by Commission—the Des Moines plan—will be applied in this State for the first time if the Legislature and the voters of Buffalo act favorably on a measure for the revision of the charter of that city, which has been introduced by Senator George Allen Davis of Erie.

The commission idea in municipal government was born in the Middle West, where it has been applied with more or less success in many cities. It grew out of the desire to eliminate the baneful influence of the ward politician and the "boss" from city government.

The plan proposed for Buffalo follows closely the Middle West idea. It is formulated with the purpose of giving the voters a direct say in the administration of their city at every possible point. It comes to this State with all the Middle West trimmings—the initiative and referendum and the recall. In almost every clause of the bill one can read between the lines a deep-seated distrust of elected officials, and an abiding conviction that the lay mind is brimming over with ideas for progressive government.

The Buffalo charter revision plan provides for the nomination by petition and election at large by a simple majority every four years of four Councilmen and a Mayor to be the responsible heads of the City Government. The Council is empowered to fill any vacancy that may occur in it between municipal elections. The proposed municipal ballot is a novelty, as this sample taken from the bill will show:

MAYOR.

	First Choice.	Second Choice.	Third Choice.
John Doe	..	..	X
James Foe	X	..	..
Louis Hoe	..	X	..
Dick Joe	..	..	..

COUNCILMEN.

	First Choice.	Second Choice.	Third Choice.
Abram Apple	..	..	X
Bertram Bagg	..	X	..
Joseph Black	..	..	X
John Brown	X	..	..
Hans Clark	..	X	..
James Damer	X	..	..
Henry Jones	..	X	..
Fred Smith	..	..	..
Jacob Tea	X	..	..
Samuel Thick	..	..	X
Peter White	..	..	X
Robert Yates	..	X	..
Philip Zenn	X	..	..

The bill provides that any candidate receiving a majority of the first choice vote shall be declared elected. If no candidate receives such a majority, then the second choice vote shall be added, and the candidates receiving a majority of the aggregate of such votes shall be entitled to the offices. If none of the candidates should have received a majority, then the third choice votes are added, and the candidates receiving the highest number of first, second, and third choice votes get their certificates of election.

The administrative powers under the proposed new charter would be distributed among these five departments: Public Affairs, Accounts and Finances, Public Safety, Streets and Public Improvements, Parks and Public Property. The Mayor would be Superintendent of the Department of Public Affairs, and the management of the other departments would be allotted among the four Councilmen at the first meeting of the Council.

The Council must choose men to fill the places at the head of various subdivisions of the City Government, such as Corporation Counsel, Police Commissioner, Health Commissioner, Chief of the Fire Department, and, generally speaking, all places that in New York City are known as Commissionerships under the city administration. The Council is to fix the salaries of all such officers. The salary of Mayor will be fixed at $7,500, and that of Councilmen at $6,000 by charter provision.

In the Council would be vested legislative and judicial powers, in excess of those held by the Common Council or in Boards of Aldermen under the old system of City Government. The Council might enact ordinances, violation of which would be punishable with imprisonment for six months and a fine not to exceed $250. A special city court would be created to have jurisdiction over all such violations.

Removal of elective officers will be comparatively easy under the Buffalo revision plan. All that will be needed is a petition containing the signatures of one-fourth of the total number of voters competent to take a hand in electing his successor. The petition, under the bill, must be filed with the Commissioner of Elections, with a statement of the grounds on which the removal is asked. The Council, after the petition has been submitted under the provisions of the bill, must order an election. Any person sought to be removed, however, will be entitled to be a candidate to succeed himself, and unless he requests otherwise, the Commissioner of Election must place his name on the ballot.

The same method is provided for the exercise by the voters direct of the legislative powers vested in the Council. The bill provides that one-fourth of the voting population may submit to the Council for passage any proposed ordinance, and that the Council shall either pass it within twenty days after the Commissioner of Elections has attached his certifcate to the petition, or else, if the request is made in the petition, submit it at once to the people at a special election, unless a municipal election is due within ninety days. An equal percentage of the voting population may direct by petition the suspension of any ordinance passed by the Council. An ordinance that has been submitted to the people and passed, under the bill, cannot be repealed except on a referendum.

The plan also provides that all franchises within the city's gift may be awarded only after a referendum vote by the people. The bill, if passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor, will take effect at once, but the powers conferred under it shall not be exercised unless it receives the approval of the voters at the general election this Fall.

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Write for copy to-day.

THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO.
506 Everett Bldg., Union Sq., N. Y.

DR. SIDIS TO CURE HOBBIES.

Father of Harvard Prodigy Receives Gift of Estate for Sanitarium.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—Mrs. Martha S. Jones, the widow of Frank Jones, a wealthy brewer of Portsmouth, N. H., has given her great estate, Echo Park, to Prof. Boris Sidis, the father of the youngest student at Harvard, whose extraordinarily precocious mental development is the result of the father's elaborate training from babyhood.

Prof. Sidis says:

"There are thousands upon thousands of persons in New England, who, though perhaps seemingly afflicted, are neither sane nor insane, neither well nor sick, in the strict interpretation of these terms. What is to be done with such persons is the great question that I shall try to answer by treating them at the Portsmouth estate, which Mrs. Jones so generously and appreciatively turned over to me for the purpose.

"My treatment will be simply the application of the latest methods tried and proved as a means of reviving or reproducing their normal personalities.

"These methods have not yet been applied widely anywhere, and might be said to have been demonstrated only in laboratories. But they are, nevertheless, as thoroughly proved as are many medical and surgical treatments.

"When the institution opens in the Spring we shall have about a dozen patients, and this number will undoubtedly increase, since slight mental troubles are probably the most frequent of all American afflictions. For instance, we shall treat persons who are suffering from obsessions and insistent ideas, in other words, persons who are hobby ridden. We know that it is a good thing for a person to have a hobby, since it acts as a mental alternative and serves to relieve the mind from too close application to the business of life. But when the hobby becomes the rider instead of the ridden a halt must be called or insanity is the outcome. Such cases will be treated at the institute."

TO EXPLORE SOUTHERN SEAS.

New York Museum Would Join With Expedition for Collection Purposes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Secretary of Commerce and Labor is considering a request presented by Henry Fairfield Osborn on behalf of the New York Museum of Natural History for the department to lend the vessel Albatross, now attached to the Bureau of Fisheries, for an expedition to the South Atlantic antarctic for the study and collection of seals, sea lions, and the various specimens of marine animals and fish dwelling close to the antarctic circle. The department is favorably inclined to the request, but it is said the financial end will have to be arranged before the final answer is given to Mr. Osborn.

The plan is for the Albatross to go south next Fall. She would have on board several experts from the Bureau of Fisheries and one or two from the Museum of Natural History. It is customary on such expeditions for the borrowing society to furnish a part of the funds and the Government the rest. In the present case the journey's expense seem to call for a larger sum than the appropriation at the Bureau of Fisheries' disposal makes available. It seems likely, however, that the request will be granted before long.

Under the existing law, the Albatross has made similar expeditions under the auspices of the Cambridge Museum of Comparative Zoology, which is connected with Harvard. The law provides that the first list of specimens secured by the expedition shall be the property of the United States Museum of Natural History, and that duplicates may then be sought for the society borrowing the vessel.

RADICALS ON COMMITTEE.

Insurgents Blamed Because Democrats Name "Fire Eaters."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Much criticism is being directed by regular Republicans to-day against the insurgents as a result of the outcome of the Democratic caucus last night. The minority chose for places on the Pinchot-Ballinger joint investigation committee Representatives Ollie James of Kentucky and Rainey of Illinois, both of whom are considered "fire-eaters" by the regular Republicans. They severely blame the insurgents for putting the House organization in a position where it had to submit to a plan of selection whereby the minority got the power to put these men on the committee.

Calls have not yet been issued for the Republican caucus at which the majority representatives on the committee will be named, but the slate has been made up, with Representatives Olmsted of Pennsylvania, McCall of Massachusetts, and Stevens of Minnesota to represent the regulars and Madison of Kansas the insurgents. Senator Nelson of Minnesota is expected to be Chairman of the joint committee and to have with him from the Senate three Republican and two Democratic members of the Committee on Public Lands. Mr. Nelson is himself an insurgent.

Marshall Wins at Chess.

F. J. Marshall, United States chess champion, won the annual championship tournament of the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday afternoon by drawing the final game with Paul Johner, a former champion of the club. After twenty-six moves a draw was agreed. Marshall's final score was 11 points out of a possible 12, he having also drawn with R. Raubitscheck, while [illegible] was 10 to 2.

GOVERNORS TO GUARD RIGHTS OF STATES

Their Meeting at the White House Designed to Check Growth of Federal Power.

HOUSE OF GOVERNORS NEAR

Civic Federation Conference Also Will Have This Object—President Taft Agrees to Address Both.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—President Taft has accepted invitations to deliver addresses at two conventions to be held in Washington this week in the interest of uniform State legislation and co-ordination of municipal regulations.

A conference of Governors of forty-one States will be held in the White House on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. Although President Roosevelt conferred with the Governors in May and December of 1908, the coming gathering will be the first meeting of State Executives as a body, and is heralded by its advocates as presaging the formation of a "House of Governors," which is to mark the beginning of a new era in legislative enactment.

The distinctiveness of the "House of Governors" idea, and the feature which differentiates it from the consultations of the Roosevelt Administration, lie in the fact that where President Roosevelt desired the support of the Governors in part, at least, for Federal legislation, the conference this week has as its chief purpose the solution of problems facing the States by the States themselves, acting as nearly as may be in harmony. It is therefore opposed to centralization and in sympathy with the idea of State rights.

William George Jordan of New York is one of the prime movers in the plans for the conference of Governors. In speaking of it to-day he said:

"The States can make uniform laws on many vital questions without exceeding their rights in the least, and without requiring any new powers by constitutional amendment. Some of these subjects are closely connected with the best interests of the entire country, and on which free discussion tending toward uniform legislation is desirable may be named: Marriage and divorce, rights of married women, corporations and trusts, conservation of natural resources, pure food laws, insurance, extradition, child labor, capital punishment, direct primaries, convict labor, prison reform, contracts, uniform system of conveyancing, inheritance tax, income tax, mortgages, referendum, election reforms, and similar topics."

While the Governors are holding sessions in the White House a convention of prominent men and women representing different phases of citizenship will be meeting, in conjunction with it, to a certain degree, at the Belasco Theatre under the auspices of the National Civic Federation. It will go into session to-morrow for three days. The purpose of it is much the same as that of the conference of Governors, and a variety of topics relating to regulations adopted by States and municipalities for the public safety and conduct will be discussed, although the call was issued chiefly because of the increasing agitation for uniform marriage and divorce laws.

Other subjects to be considered include the negotiable instruments act, the warehouse receipts act, the sales of goods act, the divorce act, bills on stock certificates and bills of lading, conservation of natural resources, taxation, regulation of inter-State railways and quasi-public utilities, control of corporations, life insurance, fire insurance, automobile regulations, road building, vital statistics, public health, safeguarding dangerous machinery, factory and mine inspection, compensation for accidents, convict-made products, pure food regulations, discriminations against married women as to the control of their children and the holding of property.

Here again an effort will be made to find means to enact standard forms of legislation to take the place of National laws having a tendency to impair the sovereignty of the individual States. The delegates have been named by the Governors of States and heads of industrial, agricultural, manufacturing, labor, professional, and other National organizations. Among those who are expected to attend are Andrew Carnegie, John Hays Hammond, Elihu Root, Alton B. Parker, Henry Wade Rogers, Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, Thomas F. Walsh, James R. Garfield, Francis Lynde Stetson, William Allen White, and W. R. Willcox.

President Taft will make the opening address to-morrow morning. The session will be called to order by Seth Low, President of the National Civic Federation.

NATIONAL INDOOR TENNIS.

Pell Will Strive for Permanent Possession of Seventh Regiment Cup.

Several improvements in the direction of the National indoor lawn tennis championship are indicated in the official announcement of the eleventh holding of the tournament, issued by the Seventh Regiment Tennis Club yesterday. Seven days of competitions are allowed for, as the matches will begin Saturday, Feb. 19, continuing through to the following Saturday. The entries will close the night before the opening, and be drawn publicly by William B. Cragin, Jr., acting as referee.

In order to allow ample practice the women's National championship will change its usual date from the first part of February to the month of March. By this arrangement four preparatory days are scheduled for those entering for the titles. As was indicated a year ago, only actual entrants may so use the courts, as this privilege has been abused in the past. A notable innovation, following the English and European custom, will be the fact that the championships will be under the direction of a tournament manager, who will take entire charge of scheduling matches, assigning courts, and all active details, and "whose decisions on all doubtful points must be accepted as final" by the competitors.

There is the prospect that the Seventh Regiment Cup may pass to a permanent holding this year. It was won by Theodore Roosevelt Pell in 1907 and 1909. In 1908 by Wylie C. Grant. It is a play-through trophy, and should Pell be successful this year the trophy will become his by virtue of its third win. As Frederick B. Alexander and Harold H. Hackett, National champions and indoor holders in 1906, 1907, and 1908, are scheduled to compete, their entrance in the singles, and also that of Carl Gardner, the brilliant Californian, and mate of McLoughlin and Long, will make Pell's task difficult, although he is playing in excellent form.

The Tournament Committee includes William B. Cragin, Jr., Chairman; Byrd W. Wenman, King Smith, L. H. Fitch, Arthur S. Cragin, H. L. Follett, and Walter Merrill Hall. The committee in charge of the women's National championship will include Miss Elizabeth H. Moore, Miss Marie Wagner, holder of the singles title in 1908 and 1909, and Miss Fanny M. Fish. In both of the tournaments only singles and doubles and a consolation event will be decided, under the supervision of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association.

SKIING IN CENTRAL PARK.

Roth Boys Unable to Give Exhibition on Soft, Crustless Snow.

Several thousand people were disappointed yesterday in Central Park over the failure of the members of the Scandinavian organizations to give an exhibition of skiing. It was understood that a series of exhibitions with skis would be given during the afternoon, but only two runners turned up and they were unable to perform satisfactorily, owing to the soft condition of the snow.

The two young athletes, one of whom is a Columbia student, are sons of Dr. Roth, who formerly lived in Hungary. They strapped on their skis, and made several ineffectual attempts to get under way. The novelty of skiing in Central Park kept the big crowd watching the movements of the Roth boys, and although some idea was gained as to the methods employed in operating the skis, the spectators went away disappointed.

Leo Roth, the elder of the two boys, explained the cause of the failure, and said that a hard crust was necessary for the purpose of giving an exhibition. Roth explained that he will go out again this evening, if the top of the snow freezes and leaves a hard surface. He is making an effort to organize a ski club at Columbia University.

Mohegans Win Rough Game.

The Mohegan basket ball team of the Young Men's Hebrew Association defeated the Standard Athletic Club team at the Y. M. H. A. gymnasium yesterday by a score of 38 to 23. The game was fast and rough, and several of the Mohegan players were temporarily laid out as a result of the strenuous playing of the opposing team. Fouls were called frequently on both teams. A crowd of over 500 saw the game. The line-up:

Standard A. C.	Position.	Mohegans.
A. Keller	Right forward	L. Tishman
I. Keller	Left forward	Brissel
Josephs	Centre	Glasel
Epstein	Right guard	Cahen
Rosenfeld, Hockfelder	Left guard	A. Tishman

Field goals—Cahen, (6,) Brissel, (5,) L. Tishman, (3,) Glasel, (2,) A. Tishman, (1,) Epstein, (7,) A. Keller, (1.) Goals from fouls—A. Keller, (7,) Brissel, (3,) Cahen, (1.) Referee—Mr. Wildman. Scorer—Mr. Helburn.

Svanberg Wants to Race Shrubb.

There are possibilities that a 15 or 20 mile race between Alfred Shrubb and John Svanberg, recently brought to this country by Ernest Hjertberg, will be arranged. Hjertberg says he is very anxious to match his protege against the crack English runner, and has offered to have Svanberg meet Shrubb in a return match, in case the latter is defeated, at any distance the Englishman might name.

Hjertberg said on Saturday night at the Brooklyn Post Office Clerks' games that he would be very glad to have this race run either in Boston or in New York.

AUTO INDUSTRY CENTRE IS HERE

Motor Car Manufacturers Seek New York's Approval of Their Products.

HARBINGERS OF PROSPERITY

Automobile Men Leave City Believing That Show Season Has Started Business Boom.

Although in actual output of motor cars, New York does not rank very high compared with some manufacturing communities, the Garden and Palace shows during the past two weeks have clearly shown that Manhattan is the automobile centre of the country. This is not only because there are probably more machines in actual use here than in any other one place, but auto manufacturers all over the country, like those in other branches of industry, first seek metropolitan approval of their products.

The Garden show brought visitors to New York from all over the United States, and there were one or two instances of enthusiastic motorists coming here from London and Paris primarily to witness this American exhibit. These foreigners were not only impressed with the Garden show, but were surprised at the high-class exhibits in all the salesrooms on both sides of Automobile Row on upper Broadway, where New Yorkers may see an automobile show at any time of the year.

The record of the 1909 show, which was attended during the week by 116,000, was left hopelessly in the rear. It was estimated yesterday that every day last week as many as 25,000 persons visited the show, 10,000 during the morning and afternoon sessions, and 15,000 at night. One of the show officials said yesterday that an estimate of 150,000 would be very conservative. It would be impossible to estimate the actual number of sales, but it is known that they exceeded in number those of any previous show. The influence of the show will be felt on the automobile trade for many months to come, for a liking for a certain car seen by a probable buyer at the show may not result in a sale until along in the Summer.

The retail trade, of course, is largely taken care of by territorial agents, but these dealers did a thriving business with the representatives from the factories. During the past two weeks New York has been the great trade centre of the automobile business, and the unprecedented success of the shows and the unusual interest on the part of the public, together with the ready inclination of motorists to place their orders promptly, is looked upon by the manufacturers as an unfailing harbinger of prosperity.

Beginning at 11 o'clock on Saturday night, the show cars began to disappear from the Garden. It was noticed that this year many of them were taken away on motor trucks rather than on the horse-drawn moving vans of the past. Many of the exhibits were shipped to Philadelphia, while others went to the salesrooms on upper Broadway. Several which were bought during the show were delivered to the purchasers in this city. As soon as the place was stripped of the machines and accessories, carpenters began tearing down the temporary pillars, balustrades, and stairways of Roman architecture, and yesterday morning the floor of the Garden was one huge pile of débris and lumber.

Many of the manufacturers left the city yesterday, all believing that New York's automobile show season has given the business such a boom that the factories will be kept busy all year satisfying the public demand for cars.

Michigan's New Athletic Officers.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Jan. 16.—At the annual meeting of the University of Michigan Athletic Association last night Charles G. Spice of Detroit was elected football manager; Valdo F. Wilson of Denver, interscholastic manager, and Charles W. Gould of Mount Vernon, N. Y., Financial Secretary. The Treasurer's report showed the association to be in a stronger position than for several years, owing to an unusually successful football season.

Columbia to Play Wesleyan.

Intercollegiate contests in basket ball will start in earnest on Tuesday, when the Wesleyan five will line up against the Columbia five on the latter's court. With the exception of the alumni game, Columbia stands with a clean record, while the Wesleyan combination has been adding some important scalps to her list of victories. Among these is that of Cornell, who in turn defeated Pennsylvania a short time ago. This means that the Blue and White team will have to play its hardest to uphold its record, and the game promises to be the most interesting that has been played so far in the schedule of Columbia's home games.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, JAN. 17, 1910.

RESISTING REFORM.

It is not surprising to learn that the Republican machine, especially the Brooklyn branch or its leader, is opposing a revision of the charter which would concentrate power and responsibility and do away with the absurd splitting up of functions now prevailing. If in the ordinary condition of politics there was a fair chance that the machine would be able to get hold of the general City Government we might expect its engineers to favor this sound principle, not because it is sound, but because the machine would expect to work it for all it was worth in their own interests. Since there is practically no hope of that, Mr. WOODRUFF and his allies are inclined to keep up the present system of scatteration. They can get their grip on parts of the municipal organization, and can pick up bargains here and there in the confusion that exists.

But the present system is absurd all the same. It is shown to be so by the very experience of its unusual good working which we are now having. It is working pretty well only because the Presidents of four of the five Boroughs, the Controller, and the President of the Board of Aldermen happen to be all Fusionists, and are united in the purpose to subordinate particular interests to the common advantage. It also happens that the Mayor, though chosen on the Tammany ticket, is acting in harmony with the other members of the Board of Estimate. The most striking feature of the present situation is that the Board of Estimate is trying to get a clear and intelligent view of all the needs and resources of the city and then to map out a policy that will devote the resources to the needs, in proportion to their importance, at the same time seeking the greatest practicable efficiency and economy in the use of the resources. That is a line of conduct that was not to have been expected from the peculiar composition of the Board, and one that has never before been even approximately undertaken. Much less was it to have been expected that such kind and degree of co-operation as now seems secure could be obtained from a Mayor politically opposed to the majority of the Board of Estimate. It is an extremely promising combination, but it would be foolish to count on its frequent recurrence. It would not even be entirely safe to count on its continuance during the four years of the municipal administration.

The chances for a satisfactory revision of the charter at the present session of the Legislature are not flattering. There is much confusion at Albany. The strength of the machine is undoubtedly impaired and that of the Governor and his friends is increased. But the latter do not hold definite control, and the former, with such aid as they can count on from the Democrats, are a formidable resisting body. But if nothing can be done this year the prospects may be very much better next year. The Republicans will have a desperate fight next Fall, and at best will hardly be as strong as they now are, while the strength of the machine may be very decidedly reduced. There is reason to hope that New York can get a good charter next year if the movement for it is strong and united. The support of the men who are making so good a beginning in the city administration would be very important and might easily be decisive.

THE MAYOR IN THE STORM.

Mayor GAYNOR very naturally demurs to being presented to the public in the rôle of a hero enamored of hardship and defiant of danger. The story that reached New York the first day of his experience in the storm, he protests, exaggerated both the risk and the difficulty of his tramp through the snow.

Of course his fellow-citizens are glad to be assured that he was not foolhardy and undertook nothing which he had not good reason to think he could get through with no undue strain or exposure. And they are pleased to know that their Chief Magistrate has the physical vigor and the resolute temper that can face a mile of drifted and driving snow with cheerfulness and safety. But the Mayor cannot quite escape the charge of being a bit of a hero, not reckless, but manly, kindly, and faithful. One has but to read the account his companion, Mr. SHEPARD, gives of Mr. GAYNOR'S prompt and efficient aid, and the spirit in which it was given, to realize that. Doubtless Mr. GAYNOR will insist that it was only what any right-minded man, equal to the task, would do under the circumstances; but it is a matter of gratification to the people of New York that their Mayor is a right-minded man equal to that kind of a task.

THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

The result of the first day's balloting for contested seats in the British Parliament seems to have convinced all but the most visionary Conservatives and Liberal Unionists that they have no chance of forming a Government in February. They still hope for a barren Liberal victory, however, with the Irish Nationalists so strong that the governmental work will be hampered and a speedy dissolution of the new Parliament inevitable. Mr. BALFOUR'S followers are looking into the future. The returns, thus far, do not justify their humblest hopes.

A Liberal majority in the House of Commons of more than 100 is not unlikely now. That will enable the Government to force its budget on the country and, of course, the House of Lords will accept it. Another general election may follow any serious attempt to restrict the powers of the upper chamber, but we may safely predict that the Liberals, after their victory, will move slowly and carefully in that matter. Ballots will be cast to-day in thirty-one London districts and fifty-seven provincial boroughs. The result is not likely to change the situation.

A PERIL TO THE SICK.

The letter to THE TIMES by Dr. JOSEPH PRICE REMINGTON, printed elsewhere, is one of the most remarkable ever penned by a responsible authority on medicine. In purpose it seems sincere. In effect it defends a system that permits the majority of drugs prescribed by physicians for the 3,000,000 persons constantly and seriously ill in the United States to pass through the channels of importation and inter-State trade without guarantee of their strength, quality, or purity. It is a system that consistently refuses to establish standard tests of adulteration for the majority of drugs administered at the sick beds of the Nation. Mr. CASWELL A. MAYO, editor of The American Druggist, who has upbraided THE TIMES for publishing this glaring defect in the provisions of the Federal Pure Drugs law, circulates in The American Druggist's "Handy Guide No. 7," for the practical guidance of manufacturing chemists, this gloss upon Section 7 of the Federal act of 1906:

> It would seem to follow that if a drug is not sold under or by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary, and is not sold according to any professed standard or quality, it shall not be deemed to be adulterated, no matter what its quality may be. Here seems to be a loophole large enough to permit the passage, not only of the traditional "coach and six," but of a whole procession of such vehicles, laden with spurious and adulterated drugs.

Chairman REMINGTON'S associates of the Committee on Revision of the United States Pharmacopoeia testify in a way to damage his cause. Dr. LYONS, for example, declares in The American Druggist that not only are standard tests "conspicuously absent" from the National Formulary, and that the Pharmacopoeia fixes no standard for "the authorized non-official remedies of the Council of Pharmacy," but that "there are schools of medicine in America having recognized standing" whose medicaments are totally ignored in the Pharmacopoeia. Prof. HENRY KRAEMER admits in the same publication that the establishment of standards by the men who compile the book of authority is "more or less of secondary concern." Dr. H. H. RUSBY, President of the American Pharmaceutical Association, Dean of the New York College of Pharmacy of Columbia University, and one of Chairman REMINGTON'S committeemen, remarks in the January issue of The Pharmaceutical Era upon the "previous failure to supply a satisfactory book [United States Pharmacopoeia] by the present method," and admits that its publication by the Government "could eliminate the element" of failure, due to "want of such an amount of money as is absolutely necessary to thoroughness in revision work." The Medical Record of Jan. 15 adds its testimony, as follows:

> Neither of these books [the United States Pharmacopoeia and the National Formulary] is a Government publication, the standards they set up may be changed from time to time, and indeed have frequently been changed, without any apparent reason, and moreover there are many drugs prescribed daily by physicians which are not in the Pharmacopoeia. The only permanent body claiming authority in the matter of the standardization of non-official drugs is one the authority of which is not recognized by the majority of the medical profession of the country. A bill written in intelligible and unequivocal language, intrusting the task of the standardization of all drugs, within and without the Pharmacopoeia, to the Marine Hospital Service or some Government-appointed commission of experts, would doubtless receive the warm support of the physicians and pharmacists of the country.

Mr. HENRY A. CARY'S indictment of the system of standardization under the Federal Drugs law has been referred to Chairman MANN'S House Committee on Inter-State Commerce for adequate legislative treatment. THE TIMES of Jan. 12 declared that Mr. CARY'S charges "demand investigation, for what he says reveals a condition of the trade in drugs that is alarming, horrifying, and essentially and despicably criminal if it be permitted to continue." The investigation ought to be thorough.

REINCARNATION.

As the idea that Master SIDIS of Harvard is a reincarnation of some great intellect of the past was first promulgated in THE NEW YORK TIMES, by one of its readers, and not by any Boston Theosophist or Cambridge psychologist whatsoever, we feel justified in proudly commenting upon the wide publicity it has received, and the measure of favor accorded to it in select imaginative circles. There is nothing strange in the theory.

To be sure, we doubt, as Master SIDIS is said to doubt himself, that the boy is PYTHAGORAS once more in the flesh. Why should he be PYTHAGORAS? That pagan philosopher, of course, had much wisdom, as Touchstone pointed out, and "when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby that grapes were made to eat and lips to open." But young SIDIS resembles PYTHAGORAS not more closely than ARCHIMEDES, or BRUNO or NEWTON. Simply because PYTHAGORAS taught the doctrine of transmigration of souls we need not conclude that an obvious case of reincarnation must involve the soul that was once his.

Our reason for accepting the new theory is deeper. Harvard has a precedent. We do not remember now just how many distinguished gentlemen of remote epochs have been identified by the mystical and the credulous with the Colonel, but JULIUS CAESAR was one and CROMWELL another, and we think the name of NAPOLEON has been mentioned. If Harvard ever had a favorite son the Colonel is he. When the Colonel returns to his native land, whether he enters by way of the Golden Gate or Sandy Hook, he will have as tumultuous a welcome as ever his soul had in a previous garb of clay. The Colonel, let us remember, was precocious, too. It is pleasant for patriots to know that his university is fitting another reincarnation of past greatness to battle for justice, virtue, philoprogenitiveness, and poetry when the Colonel once more discards his avatar. There is hope for the country.

TRANSFERS.

Assemblyman PARKER introduced a bill giving the Public Service Commission the power it asked for, to enable it to re-establish universal transfers, on the same day with the publication of some interesting figures regarding the working of transfers under the present system.

The Metropolitan system as it now exists reports for the latter half of last year that it carried 1,129,638 fewer farepayers. This is such a phenomenon in local transportation experience that it requires explanation, which is supplied naturally enough in part by a decrease of 3,945,688 transfer passengers. Doubtless some portion of each decrease was due to the dropping of the Fifty-ninth Street and Second Avenue lines, but perhaps the relation between farepayers and transfer riders was not greatly disturbed by conditions affecting both classes in an uncertain degree.

The effect upon the revenues, however, was not what might have been expected by the loss of over five million riders. Operating expenses decreased more than the revenues, and net revenue increased $1,302,888. Doubtless again the result is obscured by other considerations, but there is basis for saying that the economy resulting from not having to carry four millions of passengers free assisted in turning a deficit of $897,537 into a surplus of $536,164. This surplus is a surplus of the Metropolitan variety; that is, it is a surplus from operation and does not include such items of interest and guarantees as are in default.

If the Public Service Commission should exercise the powers which it is proposed to give it, and order the company to carry free the transfer passengers who did not ride in the latter half of last year, it is evident that four millions of riders would get a ride that is the equivalent of a nickel. The loss of the company would not be 5 cents for each passenger, but would be whatever it makes by doing business, or the net profit on each nickel, say 1.5 cents or so. If the result above be doubled to give a year's operation, and if the figures be enlarged to include the entire transportation system of the city, the figures run into the millions.

There is nothing riders would more appreciate than transfers between elevated and surface crosstown lines. Transfers between subways and east and west lines would also be a boon. It is possible to make an excellent argument why such an arrangement would be a good one for the very lines which so urgently oppose it. The point to be considered in the question of reorganizing the shattered system is not whether or not the plan would be a good one, but what view investors would take of holding their property subject to orders by the Commission in the public interest, rather than in the interest of the owners of the property.

THE SOUTH'S COLD WINTER.

Northerners who have gone South this Winter to escape the snowstorms and low temperature are complaining bitterly of the cold. The Manchester (N. H.) Union prints a letter from a New Hampshire woman wintering in Southern Florida who yearns for her New England home, snowstorms and all, and especially for "warm houses and steam-heated rooms." In the land of flowers, she says, the temperature has been 8 degrees below the freezing point, and while she wrote twenty men and boys were huddling around a big bonfire in the street to keep warm.

Cold Winters are not uncommon in the South and the Southerners, who have their full share of heat in Summer, seem to enjoy them. As The Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser points out, people build their houses in the South to keep cool in Summer. When the Winter weather is severe they doubtless pretend they enjoy the cold, like a well-acclimated Englishman. Perhaps we are too fond of artificial heat in the North. This point is still debatable. It is not safe for anybody used to the temperature of our hotels and dwellings in Winter to brave the rigors of a cold Winter in the South.

Many a case of pneumonia has been developed in Southern Italy by Americans who have sought the land of sunshine to escape the rigors of their own Winter. But if you are going South it is well to get nearer to the equator than any place where the inhabitants regard a temperature of 24 degrees Fahrenheit as an occasional affliction good for bodily discipline. The visiting Northerner suffers from the shock of disappointment as much as from the low temperature. He wants to wear his Summer duds. He feels he might better have gone to Montreal if he must cling to furs and mittens. Thirty degrees below in New Hampshire is better for one's health and happiness than 30 degrees above in Florida, and in New Hampshire the thermometer never disappoints you.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Sensitiveness Hard to Justify. From the Wall Street region, where, as is well known, everybody is tender-hearted and full of consideration for the feelings of others, there have come to us of late a number of letters, each bearing a different signature but all of a tenor so much alike that they indicate concerted action. Each of them objects to the fact that whenever the name of CHARLES W. MORSE appears in this paper it is apt to be accompanied by an identifying reference to his recent conviction in the Federal courts of having violated the banking law.

"Now that the man," says one of these communications, "is suffering, and his wife likewise has to suffer, it seems to me that he is paying the penalty and that there is no reason why this fact should be brought to his wife's daily attention." Another asks: "Do you believe it charitable or necessary, when referring to C. W. MORSE, or any man in his unfortunate position, to make a special point in your paper each time that he is Convict No. 2,816?"

Accustomed as we are to hear curious grievances against the paper, this one surprises us. We are conscious of no special animosity against MORSE. On the contrary, we feel for him, and have expressed, a certain sympathy, explicable, though hardly justifiable, by the man's long and energetic struggle against the doom that has overtaken him at last. But he had every chance the law allows to prove his innocence, and we all know how many those chances are in the case of a rich man able to utilize them all, particularly when the accusation against him is one like that which MORSE confronted. He exhausted the possibilities of appeal, and shrewd lawyers wearied their inventive powers in devising technical defenses. His conviction stood against it all, and of his guilt, therefore, there can be no doubt.

Why, then, should we not speak of him as a convict, and even give his penitentiary number? To do so is only a wonted definiteness in description, and that it pains the innocent is MORSE'S own fault, not ours. It is a part, and not an unimportant part, of the man's punishment that it extends beyond his own person and mind. Our correspondents should remember that MORSE is not the only criminal with a family and relatives and that, much more than most criminals, he knew beforehand what might be the consequences of his acts. Probably he is no worse than many a man out of prison, but, on the other hand, he is no better than many a man in prison to whom we refer as a convict without exciting a single protest from Wall Street or elsewhere.

Old-Fashioned Winters a Delusion. Everybody who, in the course of last week's storm, did not say, "This is a real old-fashioned Winter!" must have heard somebody else say it, for the exclamation has been very often uttered. Yet there is probably not the slightest reason for supposing that this Winter is any more "old-fashioned" than any of its recent predecessors, even the most "open" of them, or that the Winters of twenty, thirty, fifty years ago were on the average any colder or snowier than those which to-day's child of 10 has experienced.

Those of us who are old, or even only elderly, think that we remember a long series of "hard" Winters, and so we do, doubtless, but they did not come in succession in our youthful days any more than they do now, and the apparent closeness of their contiguity in memory is entirely due to our forgetfulness of the many Winters that had few or no great snowstorms to impress them on our minds.

It is a like psychological phenomenon that makes so many people declare that the Weather Bureau's predictions are "always wrong." As a matter of fact, something more than 80 per cent. of them are right, and the average of accuracy is steadily rising, but as a rule only the failures are noted. When the bureau says "Fair to-morrow," and fair it turns out to be, the success passes without comment, but if we happen to get drenched by a little local shower, that misfortune is sure to receive attention.

There is no reason for believing, or even for suspecting, that the climate in this country has changed within historic times. Severe and mild seasons, wet and dry seasons, alternate or come in little groups now as in the past, and if ever a Winter of the long ago had a storm like our blizzard of '88, the New Yorkers for whom the Bowery was bowery made no record of the fact.

Preferred Freezing to Whipping. That little girl who was found covered with snow and half frozen, Saturday morning in the vestibule of an office building on Forty-fifth Street, may or may not have told the truth when she said that she ran away from home to escape the whipping which her mother had promised to give her on her return from school. She is evidently an imaginative child—which is little different from saying a mendacious one—and according to her own account several ingenious fictions calculated to excite sympathy had enabled her to reach the city.

But, whether true or not, the story of the promised whipping was a plausible one, and this child or another might easily have been driven to just such a desperate evasion by cruel hours of dread caused by a postponed punishment for some trivial fault. So, regardless of its actuality, the incident has significance and deserves the attention of parents accustomed thus to prolong and increase the pains of disciplinary correction.

Of course there is something in the common exhortation of parents not to beat their offspring in what Mayor GAYNOR called "heat and haste," but there are also objections, and most serious ones, to magnifying one of these tolerated assaults by the addition to it of several hours of mental torture. Of course the ideally competent parent, like the ideally competent teacher, never resorts to corporal punishment, and does not have to consider whether to inflict it in anger or in cold blood. Truly it is hard to tell which is the better—or worse. The chances are, however, that the hasty blow does less real and permanent harm to both victim and executioner than the one that falls after a long and torturing suspension.

Tragic Misprints.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Granted that the Typographical Error-ist is the unconscious humorist of the daily newspaper, may I ask if there is any redress when he makes you the butt of his humor and plays three-card monte with your priceless reputation?

Not long ago a line in one of my poems was intended to say, "Her eyes looked out on this slumbering world," but to my horror it read when printed, "Her eyes leaked out," &c., and yesterday when I had written, "When Poets and Poets get only nine," I found I had said "When Poe and Poets get only nine," and so it goes on, and I seem to be helpless. The well-known chap who "kissed his girl under the silent stars" in pencil and found that in type he had "kicked her under the cellar stairs," has my heartfelt sympathy.

Recently I "robed" the heroine of a story in a diaphanous white gown, only to find after the narrative was printed that she was "rabid" in the same costume, and on another occasion, when the husband of an estranged couple agreed to make up for the sake of their dead child and had remarked, "I will take you back for our Angel's sake," this self-same Typographical Error-ist had the hardihood to make it read, "I will take you back for our Angel Cake," thus turning tragedy into farce and once more making ducks and drakes of my clever juggling with pathos.

I am sure many other writers have had their souls crushed in the same way, and possibly some have shared my recent experience—that of having a gentleman stare at me curiously for several minutes after introduction while he tried to read in my face some excuse for the assertion that, "Sad April steers are the balm of Spring," which he had seen over my signature only a few days previously.

LURANA W. SHELDON.
New York, Jan. 15, 1910.

"THE TRIUMPHANT INSTANT."

Attacks Dr. Rainsford for Emulating the "Faunal Naturalist."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in your review of Dr. Rainsford's book "The Land of the Lion" you quote him as saying that his feelings at "the triumphant instant [when he has just killed a lion] might be the dark survival of barbarism in him," and later, when he had brought down an old elephant, that "he felt small and a little guilty," and I would like to ask how you think the lion would have felt had he known that he had been killed by a weapon of so-called civilization, unknown to lions and consequently most unfair, in the hands of an exponent of twentieth century religion?

And what would the dignified relative of the mastodon have said had he known that he, a magnificent piece of handiwork of the God whom the "Reverend" Dr. Rainsford is supposed to worship, was to be laid low by another animal, wearing the lineaments of humanity but admitting "a dark survival of a barbarism" which has evoluted into noiseless guns, smokeless powder, and the phase of hypocritical bloodthirstiness which is rampant today in the "Faunal Naturalist"?

There is an old saying that "the good-will of a dog is better than the ill-will," and if this is true, then the good-will and respect of the noble lion and elephant should not be despised. What the animals of Africa may think of our politicians and statesmen may not be of great importance, but if Dr. Rainsford's religious example was appreciated by them I will venture to say that there is not a beast in Africa to-day who is not an agnostic or on the verge of doubting the justice of the law of evolution.

LURANA W. SHELDON.
New York, Jan. 11, 1910.

"Taft."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As I am a foreigner it may be imprudent of me to call your notice to what I consider a great want of respect due to the President of these United States. I may be a little too conventional, and take life a little more seriously than the average American, and I ask your forbearance. I would allude to the President being so frequently called in the public press simply "Taft." Surely, a gentleman who has been elected to the highest and most responsible office in the Government of one of the greatest and most powerful of nations ought to be spoken of in the most respectful terms as "the President."

New York, Jan. 13, 1910. AN AMEN.

Curiously Prophetic Verses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the mingled bitter and sweet of your polar affidavits, detectives, and other troubles has your Muse by any chance concerned itself with Thomas Hood's "Ode to Captain Parry?" There is much in it which might commend itself to the satisfaction of your readers, and I should like to recommend that you publish it as a means toward the sweetening smile after we have frowned so long upon the impostor. For students of modern prophecy there will be a peculiar interest in those who

"Sit
And prate about the mundane spit,
And babble of Cook's track—
He'd roast the leather off his toes
Ere he would trudge through polar snows
To plant a British Jack!"

The ode was published in 1825.

JOHN M. WARBEKE.
Williams College, Williamstown, Mass., Jan. 14, 1910.

The Uselessness of Exercise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your recent remarks upon the uselessness of "exercise" are in line with the truth, provided the individual living without avoidable physical exertion is careful never to let himself attempt unusual use of his muscles. The writer has found by experience that it pays to use the body enough to keep it limbered up and elastic. A slight increase in the intake of food makes up for the outgo of energy.

New York, Jan. 10, 1910. M. M. DAVIS.

Gas Mixed with Air.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You are mistaken in assuming that moderate amounts of air could not be blown into the gas mains for fear of making an explosive mixture. Without looking the matter up, I venture the statement that as much as an equal volume of air might be added without danger. I believe that it would require at least as lean a mixture as three volumes of air to one of illuminating gas to cause an explosion.

A. COCHRAN.
New York, Jan. 11, 1910.

INTERBOROUGH SCHOOLS.

A Suggestion That the Manhattan Boy Study Where Land Is Cheap.

The Committee on Congestion will issue a report to-day urging the city to adopt a policy of leasing buildings for schools in most sections of Manhattan and of conveying children to Richmond, Queens, and Brooklyn, where, the committee says, adequate school space can be acquired at reasonable rates.

The report says that to provide the thirty square feet per pupil required would in the case of Manhattan mean the purchase of 100 additional acres of land at a total cost of $47,245,938.

"Brooklyn," the report continues, "to give its registered pupils the same area at $1.42 a square foot, would have to spend $4,127,506 for about forty acres of land. On the other hand, the city owns in Queens nearly forty-three and one-third acres of land, purchased for school sites, exclusive of the Jamaica Training School and the Parental School. In Richmond there are nearly forty acres of land belonging to the city purchased for school sites. The Bronx will have to pay about $1,055,000 for approximately five acres more of land to give its registered pupils thirty square feet each.

"Can New York afford to pay $11 for a square foot for school sites for children when it can get it in Brooklyn for about $1.50, in the Bronx for about $1.60, and in Queens for less than 75 cents?

"In Manhattan, as a whole, each pupil averages about one-half of the required area, or 18.1 feet. In Brooklyn the average provision of land is 23.6 square feet a pupil. In the Bronx, 26.9, while in Queens each pupil registered has over 69 square feet, and in Richmond nearly 155 square feet.

"The city has recently evidenced a wise and far-reaching policy of acquiring land where it is going to be needed shortly, and although there may have been graft in acquisition, which should be eliminated, its policy is most commendable.

"This city should, however, consider the policy of leasing buildings for school purposes in most sections of Manhattan and of attempting to convey children to Richmond, Queens, and Brooklyn, where adequate school space can be acquired at reasonable rates, and particularly should try to get families to move out of Manhattan so they can be healthy."

RADIUM BANK ALREADY HERE.

New York Physicians Back of It—Also a Clinic to Treat the Poor.

New York physicians believe that the radium "bank" mentioned in a London cablegram printed in THE TIMES yesterday refers to the radium institute recently established in this city, concerning which the International Journal of Surgery said in its last issue:

"The recent establishment of an American institute for the investigation of radium and radio-active bodies is of more than ordinary interest, since it will encourage the study of these remarkable substances by scientists in this country, and particularly contribute to a better knowledge of their therapeutic possibilities.

"The fact that among the organizers are Profs. Robert Abbe and Willy Meyer of New York—the former of whom has had an unusually extensive clinical experience with radium—augurs well for the success of this undertaking. Such institutes already exist in several Eropean countries, notably in Germany, England, Austria, and France, and as a result a considerable amount of valuable data already has been collected.

"The aims of the institute are essentially philanthropic. A clinic is to be established for the treatment of the poor, and arrangements will be made to purchase larger quantities of radium abroad and to supply it at a reduced cost to those desirous of experimenting with it.

"In this connection it is a pleasant duty to state that many of the investigations of radium in clinics in this country in the past were made possible through the public-spirited generosity of Dr. H. Lieber of New York. There is every reason to expect that the institute will accomplish substantial good, and that while it will encourage legitimate research, it will protect the laity against the fraudulent claims of the charlatan and impostor."

IN HER MOTHER'S MEMORY.

Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins Gives $25,000 to Lying-In Hospital.

Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins, daughter of the late Marcellus Hartley, it became known yesterday, has given $25,000 to the Society of the Lying-In Hospital for the purpose of having a special study made of puerperal fever. The fund is to be known as the Emma Hartley Endowment, in memory of Mrs. Jenkins's mother. It is the first gift of any large sum that has been made to the Lying-In Hospital since J. P. Morgan erected the building in Stuyvesant Square, except Mr. Morgan's own annual gifts.

It was expected when the hospital was built that other wealthy individuals would come forward with substantial gifts, but only small amounts have been received. Moreover the city has reduced its contribution from $31,000 to $24,000. The money, it is said, was urgently needed.

In this one hospital alone there were twenty-two fatal cases of puerperal sepsis received between Oct. 1, 1908, and Sept. 30, 1909. In December the daily average census showed 131 mothers and 70 babies, or 201 patients per day. The society has now decided, partly owing to the city's reduction in its contribution, that it will reduce the amount of its work somewhat, but at the same time it will increase its efficiency.

"PROM." WEEK AT YALE.

Juniors and Their Guests Hear Sermon and Go Sleighing.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 16.—Following the presentation of "London Assurance" by the Yale Dramatic Club yesterday, marking the opening of the "prom" week festivities, the juniors and their guests attended services in Woolsey Hall this morning and listened to the sermon preached by President James G. K. McClure, President of the McCormick Theological Seminary. This afternoon there was sleighing through the surrounding countryside and informal teas.

Monday afternoon the members of the various societies and fraternities will entertain, and in the evening the germans will be danced.

TO PUNISH NAVY OFFICERS.

Those Who Avoided Physical Tests Will Have Double Tours.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Trouble is in store for about a hundred naval officers who failed to take the physical tests during the last calendar year and who were not excused.

The report has reached some of them that Secretary Meyer is going to make the tests cumulative. Hence, instead of being required to walk 50 miles in three days they will be required to walk 100 miles in six days when they fail to comply with the regulations. The question of some action in regard to the number of physical tests, in view of the large number of officers who failed to take them, is being considered by the Navy Department, but none has been decided upon.

In Aid of Negro Education.

Negro education will be the subject of a meeting next Monday evening at Carnegie Hall under the auspices of the Armstrong Association in the interest of Tuskegee Institute. John H. Finley, President of the City College; Dr. J. H. Dillard, President and General Agent of the Jeanes $1,000,000 fund for the promotion of negro education in the rural districts of the South, and Dr. Booker T. Washington will speak. A chorus of Hampton students will sing plantation melodies, and moving pictures will illustrate the work of an industrial school.

REMINGTON DENIES PERIL TO THE SICK

Pharmacopoeia Maker Says Only Selected Drugs Need Be Tested for Strength and Purity.

ALL OTHERS ARE WORTHLESS

Or Else Not Yet Perfected—Says Government Ought Not to Fix Drug Standards.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article of Jan. 12, "A Peril to the Sick," closes with the demand that the Chairman of the Committee of Revision of the United States Pharmacopoeia should make a defense of the system of revising this work of authority.

Your editorial article favors the contention of Henry A. Cary, who has been instrumental in introducing House Bill 13,859 into Congress, which, briefly, requires that every medicine or drug to be used in the United States must be standardized. The opportunity which you give me is willingly accepted, because the more information that the public can be given, must result in the greatest good to the greatest number.

Every intelligent citizen knows that the earth, the sea, and even the interior of the earth have been searched for ages to provide substances for the healing of the sick. Physicians of all creeds have earnestly labored to prove drugs through experience and they have been testing medicines for centuries to obtain a selected number which have not been found wanting; such have finally found a lodgement in a book called a pharmacopoeia, that of the United States containing now nearly one thousand articles. It is, of course, not necessary for even the most skillful physician to use more than one-half of this list in his ordinary practice; indeed, individual physicians declare that they can get satisfactory results from one hundred medicines, but as is easily understood one drug or medicine may be preferred by one, and another physician in a different part of the United States will use another. For this reason the preferences of physicians in different parts of the country must be respected in making such a book; in fact, its full title is the Pharmacopoeia of the United States of America.

The Coudrey bill, already alluded to, requires the standardization of every drug or medicine used for man or animals, and it is necessary to explain the word "standardization"; in its most usual form it means the providing of a chemical test which will distinguish the degree of purity and strength of an article. When this is not possible, an accurate definition and description of the article introduced must be furnished.

New medicines and substances are continually being discovered, and some of them are exploited by individuals, firms, or corporations who believe that they have good reason to derive financial benefit from such exploitation. They either keep their discovery to themselves, or perhaps in a more liberal spirit give their information to the world.

These new medicines must first stand the practical tests of utility or superiority over similar drugs whose effects have been already thoroughly studied and tested. If the new drug possess virtues superior to the old, it supplants it, and the latter soon becomes obsolete, and the object of revising the pharmacopoeia every ten years is to determine what drugs shall be dropped from the company of the select and what new ones shall be admitted.

The Coudrey bill would work disaster and confusion if even an attempt were made to carry out its provisions. Medical science would be halted because the bill requires every substance used in the treatment of disease for man or animal to be standarized; this is obviously going too far, and a physician would be compelled to wait until a standard was provided by authority before a new medicine could be even tried; much time and labor would necessarily be required to devise accurate standards for a newcomer; the United States would be handicapped, and our citizens would have to wait until other civilized nations had tried the drug for us, and a doctor could not prescribe a good medicine for any disease until it had been introduced into our Pharmacopoeia and a standard provided. Not only that, but no one could by private enterprise sell or manufacture a new preparation on his own responsibility until the Pharmacopoeia had provided a standard for it. The Coudrey bill would also require obsolete, useless, and inferior drugs to be standardized, because it states that there shall be provided a complete test for purity and strength of all drugs and chemicals, whether generally used or not.

The Food and Drugs act passed by Congress June 30, 1906, has worked a marvelous change for the better by improving the quality of medicine in compelling adherence to the standards of the United States Pharmacopoeia.

In May, 1910, a convention made up of delegates from all parts of the United States will meet in the City of Washington to revise the Pharmacopoeia. The United States Government is represented in this convention as well as all of the States through the highest medical and pharmaceutical bodies of the country. Any doctor, pharmacist, or chemist, through the scientific organization with which he may be affiliated, has the right to send to the Committee of Revision any proposition to amend or revise the Pharmacopoeia. The convention itself is chartered and is in continuous existence. While the book has only been revised every ten years in the past, there is every reason to believe that hereafter it will be revised every five years, which will be a shorter period than that taken by any pharmacopoeia in the world.

In addition to this, continual work is being done throughout the country to test and prove the value of every new drug which promises to prove useful, and through the various medical and pharmaceutical journals opportunity is afforded to discuss the merits of every new drug, but its claims for a place in a pharmacopoeia must be thoroughly tested before it reaches the goal.

One important consideration in your editorial article has been overlooked—of what interest can it be to a manufacturer of a medicine, to a doctor who prescribes, or to a druggist who compounds, to furnish a suffering patient with a worthless medicine? It would be a losing proposition to either. The doctor would lose his practice, the druggist his occupation, and the chemist his position; every man protects his livelihood; although there are men in all stations of life who practice deception, it cannot be done successfully in pharmacopoeial work, nor would the United States Government adopt the Pharmacopoeia as a standard for the Food and Drugs act if it proved unworthy and did not represent the highest and best in medicine, pharmacy, and chemistry.

The public has never been so well served with good medicine as it is at the present time, and the Coudrey bill, by overloading to absurdity the standardization requirements, would clog the wheels of progress and confusion and chaos would result.

JOSEPH P. REMINGTON,
Chairman of the Committee of Revision of the Pharmacopoeia of the United States.
Philadelphia, Jan. 14, 1910.

NEW THEATRE GETS MME. BERTHA KALICH

Yiddish Actress to Have the Leading Part in a New Version of "The Witch."

OLD SALEM DAYS RETOLD

Adaptation of a Norwegian Drama to the Time of Witchcraft in Massachusetts.

Mme. Bertha Kalich, the Yiddish actress who has been seen in English drama for the last three or four seasons, has been engaged for The New Theatre company, and will make her first appearance with that organization on Feb. 14 in a new drama called "The Witch."

This will be the first new production to follow "Twelfth Night," scheduled for production next week. Mme. Kalich has not been seen on the stage for several months, owing to illness, but she has completely recovered and will begin rehearsals with The New Theatre company on Wednesday.

"The Witch" is from the Norwegian of H. Wiers-Jeneson, and was produced last year at the National Theatre, Copenhagen. The adaptation to be used at The New Theatre is by Hans Hagedorn, instructor in English at Harvard University. The period of the play is 1692 and the scene of the original was a village in Norway.

Prof. Hagedorn has found that the conditions in Norway at that period and in Salem, Mass., at about the same time were so similar that he has transferred the play to New England. In the adaptation an effort has been made to picture New England as it was during the witchcraft epidemic, special pains being taken to draw the characters and scenes as close as possible to history.

Among those who will have leading parts are Guy Bates Post, Beverly Sitgreaves, Ben Johnson, William McVey, and Albert Bruning.

Mme. Kalich, who will have the rôle of The Witch, has been playing in English since 1905. She was born in Lemberg, Galicia, and at the age of 15 entered the Lemberg Conservatoire, where she studied singing. She made her stage début in 1890 with a comic opera company, and the following year sang at the Bucharest National Theatre.

Her first New York appearance was made at the Thalia Theatre on the Bowery, where she played in "La Belle Helene" and "The Gypsy Baron." She first came into prominence through her work in "A Doll's House," "Fedora," "Madame Sans Gene," "Magda," "Sapho," and "The Kreutzer Sonata," all in Yiddish.

She first appeared in an English-speaking part at the American Theatre on May 22, 1905, when she played the title rôle in "Fedora." She was then engaged by Harrison Grey Fiske, as an English-speaking star, and appeared in the title rôle of Maeterlinck's "Monna Vanna," at the Manhattan Theatre. She subsequently toured in Mr. Fiske's version of "Therese Raquin."

She next appeared in an English version of Gordin's play, "The Kreutzer Sonata," and later in "Marta of the Lowlands," Percy Mackaye's "Sapho and Phaon," and in "Cora." Her contract with Mr. Fiske expiring last year, she was engaged by the Shuberts, with whom arrangements have been made for her appearance at The New Theatre.

The first trip of The New Theatre company away from Manhattan will be made on Tuesday night, Jan. 25, when the organization will present John Galsworthy's drama, "Strife," at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. On alternate Tuesday nights thereafter the company will appear at the Brooklyn playhouse, and The New Theatre will be occupied by the Metropolitan Opera Company. "Strife," which was withdrawn from the repertoire several weeks ago on account of the pressure of new productions, will be replaced on Monday, Jan. 24, and will be presented from time to time.

REALISM WITH PICTURES.

Henry Lee Gives a Novel Entertainment at the New York Theatre.

Henry Lee gave his new entertainment, "The Life of the World," at the New York Theatre last night for the first time in this city. The performance was made up of lecture, motion pictures, and impersonations, and was decidedly novel.

For the motion pictures Mr. Lee's assistants supply the sounds that would naturally result from the action shown in the views, and the audience was treated to the noise of dashing waves, the tramping of soldiers, of sleighbells and automobile horns, rather more realistically done than in the motion-picture theatres, where effects are still used. The impersonation part of the performance was based on Mr. Lee's old vaudeville work, in which he appears in the character of various prominent persons.

Among the people he impersonated were George Washington, Richard Croker, Theodore Roosevelt, Mark Twain, and Robert E. Lee. Pictures showing scenes in the lives of these men accompanied the impersonations.

NEW THEATRE FOR THE BRONX

Hurtig & Seamon Will Have One Ready Next Fall—To Seat 2,000.

Hurtig & Seamon, the theatrical firm which has the Yorkville and the Metropolis Theatres and Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall on 125th Street, have completed plans for a new theatre in a residential section of the Bronx. The new theatre will have a seating capacity of about 2,000, and will be ready in the early Fall.

The same firm has also signed a lease for a new house in Chicago, to be known as Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall. It will be near the site of the old Chicago Music Hall, formerly controlled by this firm, and about which there was much litigation until the building was destroyed by fire. The Chicago house will be added to their circuit about Sept. 1.

Holmes Begins His Travelogues.

Burton Holmes began his series of illustrated lectures last night at Carnegie Hall, offering "Ceylon" as the subject of his first travelogue. The same lecture will be repeated at the Lyceum Theatre this afternoon and to-morrow afternoon. Next week Mr. Holmes will speak on "Egypt," first at Carnegie Hall on Sunday night and at the Lyceum Theatre on Monday and Tuesday afternoons.

Fashion Show at the Garden Next.

An exhibition of fashions will be given in Madison Square Garden for a week beginning Wednesday. Costumes from Paris and London and the work of American shops will be on view. The Spring fashions will be shown, and will be demonstrated by models from the large clothing houses of the city.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

H. B. Warner in Paul Armstrong's new play, "Alias Jimmy Valentine," will open at Wallack's Theatre to-morrow night, Jan. 18, and not to-night.

Maxine Elliott will open at Daly's Theatre in her new play, "The Inferior Sex," by Frank Stayton, on Monday, Jan. 24, instead of on Jan. 25.

The performances of "The Little Town of Bethlehem" at the Garden Theatre this evening and Wednesday afternoon will be for the benefit of the American Church Institute for Negroes.

The matinee of "The Prince of Bohemia," at the Hackett Theatre on Thursday afternoon will be attended by the members of Lew Fields's three other companies now playing in New York. Principals and choruses of "Old Dutch," "The Jolly Bachelors" and "The Midnight Sons" will occupy practically all of the seats in the theatre on that afternoon.

An attraction promised for Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre next week is a "bullet-proof lady," who permits a sharpshooter to fire a rifle bullet through her and shatter a glass globe placed behind her. A novelty promised for the same week at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre is Luigi Marabini, who carves things out of blocks of ice in full view of the audience. He was once employed in a New York restaurant to perform such feats.

TYSON WEDS MISS DAVIDSON.

Grandson of Founder of American News Co. Married in Florida.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 16.—John H. Tyson, grandson of the founder of the American News Company, and Miss Dorothy Davidson of New York were married to-day by a Justice of the Peace. A license was procured here yesterday by Mr. Tyson's private secretary, H. A. Thomas, who left this morning for Hobe Sound with Judge T. M. Rickards.

Judge Rickards, who returned at 9 o'clock to-night from Snug Harbor, the home of the late Charles B. Jefferson at Hobe Sound, where John H. Tyson has been staying with his stepmother, and Miss Davidson of New York, refused to be interviewed, but practically admitted that he married Mr. Tyson and Miss Davidson to-day.

It was learned that two women witnessed the ceremony, and it is supposed Mrs. Tyson was one, while it is believed here to-night that Miss Evelyn Dean, Miss Davidson's chum, was the other. It has been learned also that Mr. Tyson's secretary has engaged a suite at the St. Charles Hotel in New Orleans for a party of four for the Mardi Gras festivities.

MISS BERTRON TO WED.

Bridegroom S. A. Fahnestock, Grandson of H. C. Fahnestock, the Banker.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Reading Bertron announced yesterday the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Bertron, to Snowden Andrews Fahnestock, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Gibson Fahnestock of Washington, D. C., and a grandson of Harris C. Fahnestock of 457 Madison Avenue and a nephew of Dr. Ernest Fahnestock and of Dr. Clarence Fahnestock. He has a younger brother, Gibson, Jr. Mr. Fahnestock was graduated from Harvard, class of '08, is a member of the Union Club, and lives with his grandfather in New York.

Miss Bertron made her début a year or so ago, and is well known in society, as is her fiancé. No date has been set for the wedding.

CHAUFFEUR SCARED HIS FARE.

Drove Recklessly in Revenge for Having His Metre Questioned.

Robert H. Grimes, a lawyer of 10 West Sixty-first Street, wished last night to go with his wife to West Ninety-second Street. He called up the Hotel Cadillac and ordered a taxicab. When it arrived he noticed that the double fare register was working as though four persons were to be carried and called the attention of Joseph Pearlstone, the chauffeur, to the fact.

"Take it or leave it," replied the man. "The other register is out of order. If you want to ride that's the box you'll have to go by."

Mr. Grimes objected strongly, and as he was disputing on the sidewalk a policeman came along. He heard the debate and appointed himself arbitrator.

"Name a price for the ride," he told the chauffeur, "or you'll have to come along with me."

Pearlstone then agreed to take Mr. and Mrs. Grimes to their destination for $1, and they got in.

As soon as the taxi ran into Broadway the chauffeur began to play tricks. He drove back and forth across the street as though he were tacking against a head wind. He grazed two automobiles, and just managed to avoid running down two or three persons on foot. His passengers were jostled about on their seats, and Mrs. Grimes was thoroughly frightened.

By the time they had reached Sixty-fourth Street she was completely unnerved. Mr. Grimes let down the window, reached out in front, and hauled Pearlstone off the box. As the chauffeur's foot was taken from the bolt controlling the power the cab stopped.

Patrolman Landes of the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station arrested Pearlstone and took him to the Night Court, where he was arraigned before Magistrate Kernochan. When Mr. and Mrs. Grimes had given their testimony the court said:

"I've had a good many cases of reckless auto driving, but this is the first time I ever knew the passengers to complain of their own chauffeur."

Pearlstone pleaded in his own defense that he was unable to control his machine and it was only skidding.

Magistrate Kernochan did not believe him and fined him $10.

AIRSHIPS UP IN HIGH WIND.

Curtiss, Paulhan, and Hamilton Race Over Los Angeles Field.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 16.—Wind and rain conspired to-day to test the airships flying on Aviation Field. The result was a victory for Glenn H. Curtiss and Louis Paulhan. In half a gale of wind Curtiss rose to a height of more than 100 feet and there described circles in daring fashion, lifting and dipping and beating against the wind. He finished by cutting a figure eight. Paulhan strove to outdo this, going up 512 feet and circling about like a hawk.

Then Curtiss, Paulhan, and Charles K. Hamilton, each driving his own machine, swung around in an aerial Marathon. At times they raced together against the wind. They flew under and over each other.

Paulhan, after finding that his machine was standing the strain well, made another trip for speed. In four rounds his best lap was 2:30 3-5. Curtiss's record is 2:12.

Finding that he could not win in this, Paulhan tried to lower Curtiss's starting record. He made it on the soft turf in 118.3 feet. Curtiss's record is 98 feet.

Roy Knabenshue and Lincoln Beachey brought out their dirigible. They went up and struggled hard against the wind for half a mile, and then gave up, whirling back over the grand stand at high speed.

As the spectators were filing out Paulhan appeared on the horizon with two mechanicians behind him, a dangerous feat in such a wind. After a short run with them he took up Clifford B. Harmon, a New York balloonist.

Great interest centres in Paulhan's attempt to win the Michelin Cup for long-distance flight to-morrow. If the weather permits he will start early. It will be necessary to go over the new triangular course more than thirty-five times to beat the record of 144 miles held by Henry Farman. Paulhan thinks it will be a great joke to win this event in a machine bought from Farman.

Aeroplane Society in the Y. M. C. A.

To encourage the study of aviation and afford a means for the interchange of ideas among the members, the October graduating class in aeronautics of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association yesterday organized an Aeronautic Alumni Association. It is the purpose of the alumni to take an active interest in the work of the students of the West Side Association and to hold weekly contests of model aeroplanes.

Free Tea with Your Vaudeville.

Beginning to-day tea and coffee will be served at the Plaza Music Hall during the afternoon and evening performances. A large room at the left of the promenade on the orchestra floor has been converted into a tearoom, and English waitresses have been engaged to serve the patrons of the theatre. There will be no charge for the refreshments, and tips to the waitresses will be strictly prohibited. E. L. Bloom, general manager for William Morris, Incorporated, said yesterday that if the plan was a success it would be adopted in the other Morris vaudeville houses.

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MISS MORGAN HEARS SOCIALIST DEBATE

Silent as Hillquit Says He'd Pension Rockefeller and Feed Him Bread and Milk.

LITTLETON ANSWERS HIM

Socialists Housemovers, Not Builders, He Says, and Their Theory of Government a Mirage.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Before the largest audience which ever attended a session of the New Rochelle People's Forum, Martin W. Littleton and Morris Hillquit, the east side Socialist leader, to-day debated at the New Rochelle Theatre on the problems of "Socialism and Individualism." Preceding the debate the speakers were entertained at dinner by Justice Martin J. Keogh, the founder of the Forum.

Miss Anne Morgan, daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, and Mrs. Littleton occupied boxes at the theatre.

Another interested spectator was Prof. Isaac F. Russell, who is to debate with Mr. Hillquit on Socialism, in Brooklyn, next Sunday.

Conde B. Pallen, editor of The Catholic Encyclopedia, presided.

"Socialism," said Mr. Hillquit, "is not a fad; it has 40,000,000 of followers all over the world. It is a great moral wave which has been going on for fifty years and it unites all classes of men and women, without regard to race and condition, for the economic emancipation of mankind."

"Concretely stated, the Socialists advocate the collective ownership by the people of all social instruments of production, such as the lands, railroads, mines, and manufacturing industries, and the democratic administration of these National industries for the benefit of the entire population. We contend that poverty is absolutely unnatural and unnecessary."

In his answering argument Mr. Littleton said:

"The Socialists want to destroy economic liberty. They don't want to take our personal liberty, because if they were successful they would have to give up their own. Mr. Hillquit says that the Socialists believe that it is necessary to take away our private property. How will they take the private property? Will they buy it? If so, where will they get the money? [Laughter.] And if they do buy it, what would they do with the fellows who get the money for their property? Would they allow them to invest it again? If so, then we would have only swapped dollars.

"In the short time that I have examined Socialistic literature I have found no writer who has been able to tell me how the Socialists were going to run the Government in case they got it. They say to you that they are not architects. I suppose, then, they are simply what might be called 'housemovers.' Their policy is one of disorganization. They can tear down the house, but they cannot rebuild it."

Mr. Hillquit replied with an attack on John D. Rockefeller and the rich in general, saying:

"The Socialists might pension off Mr. Rockefeller and allow him all the biscuits and milk that he needed, but they would not allow men like him to hoard up millions for generations to come while under their very eyes babies were starving."

To this Mr. Littleton said that without such men as Mr. Rockefeller, Socialism would almost collapse.

"I don't want you to rob me of my property," said he, "simply because Mr. Rockefeller robbed somebody else. But seriously speaking," he added, "I don't know whether Mr. Rockefeller ever robbed anybody, but I do know that there is a vast class of citizens who haven't robbed anybody and they don't propose to be robbed, either.

"You tell us that you would give Mr. Rockefeller his bread and milk and you would take his stocks and bonds. What would you do with Mr. Edison and the other great men of genius who have made this country what it is to-day? Would you strap them down in a strait jacket of Socialism and take their earnings and give them only bread and milk?

"The time will come when competition will destroy the trusts. [Cries of Never! Never!] But Socialism will make this country more like the workhouse than a commonwealth. It would mean that every man would get his suit, his hours and work assigned to him, and a certain amount of food doled out each day. It would shackle the man of genius to the sluggard. It is a mirage."

WANT MISS TAFT HERE.

Waistmakers Hope She Will Come to Study the Strike.

The Vassar graduates in the Women's Trade Union League, some of whom experienced the thrills of being arrested as pickets for the striking waistmakers, were deeply interested yesterday at the news from Philadelphia that Miss Helen Taft, daughter of President Taft, has taken a sympathetic interest in the Philadelphia strikers and will bring the matter before the President. Miss Violet Pike said the league would probably send a letter of thanks to Miss Taft.

"While Miss Taft received the information about the strike which evoked her sympathy for the Philadelphia strikers from Mrs. Raymond Robins, National President of the league, who is in touch with all the locals," said Miss Pike, "we would be glad to have her come here and study the conditions among the waist girls at first hand. I believe it will be a great thing to have the sympathy of a young woman like Miss Helen Taft."

Mrs. Eva McDonald Valesh, an organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who has been in this city for some weeks in connection with the waistmakers' strike, went to Washington yesterday as a delegate to the National Conference on Uniform Legislation under the auspices of the Civic Federation, which begins to-day. While there she will have a private interview by appointment with President Taft.

A benefit in aid of the strikers was given yesterday in the Thalia Theatre, on the Bowery.

MAY OBEY SPINSTER'S WILL.

Though Relative Objects, Trustee Demands That the Body Be Stabbed.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—The police had to be called out this afternoon to keep a crowd from tearing down the house at 342 Main Street, where the body of Miss Laura White, the rich recluse, was found yesterday.

Miss White's will has caused a clash between the Fidelity Title and Trust Company of Pittsburg and Dr. Robert White of Connellsville, her only living relative in this vicinity. Dr. White insists on disobeying the provision of the will asking that her heart be stabbed three times after she has been dead ten days. President C. S. Gray of the trust company insists that the requirements of the will be carried out. Dr. White may enter court to-morrow in an attempt to prevent what he calls desecration.

The body is now at an undertaker's, and will be cremated as soon as the stabbing is done. The day set is to-morrow, as it is agreed that the woman died on Jan. 7.

From those who had known the woman long it was learned to-day that she had been haunted with a fear that she would be buried alive. Forty-five years ago she was engaged to marry a young man named Graham, who died suddenly. Months later it was necessary to move the body to another cemetery. The coffin was opened, and the body was found to have turned on its side.

THE PHILHARMONIC AGAIN.

Sunday Afternoon Concert at Carnegie Hall with Rachmaninoff as Soloist.

The Philharmonic Society, with Gustav Mahler as conductor, added still another concert to its already formidable list yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The programme on this occasion, however, contained no novelties. The Bach suite for orchestra, which Mr. Mahler has compounded out of selections from the second and third Bach suites, was again heard, and the orchestra also played the Vorspiel and Liebestod from "Tristan und Isolde" and the overture to "The Bartered Bride," both of which Mr. Mahler has conducted at the Metropolitan Opera House.

Sergei Rachmaninoff, the Russian composer-pianist, was the soloist, playing his third concerto in D minor. This concerto, it will be remembered, was given its initial performance anywhere at The New Theatre by Rachmaninoff in conjunction with the Symphony Society of New York on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 28. It was repeated at the concert of the same society the following Tuesday. Yesterday was its third performance, and on this occasion the favorable impression it had made when it was played before was deepened. It is more mature, more finished, more interesting in its structure, and more effective than Rachmaninoff's other compositions in this form.

The first theme of the first movement, very Russian in its spirit, is extremely beautiful, and the finale is inspiring, with its succession of nervous rhythms and its noble coda. It was felt by many yesterday, as it had been at the first performance of the work, that many another pianist could play it better than the composer. However, Rachmaninoff gave it a sympathetic reading, if lacking in some of the brilliancy which parts of the work demand. The orchestra played a fine accompaniment. The audience recalled the composer several times.

NEW TENOR INTRODUCED.

Youth Picked from Vaudeville Encored at the Manhattan.

Oscar Hammerstein sprang a surprise upon last night's Sunday concert audience at the Manhattan Opera House by introducing his new tenor, Orville Harrold, for the first time in public since he has been studying to sing in opera. The programme announced that Mr. Mariani would sing "Ridi Pagliacco" and "La Donna e Mobile" as the third number. When this number was reached Arthur Hammerstein stepped before the footlights and said:

"Instead of Mr. Mariani, Mr. Orville Harrold will sing to-night. Mr. Harrold is an Indianapolis boy whom my father discovering singing in vaudeville a few months ago. Since then he has been studying in New York, and in a few weeks my father intends to send him to Paris to finish his studies with Jean de Reszke. You will therefore this evening have an opportunity to judge of the future of this young man."

There seemed to be no doubt of the fact that the new tenor pleased the audience. He was wildly applauded after the "Pagliacci" air, and was forced to repeat "La Donna e Mobile." After this he was recalled several times, and finally added a ballad called "The Secret," by John Plindell Scott.

The other soloists of the evening were Mmes. Mazarin, D'Alvarez, Duchene, Grippon, and Baron, and Messrs. Duffault, Crabbe, Laskin, and Huberdeau. Mr. de la Fuente conducted the orchestra through his own "Chant du Soir" and several other numbers.

LAST SONATA RECITAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Mannes Heard at Stuyvesant Theatre.

Mr. and Mrs. David Mannes gave their last sonata recital of the season last evening in the Stuyvesant Theatre before a good-sized and sympathetic audience. The stage was set in the same way that it has been at the other recitals in this series, a manner which, taken together with the shaded lamps in the theatre, is calculated to bring the auditors into close touch with the performers and to make listening a pleasure.

The programme last evening included Grieg's last sonata for violin and piano, in C minor; Beethoven's G major sonata, César Franck's A major sonata, and a romance by Leopold Damrosch, which was played to honor that musician's memory, as the twenty-fifth anniversary of the date of his death falls in February of this year.

In the Grieg sonata Mr. and Mrs. Mannes were heard at their best. They played the music in a not too sentimental spirit of romance, and Mrs. Mannes never made the piano part too prominent. A better tone from the violin could, however, have sometimes been desired.

The Metropolitan Concert.

The soloists at last night's concert at the Metropolitan Opera House were Mmes. Osborn-Hannah, de Pasquali, and Fabbri and Messrs. Hall, Duttiloy, and Witherspoon. The orchestra, under the direction of Mr. Bendix, played the overture "Fingal's Cave," the "Peer Gynt" suite, Elgar's march, "Pomp and Circumstance," and the overture to "Oberon."

Col. George V. Thompson.

Col. George V. Thompson, a paper manufacturer, of 44 Murray Street, died yesterday of acute indigestion at his home, 54 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, after a few days' illness. He was in his eightieth year. He was born in 1830 in Dalton, Mass., and moved fifty years ago to Herkimer County, N. Y., where he organized a militia company on the outbreak of the civil war. This was absorbed into the Thirty-fourth Regiment, New York Volunteers. Starting as Lieutenant, he served throughout the war. He became Colonel of the 152d Regiment, New York Volunteers. At the battle of Spottsylvania Court House Col. Thompson was severely wounded. At the close of the war he became a paper manufacturer at 44 Murray Street. He was a member of the Loyal Legion. A widow and one son survive him.

Archer Baker.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Archer Baker, European Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, died here to-day.

Archer Baker was born in England in 1845, but emigrated to Canada at an early age. He held the posts of Secretary, Treasurer, and General Manager of the Brockville & Ottawa and the Canadian Central Railways for some years, and then became the General European Traffic Agent at London of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. GEORGE L. COBURN, whose husband is a retired Methodist clergyman, died at her home in Winsted, Conn., of bronchitis last night. She was 76 years old.

ANNIE A. COLGATE, widow of Bowles Colgate, died yesterday at her home, 50 East Fifty-seventh Street. Mrs. Colgate was Miss Annie A. Shields.

Col. JAMES LOWNDES, a retired lawyer of Washington, D. C., died Saturday afternoon at Augusta, Ga., where he had gone two months ago to escape the Winter of Washington. He was about 75 years old. Col. Lowndes was born in Charleston, S. C., a member of one of the old families of that State. He served throughout the civil war in one of the Charleston regiments, attaining the rank of Colonel early in his career. After the war he practiced law in Washington, D. C., retiring from active life about six years ago. In 1890 he was married to Miss Laura Tuckerman of New York, who survives him.

DENNIS J. O'CONNELL, for twenty-five years a member of Typographical Union No. 6 in Manhattan, died at his home, 995 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday of pneumonia. He was 51 years old. He was a student at Notre Dame University, Indiana, in 1871 to 1876, being a classmate of the Rev. Luke J. Evers, pastor of St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Church in Duane Street, this city, who started the custom of having mass at 2:30 o'clock every Sunday at his church for the nightworkers of Park Row. Mr. O'Connell left a wife and a brother, Peter J. O'Connell, a proofreader. The burial will be to-day in St. John's Cemetery.

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N. Y. ASSOCIATION for IMPROVING the CONDITION OF THE POOR—1843-1910.

R. Fulton Cutting, Pres.

GIRL PUPILS HEALTHY WITH NO VACATION

In Fact the 18 Months' Term of the Hebrew Technical School Seems of Physical Benefit.

PLENTY OF EXERCISE THERE

The Results of Scientific Tests Awaited with Interest by Educators—Graduates Aid the School.

At the annual meeting of the supporters of the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, at Fifteenth Street and Second Avenue, yesterday, Nathaniel Myers, the President, said that some of the financial support of the school came from girl graduates who wished to help needy girls gain a training, and consequently remunerative and independent employment.

"As an instance of the fine spirit of these girls," said President Myers, "I want to tell you of a case that happened only recently. A young girl who was graduated from our school not so very long ago came to me two weeks ago with a ten-dollar bill and said she wanted to give it to the school. Prior to that she had come with other money.

"When that girl was in our school her family was in miserably poor circumstances; so much so, indeed, that, according to our custom, we gave the girl an allowance of $1 a week. We wanted to give her $2 a week, but she refused, saying that she could manage on $1.

"When she came to me with her $10 I told her that this institution, supported by wealthy people to the extent of thousands of dollars a year, didn't need her small contribution. I did not want to take it, because I knew how her family was living.

"She insisted, however, and since she insisted it was received with gratitude.

"Now it is very difficult for you who are not in want to understand the meaning of such a gift. It meant actual privation to that girl. It is a common thing, apparently, among wealthy people to expect gratitude and assistance from beneficiaries of institutions. And, for some reason that I cannot fathom, more is expected of poor girls than of poor boys, and also, for some reason or other, more is expected of poor boys than of rich boys.

"You wealthy people send your boys to college, and nothing is expected of them. We look for no assistance from the girls who leave here, because we know that in most cases they are the main support of families. Nevertheless they come to us, and when they give they do so always at a sacrifice, for not one of them can give out of a superfluity of this world's goods."

Many Applications for Entrance.

Mr. Myers described the growth of the school in the past year as phenomenal. There were at present 400 girls, the largest number ever in the school. A number would be graduated in March, when there would be places for 150 more girls. Already 450 applications had been received.

Investigation showed that 1,120 of the graduates earned in salaries during the year $635,752.

At first, Mr. Myers continued, the graduates earned $4 or $5. In a short time they earned $15, $18, $20, and sometimes $30 a week.

The expenses of the school last year were $49,074, and the income was $49,771, it was reported. Mr. Myers made a plea for the establishment of scholarship funds of $2,500. The income of each would support one girl a year. Several such scholarships had already been given, he said, and in this way it was hoped the school would become independent.

Cyrus L. Sulzberger, President of the United Hebrew Charities, after Mr. Myers's report, spoke of the benefits of the school's training.

"Although," said he, "a great many of these girls belong to the families of extremely poor people, in the thousands of cases of the poor needing relief which have passed through the hands of the charities, I actually do not recall one family in which there was a girl graduate of the Hebrew Technical School. In other words, these hundreds of girls are all adding to the support of their families and in some cases they are the entire support."

School's Unusual Methods.

President Myers announced that a series of important tests as to the health of the pupils was in progress. He had received assurance from scientists and educators that the results of these tests might lead to a revolution in educational methods.

"We give our girls no vacation," said he, "but have a continuous session of eighteen months.

"During that time we give them medical attention, plenty of fresh air, exercise in the gymnasium and swimming pool, and nourishment twice during the day. They stay here all day long.

"We believe that this unusual school system, forced upon us by necessity, has not only no bad effect on the girls, but that their health actually improves under it.

"The figures of the physicians are not ready yet. We are hoping they will more than justify our policy, and the results are being awaited with deep interest by educators."

These Trustees were elected at the meeting: Henry C. Bernheim, Mrs. J. N. Bloom, Louis Blumgart, Myron I. Borg, Maurice Brill, Mrs. Simon Hirschbach, Miss Olivia Leventritt, and A. L. Strouse.

POLICE COURTS UPSET.

Illness of Two Magistrates Makes Trouble in the Calendar.

The strain of court work, which is supposed to have caused the death, only a few years ago, of Magistrates Mott and Meade, has seriously threatened two of the present Magistrates, Leroy B. Crane and Daniel E. Finn, both of whom are under care of physicians.

Magistrate Crane is being treated in a sanitarium at Saratoga and his condition, according to word which reached the city yesterday, is not encouraging. Magistrate Finn is at his home in Broome Street, and is said to be an extremely sick man.

Both Magistrates Crane and Finn have suffered from nervous breakdown. Magistrate Crane, whose condition has been considerably worse than that of his colleague, was reported yesterday in a letter received by another Magistrate as being just able to get around with the assistance of a nurse.

Magistrate Finn has been away from court for three months. He remained at work until his physician told him that to continue would be extremely hazardous. He took a trip out of town, remaining away for nearly a month, but the rest did not seem to improve his health. He is now under rigid diet, as is the case with Magistrate Crane.

One of the Magistrates said yesterday that the extra work they have shouldered in the last six months has been extremely hard to carry. At present the Magistrates have to sit, as a rule, from 9 o'clock in the morning until late in the day to clear their calendars. They sit every day in the week, including Sundays, and do not take holidays off.

Couple in Bed Robbed of $500.

Three men broke into the room occupied by Joseph Velli and his wife in a lodging house at 236 Elizabeth Street Saturday night and stole $500 and a gold chain worth $25. The Velli couple are vegetable dealers and the $500 represented their savings. Their treasure was in the mattress on which they slept and when the robbers entered one seized the woman, one the man, while the third ripped up the mattress and got the money and chain.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ARNOLD.—Jan. 11, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Arnold, a son.

GREENEBAUM.—Jan. 14, to Mr. and Mrs. Max Greenebaum, a daughter.

HIRSCHFELD.—Jan. 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Hirschfeld, a son.

LEVY.—Jan. 11, to Mr. and Mrs. Ira J. Levy, a daughter.

MAIER.—Jan. 9, to Mr. and Mrs. B. Maier, a daughter.

ROSENTHAL.—Jan. 13, to Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Rosenthal, a daughter.

Married.

BOYLAN—MEEKER.—Annie Boylan of Mobile, Ala., to Joel Lewis Meeker, at Rectory St. Patrick's Cathedral, Jan. 16, 1910.

BENNETT—HACKLITS.—On Jan. 15, 1910, Miss Rose Hacklits to James E. Bennett, by the Rev. Louis Kovac.

CHAPMAN — WOODROUGH. — Jan. 6, Alice Woodrough to George A. Chapman.

HARRIS—ABELES.—Jan. 10, Mabel Abeles to Maurice Harris.

HOCHDORF—LIVINGSTON.—Jan. 9, Victoria Livingston to Ed M. Hochdorf.

LEVINE—MENDEL.—Jan. 12, Florence B. Mendel to Sidney R. Levine.

ROSENBLATT—MORRIS.—Jan. 10, Belle Morris to Sydney Rosenblatt.

TAUSICK—SILBERMANN.—Jan. 12, Beckie Silbermann to Walter P. Tausick.

Died.

ATKINSON.—On Jan. 16, at 302 West 79th St., James S. Atkinson. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St.

BAKER.—On Saturday, Jan. 15, Rachel Esther, widow of William D. Baker and daughter of the late David B. Keeler, in the 73d year of her age. Funeral services at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, on Monday, Jan. 17, at 12 o'clock.

BOYCE.—At No. 19 West 10th St., Jan. 14, Caroline M. Boyce, widow of Charles Goodrich Boyce and eldest daughter of the late Allen Wardwell and Caroline Cock Hardie, in her 84th year. Funeral services at St. Ann's Church, East 12th St., on Monday, the 17th inst., at 10 A. M. Interment private.

CARELL.—Suddenly, on Jan. 15, August F. Carell. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, Verona, N. J. Carriages at Montclair will meet Lackawanna train leaving West 23d St. at 12:30 P. M.

CARTER.—At Whippany, N. J., Saturday, Jan. 15, Eliza Wayne Carter, formerly of Savannah, in her 78th year. Burial at Whippany, Jan. 18.

COLGATE.—On Sunday, Jan. 16, at her residence, 50 East 57th St., Annie A., wife of the late Bowles Colgate. Funeral services will be held at the Madison Avenue M. E. Church, Madison Av. and 60th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 2 P. M.

COMSTOCK.—At his home, Newark, N. J., Jan. 16, 1910, William Tompkins Comstock, son of the late Rev. David Close Comstock of Stamford, Conn., in the 68th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment at Nashua, N. H.

CONKLIN.—In New York City, Jan. 16, 1910, Minnie Ferguson Conklin, wife of Richmond Conklin and daughter of Mary J. and the late George W. Ferguson. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COOK.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1910, Robert Edward, son of Robert B. M. Cook, aged 17 years. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at St. Peter's Church at 2:30 o'clock.

CREEDE.—On Friday, Jan. 14, Joseph R. Creede, for twenty-six years a valued member of the office staff of Lewis & Conger. In recognition of his loyalty, zeal, and sterling honesty in uninterrupted long services this announcement is made.

CROSBY.—On Jan. 14, Benjamin Jesop Crosby. Funeral at late residence, 541 Westfield Av., Westfield, N. J. Monday, Jan. 17, 5 P. M.

DOUGLAS.—On Jan. 15, at Spuyten Duyvil, Neomi Eleanore, second daughter of James Douglas. Burial in Quebec, Canada.

DUNLAP.—Jan. 15, William W. Dunlap. Body lying at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Campbell Building.

ENGLER.—At Goldfields, Nevada, January seventh, (7th,) suddenly, of heart disease, in his forty-first (41st) year, Adolph Engler, son of the late Adolph W. Engler. Funeral private. Interment in family plot, Greenwood Cemetery.

ERDMAN.—After a short illness, Henry Erdman, aged 52 years, beloved husband of Hattie Altmayer Erdman and beloved son of Babette and the late John Erdman. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FISHER.—On Sunday morning, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Goodhue, 157 East 34th St., Harriet Keeler Lott, wife of the late George Cooper Fisher, in her 82d year. Funeral services Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 18, at 4 o'clock at St. Mark's in the Bowerie, 10th St. and 2d Av. Interment private.

FORBES.—At Greenwich, Conn., Jan. 15, Allen Boyd, Jr., son of Allen B. and Laura Hately Forbes, aged 4. Funeral at Greenwich Monday, 3:15 P. M.

GILMAN.—In Baltimore, Friday, Jan. 14, Elisabeth Dwight Woolsey Gilman, widow of Daniel Coit Gilman and daughter of John M. and Jane Andrews Woolsey. Funeral services on Monday at 3:30 o'clock at St. Paul's Church, Baltimore.

HADDOCK.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1910, Mary A., widow of Arthur H. M. Haddock. Funeral service from her late residence, 28 Clinton Place, on Tuesday at 3:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

HINCKLEY.—On Sunday, Jan. 16, Elihu G. Hinckley. Funeral services at 1,275 Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, the 18th, at 2:30 P. M.

LANGRIDGE.—James Lewis, born at Salisbury, England, in his 79th year, passed quietly away Saturday, Jan. 15, at 3 A. M., at his late residence, 15 Mitchell Place. Funeral private, Tuesday, 10 A. M.

LEONARD.—On Friday, Jan. 14, at his residence, 224 East 11th St., William H. Leonard, the beloved husband of Katharine Leonard (nee Mulholland) and brother of Mary Katharine. Funeral on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 10 A. M., thence to Church of the Nativity. Interment Calvary.

LOWNDES.—At Agusta, Ga., Jan. 15, 1910, James Lowndes. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 18, at 11 o'clock.

McCRODDEN.—At Westport, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, Jeannette Winter McCrodden. Funeral services at Westport. Interment private, Monday, at Greenwood Cemetery.

MOSS.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, at her residence, 543 Madison Av., Octavia Adelaide Moss, widow of Theodore Moss, Funeral private.

MURRAY.—On Friday, Jan. 14, 1910, Charles Murray, in his 70th year. Funeral services Monday, Jan. 17, 3 P. M., at his late residence, 14 Mulford St., East Orange, N. J. Trains leave Hoboken via D., L. & W. Railroad at 2:05 P. M. Carriages in waiting.

NUNNS.—On Saturday, Jan. 15, at her late residence, 639 Walton Av., New York City, Jane, widow of William Nunns, aged 73 years. Funeral services Monday, Jan. 17, 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

O'BRIEN.—At Briarcliff, N. Y., Jan. 16, Henry Everett O'Brien, in the 34th year of his age, beloved son of Henry Stanton and the late Mary Elizabeth O'Brien. Notice of funeral hereafter. Southern papers please copy.

PERRY.—At her home, Westport, Conn., on Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, Susan Morse Perry, daughter of the late Charles Walker and Mannette Lansing Morse of Saybrook, Conn., and wife of George K. Perry. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Westport, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 10:05 A. M. train from Grand Central Depot and the 10:40 A. M. train from New Haven. Interment at the convenience of the family. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

POLLOCK.—Suddenly on Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, Mary Isabelle, widow of Alexander F. Pollock, and eldest daughter of the late Andrew Fletcher. Funeral services at her late residence, The Chatsworth, 344 West 72d St., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 11 A. M. Interment at convenience of the family. Denver and San Francisco papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—In New Brunswick, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 16, 1910, Mary, daughter of the late Dr. F. R. and Anna Scott Smith, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 3 o'clock.

TOPPING.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Jan. 15, Elizabeth C., wife of Philip G. Topping. Funeral service Monday, Jan. 17, at 8 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, 129 West 129th St. Interment private.

TRUAX.—On Friday, Jan. 14, 1910, Charles H. Truax, beloved husband of Caroline Truax, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services will be held in the West Presbyterian Church, 42d St., between Fifth and Sixth Avs., on Monday morning, Jan. 17, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

VAN HOVENBERG.—

NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

New York, January 15th, 1910.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

GENERAL ORDER.

The President, with deep regret, announces to the Society the death of Henry Clay Van Hovenberg, an hereditary member of the Society, at Eau Claire, Wisconsin, on Monday, the 3d instant, in the 79th year of his age.

TALBOT OLYPHANT, President.

FRANCIS BURRALL HOFFMAN, Secretary.

AULD.—Jane, 53 1st St., Woodlawn Heights, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BOURKE.—Margaret A., 461 Lexington Av., Jan. 15. Funeral notice later.

COHEN.—Marcus, 995 Union Av., Bronx, Jan. 15, aged 91.

CROWLEY.—Johanna, 544 West 43d St., Jan. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

EILEEN.—Honora, 27 Dominick St., Jan. 15.

DOYLE.—Clear M., 235 West 51st St., Jan. 15, aged 31.

Died.

HALLIGAN.—John, 400 1st Av., Jan. 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HIGGINS.—Timothy, 421 West 34th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 9:20 A. M.

HORAN.—William R., 216 East 70th St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

JONSON.—Fanny, 3,810 Broadway, Jan. 15, aged 70.

KELLY.—Alice, 375 West 46th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KUMMER.—Jane, 848 3d Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

LEAMY.—Joseph F., 1,107 Simpson St., Bronx, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

McFARLANE.—William D., Albany, N. Y., Jan. 13. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

McGINN.—John, 604 10th Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

MAASS.—Louis, 107 West 138th St., Jan. 14, aged 72.

MAYER.—Elsie, 729 Forest Av., Bronx, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow noon.

MURPHY.—Helen T., 134 East 94th St., Jan. 14, aged 5. Funeral private.

NORDEN.—Henry, 3,401 Olinsville Av., Williamsbridge, Jan. 15, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

POTTER.—John, Yonkers, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

REYNOLDS.—Jennie, Otisville, N. Y., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

REYNOLDS.—Mary E., Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

RODGERS.—Sarah, 53 East 117th St., Jan. 15, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SIMON.—Fanny, 1,038 Hoe St., Bronx, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

SMITH.—Anne M., Westfield, Jan. 15, aged 49. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SPEAR.—Myron, Yonkers, Jan. 15, aged 77.

WILCOX.—Harriet, 303 West 113th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

WOLFBERG.—Solomon, 787 Prospect Av., Bronx, Jan. 15, aged 46. Funeral to-day.

Brooklyn.

BROWNING.—Hull, 193 Tillary St., Jan. 14, aged 53. Funeral to-day.

CLOHESSY.—James, 325 Rodney St., Jan. 13.

CURRY.—Mary, 1,320 Avenue I, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DARBY.—Henry R., 1,108 Cortelyou St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

DOWD.—Patrick, 22 Catherine St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GARVEY.—Edward F., 142 North Elliott Place, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GRIMES.—Thomas, 664 Manhattan Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GUIDERE.—Margaret, 182 7th Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HIGGINS.—Ann, 190 President St., Jan. 14. Funeral Jan. 19.

KAVANAGH.—Thomas, 256 51st St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

McCANN.—Henry, 702 5th Av., Jan. 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

SCHERRER.—John, 384 Quincy St., Jan. 14, aged 85. Funeral to-day.

SCHLOER.—Carl P., 309 Keap St., Jan. 14, aged 75.

SPENCER.—Hiram P., 558 11th St., Jan. 14, aged 69.

SOLOMON.—Charles, 75 Keap St., Jan. 14, aged 67.

STEVENS.—Sarah E., 821 Lafayette Av., Jan. 14, aged 56. Funeral to-day.

STEWART.—Sarah J., 218 Patchen Av., Jan. 14. Funeral service to-day.

TIMONEY.—John, 809 Sterling Place, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

VINEY.—Alfred W., 1,425 Sterling Place, Jan. 15, aged 33. Funeral service to-day.

WHITE.—Sarah L., 97 North Oxford St., Jan. 15, aged 57. Funeral to-morrow.

Connecticut.

BOND.—Alexander, Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow.

PERRY.—Susan M., Wesport, Jan. 15.

SHERWOOD.—Eva H., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WAKELEE.—Sidney L., 293 Norman St., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 74. Funeral to-day.

Long Island.

FOGGAN.—Margaret, 75 16th Av., Astoria, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day.

FYNES.—John, 3,609 Beaufort St., Morris Park, Jan. 15.

SCOTT.—Emeline, Lawrence, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

New Jersey.

BARTON.—Elizabeth, Vailsburg, Jan. 15, aged 39.

COUSINS.—Patrick, 150 Bowery St., Newark, Jan. 15.

McCLATCHEY.—James F., 768 Bergen St., Newark, Jan. 15.

McGLYNN.—Maria, 410 Hamilton St., Harrison, Jan. 15.

MORRIS.—Minnie, Newark, Jan. 14, aged 28. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

OHL.—Katherine, 171 Washington Av., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow.

OTTO.—Amanda C., 39 South St., Jersey City, Jan. 14. Funeral private.

PONTO.—Louis, North Bergen, Jan. 14, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REYMANN.—Sophie C., 647 Garden St., Hoboken, Jan. 15, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow.

SKELLY.—Margaret, Newark, Jan. 14.

SMITH.—William S., Springfield, Jan. 15, aged 83.

STEEPLE.—John E., 164 East Kinney St., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 75.

STEVENS.—Melinda, 155 Sherman Av., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 84.

STEWARD.—Hiram P., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow.

In Memoriam.

ACKERLY.—Vera, mass, Church of the Ascension, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

BICKMAN.—Elizabeth, mass, St. Joseph's Church to-day, 7:30 A. M.

CARPLES.—Emanuel, in memory of; died Jan. 17, 1909.

COYNE.—Catherine, mass, St. Peter's Church, Belleville, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

EARLY.—John, mass, Church of St. Francis Xavier, Jan. 20, 10 A. M.

ECKERT.—John H., in memory of; died Jan. 19, 1885.

FITZSIMMONS.—Mary A., mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., Jan. 19, 8 A. M.

FRIBOURG.—Eugene, in memory of; died Jan. 17, 1903.

GILLIN.—Robert F., mass, St. Augustine's Church, Brooklyn, to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GORDON.—Henry J., mass, Church of St. Charles Borromeo to-day, 10 A. M.

GREILSHEIMER.—David, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Jan. 23, 2 P. M.

LOGES.—John H., in memory of; died Jan. 17, 1909.

McCARTHY.—Ellen G., in memory of; died Jan. 20, 1909.

McKEAN.—Richard, mass, Sacred Heart Chapel, Vailsburg, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

McLEAN.—James, mass, St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

MARKS.—Harriet, in memory of; died Jan. 17, 1898.

ROGERS.—Hannah, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

STEWART.—Mathew, in memory of; died Jan. 17, 1909.

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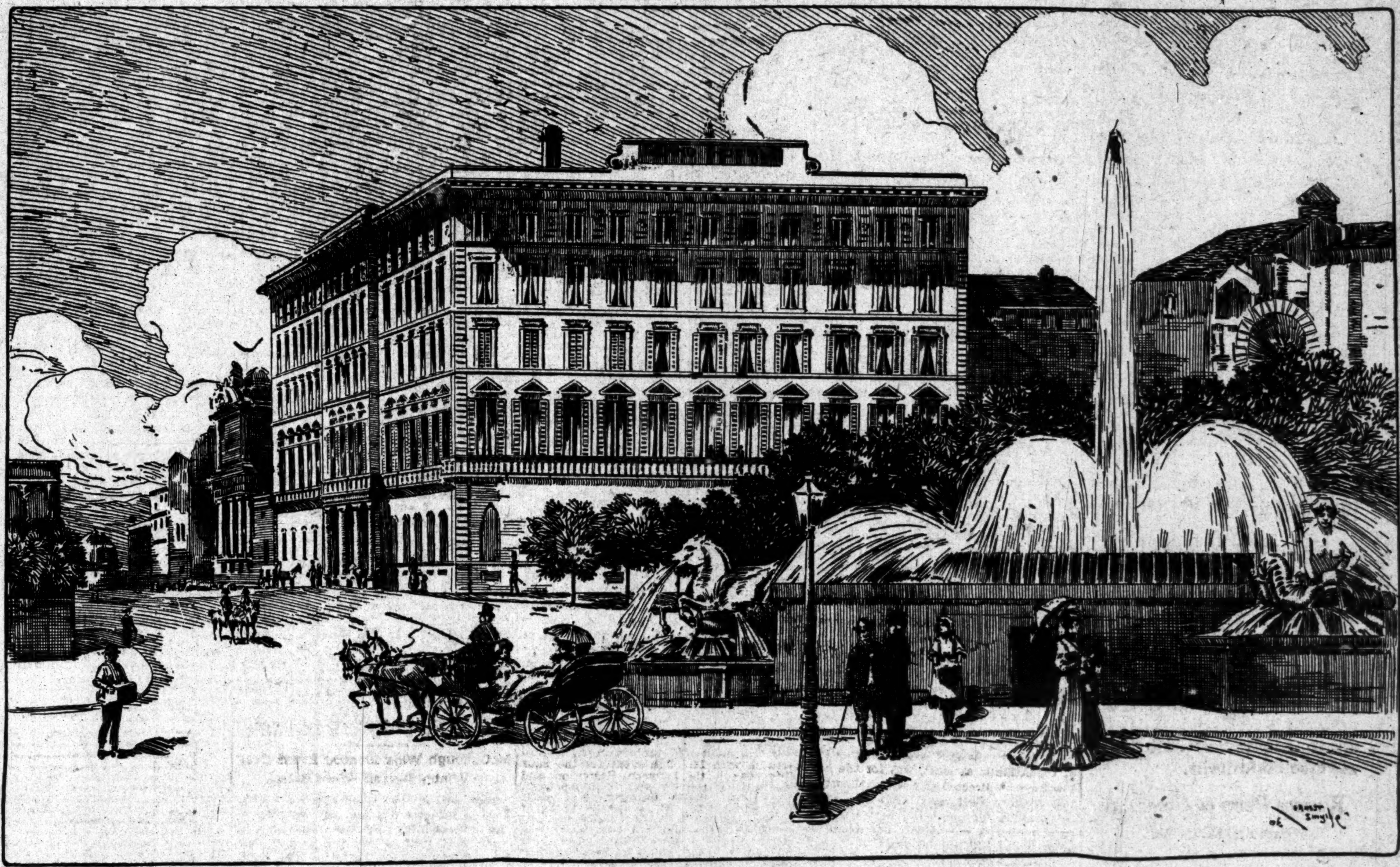

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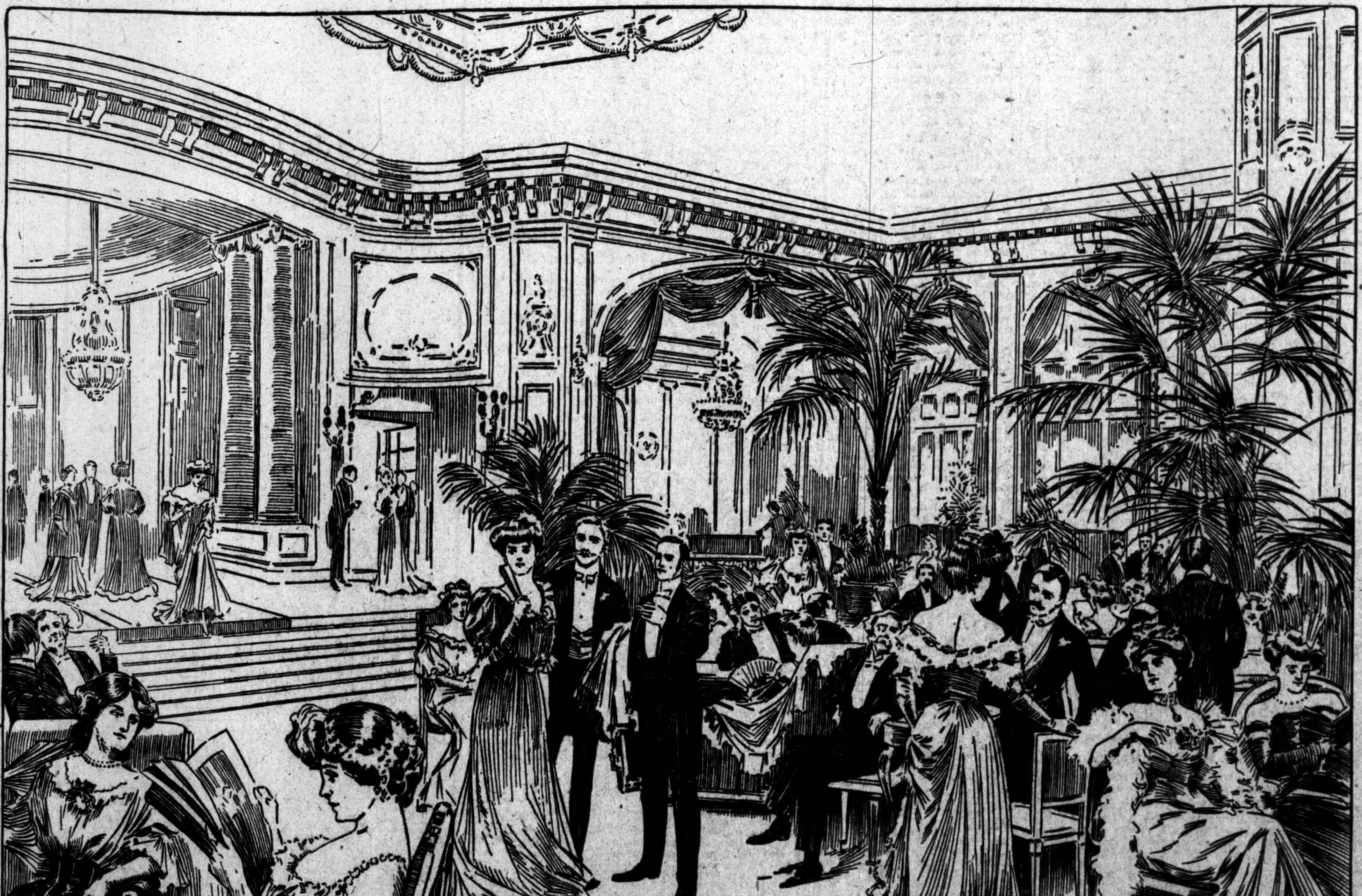

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WESTERN GOLFERS DEFER SECESSION

Vote Not to Revolt from U. S. G. A. for Another Year At Least.

MINIKAHADA GETS TOURNEY

Amateur Championship Event Awarded Minneapolis Club by a Close Margin—Detroit Wanted It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Afer one of the most spirited contests in the history of the Western Golf Association, the Minikahda Club of Minneapolis late last night at the Grand Pacific Hotel was awarded the amateur championship tournament for 1910.

A big majority of the clubs was represented in the voting, but before the count was announced it was evident that the Minneapolis club had a slight majority. W. S. Kinnear of the Detroit Golf Club, the other bidder for the event, moved at the close of the voting that the tournament be awarded unanimously to the Minikahda Club, the motion going through with a whoop.

At midnight it was decided that the question of "expansion," which has been one of the issues most discussed in connection with the meeting, should be passed for a year. The regular ticket, with Horace F. Smith of the Nashville Golf and Country Club at the head, was elected unanimously, the rest of the ticket being as follows: Vice President—E. A. Engler, Glen View; Treasurer—C. T. Atkinson, Midlothian; Secretary—Charles E. Willard, South Shore; Directors—John D. Cady, Rock Island; W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont Golf Club; Wendell Hertig, Minikahda Club; Clarence Stanley, Country Club of Indianapolis; Frank L. Woodworth, Denver.

The report of Secretary Waller showed a total membership of 137 clubs, a gain of 13 from the previous year. The tournaments held during the season will be productive of some of the best golf ever seen in this country, the performances of Charles Evans, Jr., of Edgewater, in winning the Western amateur championship, and that of Willie Anderson of St. Louis in taking the Western open event, both being excellent.

The report of Treasurer Engels showed receipts of over $4,000, and a balance now on hand of $1,335.95. President Smith, in thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on him, noted the increasing growth of the association, as evidenced by the reports of the Secretary and Treasurer and the fact that the meeting was the most representative in the history of the organization. One hundred and thirty delegates were present, large delegations from Detroit and Minneapolis coming to take part in the battle for the amateur championship. Chicago clubs were well represented, especially by the junior golfers. Among them were H. Chandler Egan, twice National champion; Charles Evans, Jr., Western champion; D. E. Sawyer, Mason E. Phelps, W. I. Howland, Lee Maxwell, and R. Daniels. Among the veterans present were David R. Forgan, W. A. Alexander, W. I. Osborne, J. M. Sellers, Silas H. Strawn, and Col. French of Rock Island.

WESTERNERS ARE BLUFFING

Says President Larkin of Metropolitan Golf Association—Bad Sportsmen.

All eyes in the golf world, on this side of the Atlantic at least, will for the next few days be directed this way. Now that the Western Golf Association has voted to postpone for another year its threatened secession movement it remains to be seen whether the delegates at the annual session of the United States Golf Association to be held in this city on Friday night will take any steps toward pacifying the disgruntled element.

Where the subject was discussed last night the opinion seemed to be pretty general that the older organization has it in its power to prevent further trouble. There are those, however, who profess to believe that the proposed Calkins constitutional amendments will not be adopted without a bitter struggle, if at all. Adrian H. Larkin, President of the Metropolitan Golf Association, always loyal to the United States Golf Association, does not favor any form of extending the olive branch to the West, as may be seen by his following remarks:

> I have no sympathy with any movement that tries to break down tradition. The West has never really had a grievance and the better element there has all along been opposed to this whole affair. Those who have been at the head of the secession movement never did represent the better Western element, anyway, being actuated more by their own selfish ends. They certainly have not shown themselves good sportsmen. They were only bluffing from the start, though had they carried their point on Saturday night they would have done no harm.
>
> I was never in favor of tampering with the constitution of the United States Golf Association, and did not see any necessity for the changes made a year ago, but I do not say I shall strongly oppose the adoption of the proposed revision at the annual meeting here on Friday night.

When asked if he thought the country had or could become too large or the game too widespread to be governed well by the United States Golf Association, Mr. Larkin declared emphatically "No." He also pointed to the fact that the association had been highly successful thus far, and that this success was in itself an argument against these so-called reforms. He also predicted that the golf world abroad would always recognize the United States Golf Association as the supreme ruling body in America, no matter what move any other body might make. As a parting shot Mr. Larkin gave it as his opinion that nothing would be gained by having the parent organization governed by sectional and State associations.

These views were not, however, entirely in accord with those of other golfers who discussed the subject yesterday. One well-known player, who has for years maintained that the game has not been conducted along broad enough lines, said:

> The West by agreeing to hold off has given us the chance to make amends for past shortcomings, and if we do not take advantage of our opportunities at the approaching meeting a grave mistake will have been made. The West, after a careful examination of the proposed new constitution of the association, realizes that while no effort has been made to make the slightest change in this matter, yet it is plain that the leaders of the liberal party intend to try to secure broad and sweeping reforms.

Morris Evening High School Walk.

The Morris Evening High School Athletic Association held an invitation walk over a ten-mile course yesterday morning. There were fifteen starters, and all completed the distance. Owing to the poor condition of the roads the number of competitors was somewhat smaller than was expected. Frank Goss of the Morris Evening High School Athletic Association took the lead at the start, which he maintained for about a mile and a half, when John Kelly passed him. Kelly held this position until a half mile from home, when J. Cavanaugh of the Trinity Athletic Club went to the front. Kelly turned his ankle on the icy road, but managed to finish second. Summary:

J. Cavanaugh, Trinity A. C.; J. Kelly, M. E. H. S. A. A.; M. Rosentaub, United Friends; F. Goss, M. E. H. S. A. A.; M. Freidberg, M. E. H. S. A. A.; L. Schuler, United Friends; W. Geoghan, M. E. H. S. A. A.; L. Elmore, J. Donahan, Bedford A. C.; A. C. Prival, M. E. H. S. A. A.; G. Purcell, Sherman A. C.; W. Ford, Bedford A. C.; L. Powell, W. J. Byrnes, Sherman A. C., and G. Jones.

Gerber First Across Country.

Out of the twenty-five athletes to face the barrier in the weekly cross-country run of the Harlem Evening High School over their four-mile course yesterday the following were the first five to finish. The time was very good, considering the rough going. The order of finish: J. Gerber, J. Wolff, L. Sussman, B. Franklin, and G. Maloney.

Coulon Gets Decision Over Kitson.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 16.—Johnny Coulon, who aspires to the championship in the bantam weight class, won the decision on points over George Kitson at the end of a ten-round bout last night. The bout was slow.

NATIONAL HUNTS DATES.

Delegates from Many States Represent Interest in Amateur Horse Racing.

The annual meeting of the Hunts Committee of the National Steeplechase and Hunts Association and a general meeting of the representatives of the hunt clubs of the country was held yesterday at the office of the association in the Windsor Arcade, 571 Fifth Avenue.

The storm prevented many of the delegates from attending, still the representation was such as practically to guarantee decided improvement in amateur racing during the coming season. The hunt clubs of Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio, Massachusetts, South Carolina, Georgia, Vermont, as well as those of this State, have entered into the movement to broaden and improve their branch of racing, and, prompted solely by love of sport and the desire to see good horses under colors, they will arrange a series of meetings under the Hunts Club auspices for the entertainment of themselves and their friends. Events for gentlemen riders will, of course, be features, with inter-State cups and prizes for hunters, both qualified and bona fide, galloways, and the other classes that go to make up the real attractions of amateur racing.

Last season under the hunt rules there were thirty-nine days of racing, the majority of the meetings being of one and two days' duration. They proved so satisfactory from a purely sporting point of view that the Hunts Committee has been assured a decided increase in the number of meets, as well as a material increase in the number of fixtures that will be scheduled.

Some of those interested have promised invitation meetings, at which all attending will be the guests of the gentlemen at whose private track the meeting will be held.

The committee will assist in every way the meetings to be held, that is, every effort will be made to bring amateur racing to a high standard.

The Hunts Committee for 1910 is: Chairman, A. J. A. Devereux, Pennsylvania; Vice Chairman, C. K. Harrison, Jr., Maryland; Treasurer, Joseph W. Burden, New England; Harry W. Smith, Virginia; Fletcher Harper, New York; Charles Pfizer, New Jersey; and A. Henry Higginson, Harry S. Page, and John E. Cowden, of the National Steeplechase and Hunts Association.

Dates were granted the Maryland United Hunts for a Spring and Fall meeting. The dates approved of were May 26, 28, and 30, and Sept. 1-5.

The officials for the meeting will be Frank J. Bryan, presiding judge and clerk of the course; William P. Riggs, associate judge and clerk of the scales; Elmer Wilson, starter; William M. Manly and Redmond C. Stewart, stewards.

The dates of the Country Club meeting at Brookline, Mass., June 15-17, were approved.

A committee was appointed to act in coöperation with the Rules Committee of the National Steeplechase Association. They will provide regulations for hack and galloway races among the many other details that will be given attention for the benefit of amateur racing.

Application of the Oak Ridge Hunts for recognition was referred to Harry W. Smith, the representative of Virginia.

LARCHMONT WINS SHOOT.

Manhassett Gunners Lose Annual Event by a Margin of 32 Points.

The Larchmont shooters defeated the Manhasset marksmen at their annual match at Larchmont yesterday by a margin of 32 points. The score was 404 to 372, out of a possible 500 birds. The bright Winter's day brought out a big crowd from both clubs. The sun shining on the snow made it too bright for high scores. "Jack" Hoyt won the cup presented by Larchmont for the highest score on the Manhasset team. Stuart Scott had the high score of the shoot—89—and he was also high gun for the day, with 119 out of 145, including doubles.

In the 10-bird scratch event, Hoyt and Sierck of Manhasset were tied. Sierck won the shoot-off. Scott won the 15-bird scratch with 14. The event for the Saur Gun was a tie between Batterson and Hooker. Batterson won the shoot-off. The H. E. Smith February cup event was won by Dr. W. B. Scott. E. L. C. Robins won the J. F. Baudwine cup event, and the club's Accumulative cup event went to J. Ross Collins. The shoot for the Club cup was a tie between Moffatt and Robins. The scores:

MANHASSET GUN CLUB.

					Total.
J. W. Alker	13	16	17	17	63
R. L. Loomis	21	18	17	18	74
Howard Clark	21	21	21	14	77
E. A. Sierck	19	20	20	13	72
Hazen Hoyt, Jr.	21	21	23	21	86

Total out of a possible 500 birds, 372.

LARCHMONT GUN CLUB.

					Total.
S. Scott	23	23	20	23	89
E. L. C. Robins	17	22	24	20	83
H. T. Shriver	20	12	20	19	71
J. G. Batterson	22	20	20	20	82
K. Hooker	21	20	19	19	79

Total out of a possible 500 birds, 404.

Larchmont winning by 32 birds.

High Score for the Day Out of a Possible 145 Birds—R. L. Loomis, 90; S. Scott, 119; J. W. Alker, 86; Howard Clark, 97; Hazen Hoyt, Jr., 118; J. G. Batterson, 107; W. B. Short, 99; E. L. C. Robins, 112; E. A. Sierck, 103; V. Hooker, 107; F. Pelham, 108.

Winner, S. Scott.

BIG AERO SHOW FOR BOSTON.

All Types of Aeroplanes and Balloons to be Exhibited, Starting on Feb. 23.

An opportunity to view all the types of air craft will be given in Boston on Feb. 23, for one week. The exhibit will be held in Mechanics' Building, and has already received the sanctions of the Aero Club of America, the body governing aeronautics in this country, and the Aero Club of New England.

Charles J. Glidden is Chairman of the Advisory Board for the exhibition. Among his confrères on the board are such prominent scientists and citizens as Prof. W. H. Pickering of Harvard University, Prof. Davis Todd of Amherst College, Prof. A. Lawrence Rotch of Boston, the Hon. John Barrett of the Aero Club of Washington and director of the Bureau of South American Republics, H. Helm Clayton, Luke J. Minahan, President of the Pittsfield Aero Club; N. H. Arnold of North Adams, A. Holland Forbes, Vice President of the Aero Club of America; Charles J. Shearn, President of the Springfield (Mass.) Aero Club, and A. B. Lambert, President of the St. Louis Aero Club. One of the chief features will be an immense dirigible built by Capt. Baldwin, a Zeppelin, a complete exhibit by Leo Stevens, several Bleriot and Antoinette monoplanes, and Wright Farman, Voisin, and other types of biplanes. Hundreds of models will also be shown, including those of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, the Junior Aero Club of New York, and the Aero Club of Columbia University.

Shrewsbury Ice Yacht Trophies.

Special to The New York Times.

REDBANK, N. J., Jan. 16.—The snow on the North Shrewsbury River has stopped ice yachting for the present. When it starts up again the skippers will be kept busy sailing for silver mugs. Commodore Thomas Henry Grant of the North Shrewsbury Club expects to leave for the South in a few days, and has purchased two more handsome cups and left the same in charge of Henry N. Supp, Chairman of the Regatta Committee. The cups number about eight, besides there are some beautiful merchandise offered by the merchants. Howard Borden of Oceanic, a member of the club, who figures prominently in the Monmouth Country Club and the Rumson Polo Club, has purchased a new yacht for racing purposes.

Kinzella Wins in Straight Sets.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Walter Kinzella of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club defeated Arthur Forester of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club here to-day in an exhibition match by three straight sets, 6—3, 6—3, 6—5. Kinzella's railroad service was very effective, although Forester played a fine match. Following are the scores:

FIRST SET.

Kinzella ....0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1—6
Forester ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—3

SECOND SET.

Kinzella ....1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1—6
Forester ....0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0—3

THIRD SET.

Kinzella ....1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1—6
Forester ....0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0—5

Marker—Robert Moore, Tuxedo.

FIGHT PROMOTERS FUSS ON THE SIDE

Gleason and Rickard in Controversy Over Battleground Location.

BOXERS HAVE FINAL SAY

San Francisco Man Says Fight Will Come Off on the Coast—Rickard Says Salt Lake.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—A bitter controversy is on between the two men who are to handle the Jeffries-Johnson championship fight. Jack Gleason of San Francisco and Tex Rickard of Nevada are in a warm dispute over the selection of a battleground.

Tex Rickard issued a flat statement last night that the fight would take place in Salt Lake City or its immediate vicinity. In response Jack Gleason just as positively stated that Jeffries and Johnson would meet in San Francisco or near-by.

Rickard in his statement charges that Gleason has not advanced one cent in the transaction so far. Of the $101,000 guarantee, only $20,000 has been posted. Rickard asserts that Gleason did not put up a cent of this forfeit, and hence cannot assume to dictate. Gleason declared that Rickard could not have become a partner in the enterprise if it had not been for the Gleason influence with Sam Berger and Jim Jeffries.

While the main point in dispute is the place for the fight, it appears that the squabble has resolved itself into a tussle for authority between Gleason and Rickard. The balance of power seems to be with the fighters, and the San Francisco sporting fraternity is almost unanimously of the opinion that the fight will be held wherever Jeffries dictates. Nothing has been heard from either of the two principals since Gleason and Rickard fell out.

It is said that Jeffries is partial to San Francisco. He is a Californian, and Berger, his manager, is a San Franciscan. Jack Johnson has often said that he was always well treated in San Francisco.

"When all is said and done, the fight will be held here," said Jack Gleason tonight at the Olympic Club. "I say so, and I agreed in New York that I should have the naming of the place. I don't care what Tex Rickard says about it. I know what I am talking about.

"I don't care to get into any controversy about this thing, but I want it distinctly understood that I am to name the place, and Sam Berger will back me up. He knows, and Johnson and Little both know I am content to leave it to them. They will tell who received authority to choose the battle ground. The fighters want to go to the place where the fight can be most advantageously handled, and I guess that before long the world will know whether that is San Francisco or Salt Lake. Jeffries will be here in ten days, and then we shall see.

"If Rickard does not care to live up to his agreement, I will take the fight off his hands. I am ready at any time to take the whole thing. I can handle this fight, and I intend to handle at least my end of it. I say again, that if Tex does not want to go through with it as we agreed to do, I will relieve him of any further responsibility.

"Jeffries would never have consented to sign those articles with Rickard as one of the partners in the affair if it had not been for me. I am not going to stand for Rickard's being autocratic, and neither will Jeffries. That will about settle the dispute."

Many sportsmen are skeptical about the controversy between Gleason and Rickard. Some think that it is only a scheme to keep up interest in the match. This charge is indignantly denied by Gleason.

HARRIERS COMPETE IN SNOW.

McCullough Wins Glencoe Event Over a Wintry Course—Hard Going.

Snow and ice had small terror for a big field of athletes who started yesterday in the cross-country run of the Glencoe Athletic Club, 126th Street and Second Avenue, forty-one men being on the mark when the start was made. It was a cross-country run of four miles, but there was little of the actual country in sight, the roads being ankle deep with snow, and the men had many times to race through snowbanks and drifts that mitigated against anything like normal time for the course being made. Of the field which started, however, all but two were able to go the full distance.

F. McCullough of the Glencoe A. C. was the first to cross the line, but his margin of victory was scant, for only several yards behind him came J. Bedell of the Xavier A. A., with Ressinico of the Irish-American A. C. the same distance back of Bedell, and Neilson of the Mohegan A. C. pressing the latter closely. It was one of the most exciting finishes that has been seen in one of the club runs this season, and it was almost literally true that a blanket could have been thrown over the first four men when they raced across the line.

For 200 yards these four men fought it out for the honors in a stirring sprint to the tape, and it was a toss-up which one would be able to pull across the line in first position. McCullough, however, had a little greater speed, and the credit of the victory went to him. The summary:

F. McCullough, Glencoe A. C.; J. Bedell, Xavier A. A.; C. Ressinico, Irish A. C.; M. Neilson, Mohegan A. C.; C. Burris, St. Ann A. C.; J. Ahearn, Morningside A. C.; H. Crook, Morningside A. A.; S. D. Richman, Glencoe A. C.; Robert Smith, Mohegan A. C.; J. Guerin, unattached; F. Hines, Hudson Guild; S. Damiano, unattached; I. Goish, Sheridan A. C.; S. D. Cuneo, St. George A. C.; P. Herrmann, unattached; T. S. Harris, Glencoe A. C.; L. A. Stults, Glencoe A. C.; J. C. Kubler, Boys' Club; M. Somers, Alliance A. C.; J. Hirsh, unattached; W. G. Wilson, Xavier A. A.; T. Bolling, unattached; J. Getto, Xavier A. A.; W. Stokes, Glencoe A. C.; T. Parrott, Mohawk A. C.; E. Smith, unattached; F. Niles, Jr., Morningside A. C.; W. Carroll, unattached; L. Siebert, Dominican Lyceum; P. O'Connell, unattached; A. Speranza, St. Ann's A. C.; T. Bryan, E. R. C. No. 20; F. Harman, Morningside A. C.; R. Murphy, unattached; M. Jones, Downtown A. C.; V. Benjamin, Una Club; J. Duffy, unattached; R. Schermi, Glencoe A. C.; H. Benjamin, unattached.

The weekly cross-country run of the Mott Haven Athletic Club over a five-and-a-half-mile course in the Bronx showed that F. P. Devlin of the home club is a formidable contestant in the snow. He had no difficulty in scoring a victory over the snow-covered streets, leading a small pack to the line with an advantage of nearly two minutes. Frank Foran, also of the Mott Haven Athletic Club, came home in second position. The time of the winner was 37:44. The summary:

F. P. Devlin, Mott Haven A. C.; F. Foran, Mott Haven A. C.; A. Realff, Mott Haven A. C.; O. Nelson, West End A. A.; I. Fineberg, Mott Haven A. C.; P. O'Connor, Pastime A. C.; P. Largue, Mott Haven A. C.; M. B. Vorck, West End A. A.; L. Schmidt, Mott Haven A. C.; W. Vanfield, West End A. A.; P. Marquelco, West End A. A.; J. Keller, Mott Haven A. C.; G. Kirkwood, Mott Haven A. C.; A. Asonovic, unattached; I. Gerschaneck, Mott Haven A. C.

The weekly invitation run of the Morris Evening High School was held over the regular course of about six and one-half miles yesterday. At the start Norman Zink took the lead, which he held for the first two miles, when L. Nathan of the Irish-American Athletic Club went to the front and held on to the finish. Twenty men started and fifteen finished. Order of finish:

L. Nathan, Irish-American A. C.; N. Zink, M. E. H. S. A. A.; A. Mayer, M. E. H. S. A. A.; H. Stein, M. E. H. S. A. A.; S. Aggen, M. E. H. S. A. A.; F. J. Horan, M. E. H. S. A. A.; S. Eckman, M. E. H. S. A. A.; F. A. Schuck, M. E. H. S. A. A.; A. Irving, unattached; J. George, Amsterdam A. C.; J. Clark, unattached; A. Quick, M. E. H. S. A. A.; F. Norman, Amsterdam A. C.; J. McIntyre, Amsterdam A. C.; C. Bruckman, unattached.

The annual election of officers took place Friday evening, with this result: President, Fred H. Lindner; First Vice President, William J. Kullman; Second Vice President, A. J. Hirsch; Treasurer, A. Mayer; Financial Secretary, F. Haarde; Corresponding Secretary, S. Eckman, Jr.; Recording Secretary, (fourth term,) Edward Mayer; Sergeant at Arms, Al Kussell; Track Captain, H. C. Backer; Board of Directors, Albert J. Blond, H. Czerny, and H. Cohn; A. A. U. Delegate, P. J. Sullivan.

PREPARE TO FIGHT INCREASE IN WAGES

Railroads Cite Increased Costs and the Reduction of Freight Rates.

ALL SHOWN ON A CHART

Which Does Not, However, Point Out the Increased Profits of the Roads—Some Interesting Figures.

In preparation for a possible contest with their employes over expected demands for increased wages, the railroads have started a campaign of publicity with the idea of giving circulation to their plea of inability to meet such demands without an increase of freight rates. Through a press agency, which refused to name the railroads concerned, the newspapers received yesterday the accompanying chart showing the relative course during the past ten years of commodity prices and the price of railway labor per day in comparison with freight receipts per ton mile, passenger receipts per passenger mile, and railway mail pay per ton mile.

The agents of the railroads certify that the figures on which the chart is based are compiled from official sources, and explain that they do not carry beyond the completed year 1907 for lack of accurate data on 1908 and 1909. The unit taken is the price or rate in 1898, which is given the value of 100. The plotting of the course for the ten succeeding years shows that with minor variations above and below the line of 100 the receipts per ton mile and per passenger mile ended at the beginning of 1908 at or below their position in 1898, while commodity prices and the price of railway labor advanced almost continuously upward, ending at 131 in the beginning of 1908. The fourth line, that of railway mail pay per ton mile, steadily declined, ending at 79.

The railroad employes in agitating for increased wages are urging the increase in the cost of living as the principal reasons for their demand. The railroad's bureau is preparing in reply exhaustive figures to show the extent of the advances in railway wages during the past twelve years with the idea of demonstrating that while wages have gone up with the cost of living in that period they did not go down with the cost of living after the panic of 1907, and that meanwhile freight rates have remained practically stationary.

Increases in the prices of railroad material which have not been graphically represented in the chart will also be made use of in the arguments prepared by the railroads to meet their men's demands. Some of these advances, from 1897 to 1907, were as follows: Fuel, 38 per cent.; locomotives, 50 per cent.; box cars, 72 per cent.; cross ties, 76 per cent.; bridge timbers, 80 per cent.; rails, 47 per cent.; spikes, 26 per cent.

With the railway companies' chart and the accompanying arguments it will be interesting to consider statistics of the great increase in profits during the ten-year period arising out of the vast gain in the business of the railroads. With the development of the country the concentration of traffic has been a large factor in increased profits, as have the great increase in the size of freight trains, the reductions of grades, and other structural improvements. Some measure of the growth of railroad prosperity during the period may be obtained from the following brief tabulation of dividends paid on the common stocks of several of the important lines during 1898 and 1907:

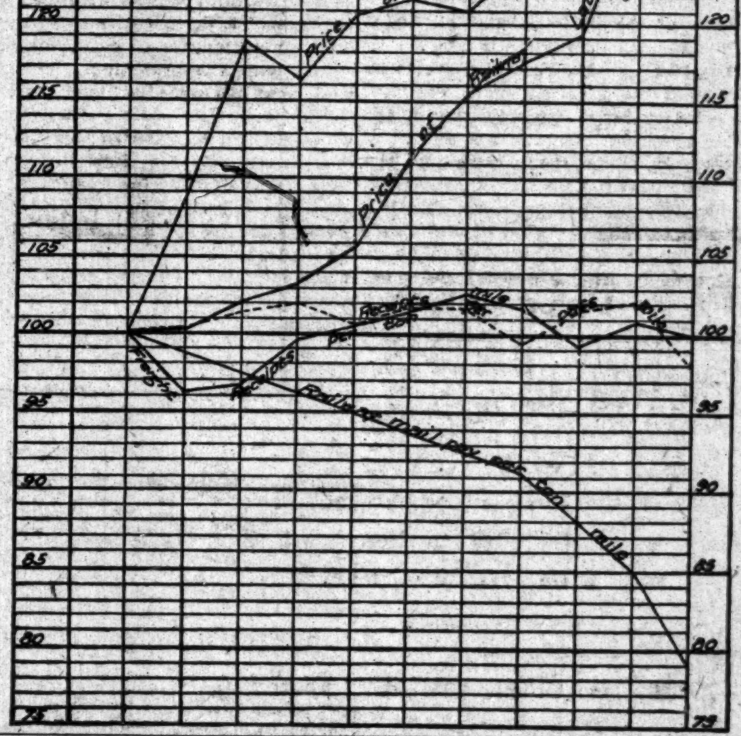
DIVIDENDS ON COMMON STOCK.

	1898. Per Cent.	1907. Per Cent.
Atchison	..	6
Baltimore & Ohio	..	6
Burlington	5½	8+*6
St. Paul	5	7
Great Northern	6¼+*40	7
Northern Pacific	..	7+†
Pennsylvania Railroad	5	6
N. Y., N. H. & H.	8	8
New York Central	4	5
Lackawanna	7	20
Missouri Pacific	..	5
Union Pacific	..	10
Southern Pacific	..	6

*Extra dividend. †Privileges to subscribe to new stock at par.

The above table takes no account of the many distributions to stockholders in the shape of valuable privileges to subscribe at par to new issues of stocks and bonds commanding a much higher price than par in the market. The period just prior to the panic of 1907 was prolific in this form of distribution, the Great Northern, the St. Paul, the New Haven, the Pennsylvania, and the New York Central being among the roads offering valuable subscriptions to their stockholders.

CHART OF RAILWAY RATES AND COSTS.



AERONAUTICS IN ENGLAND.

New Dirigible Is Being Built by the Government.

Probably the British public's greatest interest in aeronautics just now is being devoted to the Government's new rigid dirigible balloon at present being constructed at Barrow. But many are the critics of this ship who decry its usefulness, on the ground that a rigid dirigible is useless in a wind-swept country. They say that as an airship has nothing to fear while in the air, regardless of how strong the breeze, but that it is seriously affected by all wind currents in landing, the Government should pin its faith to the semi and non rigid types as easiest to handle when approaching the ground.

Other than the excitement caused in the aviation world by the War Office's radical steps with the new dirigible there is really not much of moment occurring in British aeronautical centres. The manufacturers and professional aeronauts, facing no contests in the immediate—or even, apparently, the distant—future, are devoting their time and efforts to the instruction of pupils in the use of their several types of machines.

Particularly is this true of such well-known aviators as Latham and Farman, who are making periodical visits to their home country to teach their art to the younger aeronautical generation. Shellbeach is the busiest of English aviation centres, with Capt. Cody, an American by birth, very studiously engaged at Wembley, where there is, at present, a slight hitch in his arrangements.

The Aero Club of Great Britain will, it is said, promote a meet for English fliers only early in the Spring. Nor, as might appear from the apparently comatose condition of aviation in that country, would such a carnival fall flat through lack of numerical strength among the British fliers. With C. S. Rolls, Capt. Cody, Henry Farman, Graham White, Mr. Ogilvie, and Mr. Moore-Brabazon all doing splendid work in aeronautics, there is no reason to doubt that the English club could hold a very successful meet.

There are at the present moment prizes amounting to slightly over $90,000 for English aeronauts which have not yet been won. Of course, the vast sums offered in the many French competitions which will occur during the current year, totaling already over $300,000 and bidding fair to double that amount before long, eclipse the lesser purses capturable by England.

Nevertheless, the Aero Club of Great Britain feels that, if the public and the Government will but take a due and proper interest in this work, there is quite enough patriotism among Englishmen to make their aerial efforts closely competitive with the French. However, the strongest pressure will be put on the War Office to double the present purses, so that they may the more nearly approach those of the Continent.

Football Rules Committee Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The Intercollegiate Football Rules Committee, which has been called upon to make football safe, will come together in New York City on Feb. 4 and 5, according to a statement to-day of the Chairman of the committee, Prof. L. M. Dennis of Cornell University.

LOCAL BOXING FIXTURES.

The Bout of the Week Takes Place To-night at Olympic A. C.

Harry Thomas, who is heralded as the champion bantamweight of England, will make his American début to-night at the Olympic Athletic Club, West 125th Street, where he is scheduled to box Pal Moore, one of the three fighting Moores of Philadelphia. Thomas was to have fought Moore last week, but the Philadelphian hurt his hand in a contest at Boston a week ago, but is in good shape now. Thomas is not very well known in this country, and he will have to be at his best to defeat Moore, who has beaten Knock-out Brown on two occasions and won from Joe Coster two weeks ago.

Over in Brooklyn Manager Jim Shortell has a star attraction for the Bedford Athletic Club, Wyckoff Avenue and Halsey Street. Phillie McGovern was matched with Young O'Leary, but O'Leary is under the weather, and Joe Coster has been substituted.

Brown's Athletic Club, West Twenty-third Street, will hold its next show to-morrow night. Mike Glover of Boston will meet Marty Rowan of Brooklyn. Glover is a clever lightweight, and has been doing good work in the New England States, and will be at his best to win from the hard-hitting Brooklynite. In the semi-final contest of six rounds Jack Greely and Frank Gibson will contest for the honors.

Jimmy De Forest has been appointed boxing instructor of the Sharkey Athletic Club, and has matched "Reddy" Moore, one of the three fighting Moores, and Tommy Stagg of Philadelphia for the main contest of ten rounds.

The Long Acre Athletic Club, West Twenty-ninth Street, will hold its next show on Thursday night, and Manager Neumann has matched Charlie Sieger, the "Iron Man" of Hoboken, and Andy Parker for the main contest of ten rounds.

The National Athletic Club of Brooklyn will hold an all-star show on Saturday night.

Harvard to Build an Aeroplane.

All the materials and accessories necessary to the construction of a first-class, full-size aeroplane have been ordered by the Harvard University Aeronautical Society. J. V. Martin, Director of the organization, has been authorized to make such purchases as he may deem necessary to build a two-passenger biplane. Plans of the machine have already been completed. When it comes time to manufacture the various parts needed in the construction of the aeroplane, the work will be done by undergraduates in the Harvard engineering and scientific departments, and the assembling of the machine will also be under their charge.

PROPOSALS.

To the Holders of the First Mortgage 6% 20-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Standard Motor Construction Company:

The Trust Company of America, successor to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee under an Indenture of Mortgage made by the Standard Motor Construction Company, dated February 1st, 1907, will receive sealed proposals to twelve o'clock noon January 31st, 1910, for the sale to it for account of the Sinking Fund of sufficient bonds to exhaust the sum of Eight thousand dollars ($8,000.00), price not to exceed 110% and accrued interest. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA, Trustee.
By WILLIAM H. LEUPP, Vice President.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Day Calendar—Clark, J.—2—Macoice, as administrator, v. Johnston. 28—Meyerowich v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 30—Lodlewski v. Gollick & Smith. 33—Deisler v. Frawley. 39—Same v. same. 41—Jones v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 42—Toale v. S I Midland Ry Co. 11½—Machol v. Roman Baths Co. 37—Meyerson v. Rosenholz, (to be referred.)

THIRD AVENUE
Railroad Company
REORGANIZATION

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT, DATED NOVEMBER 6, 1907, FOR FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the DEPOSITING BONDHOLDERS and HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED by the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY, under the Bondholders' Agreement, dated November 6, 1907, between holders of the above mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, that pursuant to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement, the undersigned Committee has prepared and adopted a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, and has lodged a copy thereof with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary.

As provided in said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, to which reference is hereby made, holders of certificates of deposit of the Central Trust Company as Depositary may assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization either by filing with said Depositary their written assent thereto, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them, or by failing, within thirty days after the completion of the publication of this notice, to file with the Depositary written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them. Such dissent must be filed on or prior to February 28, 1910, with the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization will become effective and binding upon all Certificate Holders and will be finally and conclusively deemed to have been assented to by all Certificate Holders unless within thirty days after January 29, 1910, the latter being the date of the completion of the publication aforesaid, one-third in amount of the Certificate Holders shall file with the Depositary written notice of their dissent from said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, the notice of dissent filed by each Certificate Holder specifying the date and number of the Certificates held by him.

Printed copies of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained by Certificate Holders on application to the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

THIRD AVENUE
Railroad Company
REORGANIZATION
Notice to Non-Depositing Bondholders

TO HOLDERS OF THE FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY ISSUED UNDER ITS MORTGAGE DATED MAY 15, 1900.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the above-mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company issued under its mortgage dated May 15, 1900, that pursuant to a Bondholders' Agreement, dated November 6, 1907, entered into between certain holders of said bonds, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, to which Bondholders' Agreement reference is made for all its terms and provisions, a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, has been duly prepared and adopted and a copy thereof duly lodged with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary. Printed copies of such Bondholders' Agreement and of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained at the office of said Depositary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Holders of said Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company who have not yet deposited their bonds under the aforesaid Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, are hereby notified that they may without penalty, become parties to the said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and entitled to avail of the benefit of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, by depositing their bonds with the coupon of January 1, 1908, and all subsequent coupons accompanying the same, with the Central Trust Company of New York, as Depositary as aforesaid, on or before February 18, 1910, and such deposit shall be deemed equivalent to the filing of written assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. Bonds so deposited will thereafter be held by the Depositary for account of the Committee, subject to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, as fully to all intents and purposes as if heretofore deposited.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

Southern Pacific Railroad Co.
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bond.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at the office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 27th, 1909.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

6% Coupon Bonds

In $100, $500, and $1,000,
Maturing in May, 1914.
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on income real estate in Brooklyn.
Send for booklet "Series A."
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on application

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Yielding about
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Our Circular No. 119 describes several issues of bonds of this character. They are secured upon properties of demonstrated value and earning power, and have been purchased by well-informed investors and conservatively managed institutions. We shall be glad to submit the offerings for your consideration.

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100 Bordens Milk Com.
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100 Cent. Hudson Steamboat Com
50 English & American Shipping
100 Federal Sugar Com.
100 Internat. Silver Com. & Pfd.
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32 New York Curtain
50 Pere Marquette 1st Pfd.
125 U. S. Indus. Alcohol Com.
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100 Yale & Towne Mfg.
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50 Adams Express
100 Albany Southern Com.
100 Albany Southern Pfd.
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LETTERS OF CREDIT
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

A spell of weakness on the Stock Exchange of longer duration and of greater severity than any witnessed there for several months, together with the circumstances attending it and the inferences drawn from it, absorbed Wall Street's attention last week. Analyses of stock market movements within recent years have established the fact to the satisfaction of Wall Street, at least, that a long-continued and general rise in prices tends to culminate in the month of January. With this in mind the question brought to the fore by the weakness of stocks through a great part of last week was whether the market's behavior marked the recurrence of the customary January culmination. Strong arguments to support opinions formed on either side of this question were adduced, but allowing to them due weight in every instance, the question still seems an open one, with a possible compromise offered in the opinion that the market movement constitutes a reaction, the duration of which can be settled definitely only by the course of business in the next few months, the progress of the money market, the trend of National legislation, and, above all, by the decision of the highest court of the land in the Tobacco and Standard Oil cases. This is true because there were a number of reasons close at hand which adequately explain the market's course last week, without recourse to fundamental matters. There was, for example, the striking decline in cotton prices. Many of the largest commission houses hold membership in the Cotton Exchange, and, wearied of the irregular and narrow stock markets of the past, clients of these houses have turned in increasing numbers to the cotton market for purposes of speculation. Breaks in cotton running to $4 or more a bale in a single day made serious inroads on margins, and to make good the losses stocks were liquidated in considerable volume. There was under way also a vigorous campaign against prices by strong groups of speculators who made the most of such untoward happenings as those contained in the sequences of the Rock Island scandal; the apparently fruitless visit of Union Pacific interests to Washington in conjunction with efforts to secure a discontinuance of the Government's suit against the Union Pacific; the introduction into Congress of railroad bills embodying President Taft's radical proposals, and a variety of other matters.

If it were the purpose of this summary of the financial situation of the week to weigh the various factors adverse and favorable to securities markets in an effort to determine their probable course slight attention would be devoted to many of the developments of the week which Wall Street itself seemed inclined to magnify. An exception would, of course, have to be made of the situation which has been created by Mr. Taft's advocacy of the plan to enlarge the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the submission to Congress of measures embodying his proposals, for this has tended to enhance the difficulties surrounding attempts by men of large affairs to determine the forces which six months and a year from now will dominate the conduct of all businesses. In such uncertainty as this any course save one dictated solely by caution is impossible, and where caution rules we are apt to find little in the way of new enterprise of any kind and are much more likely to witness substantial curtailment or complete suspension of activities already planned. The effects of this policy are most readily discoverable in the financial markets. The investment markets have already a problem of their own on hand. Expert bond dealers aver that the increased cost of all commodities has resulted in a reduction of savings from incomes available for reinvestment and in a demand for securities yielding at least 5 per cent. This effectually smothers the market for the numerous high-class issues yielding less than 5 per cent., and at the same time opens the way for a supply of unstable securities returning the interest required. Thus is explained the quick leap into favor of bonds upon lumber properties, upon lands and irrigation projects, and while many issues of this kind are undoubtedly sound there is ever present the danger that advantage will be taken of their popularity to foist upon uneducated investors worthless issues. Another and a serious phase of this "cost of living" problem is to be found in the demands which labor everywhere is making for an increased wage. In this city there have been under way for some time conferences which, while apparently dealing solely with the question of an advance in the wages of steamfitters, yet in their final results promise to affect the labor situation here as a whole, with not a remote possibility, owing to the form and the circumstances under which the steamfitters' demands have been presented, of a general strike. An equally unpleasant situation exists with the railroads, where the demands of the employes will be presented on Thursday of this week. Unrest in the industrial world is likewise apparent. In the longer view of the affairs of trade and finance it is factors like those here briefly enumerated which must receive first consideration.

In the immediate business situation there seems to be only a slight slackening of the tide which has been running so strong, and the reson seems to exist in the advent of real Winter. An interesting development of the week was the publication of the copper production figures for the month of December, the showing as a whole with its decrease of 11,237,000 pounds making the best exhibit since that of July last. The remarkable reduction in cotton prices was perhaps not altogether unconnected with December's figures on our agricultural exports with their revelations of a decline of nearly 300,000 bales in shipments of cotton as compared with the preceding November, and a cut of nearly half in the December shipments of 1908. A short crop is, of course, an occasion for high prices, but to complete the circle there must be a steady demand from spinners, and this in the present instance has been notably lacking. The full tale of our agricultural shipments shows a loss of $26,000,000 as compared either with the preceding month or December, 1908, and this makes probable a poor return of the month's complete foreign trade. If our export balance is largely reduced again the control of foreign money centres over our own markets will naturally be enhanced. With discounts high and unsettlement over political prospects general continued shipments of gold may be expected. Stock and cotton market liquidation, the placement here of out-of-town balances to secure prevailing interest rates, and the seasonable flow of funds to this centre will provide offsets, but in high banking quarters relative firmness in the money market is regarded as certain to prevail for some time to come.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

PARIS CONDITIONS GOOD.

Mid-Month Liquidation Finds Interest Lower Than at Last Settlement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The mid-month liquidation was accomplished under encouraging conditions. Interest charges were lower than at the preceding settlement, and the Rothschilds came forward with offers of ample loans in order to prevent any possible stringency.

Much doubt and some disquietude were expressed as to the cause of the falling prices in New York.

At the beginning of the week Rio Tinto advanced strongly, but afterward showed a continued uncertainty, closing Saturday 36 francs lower than the highest quotation Monday. State funds advanced with the exception of Russians, which were heavy. Diamond stocks were somewhat neglected and weaker.

BERLIN BOERSE DULL.

Inactivity Follows Lively Trading of the Week Which Preceded.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Operations on the Berlin Boerse during the week past were marked by a general dullness and inactivity, the lively trading of the week previous being succeeded by weakness and reserve.

The unsettled condition of the American market, particularly the sharp fall in cotton, together with the breaking off of negotiations with the American potash buyers, contributed to discourage buying. The improvement of the money market was favorable to the situation in certain domestic industries, and to some extent offset these influences, the market developing a fairly firm resistance.

LONDON VIEW CHEERFUL.

Decline in American Issues Offset by Improvement in Other Markets.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The decline in Americans during the last week was offset in London by the activity and improvement in other markets in which Capel Court is more directly interested. The American outlook is regarded as the chief unfavorable factor in the present situation, though the prospect of large Government issues has also exercised a depressing influence in the gilt-edged market.

The money situation, however, is satisfactory and altogether, barring fears of a further fall in Americans, London generally is satisfied with the present position and the prospects for the immediate future.

POSITION OF THE STEEL TRADE

More Large Additions to Iron and Open Hearth Capacity.

LOOKS TO OPEN MARKET

Railroad Buying Good Except for Rails, of Which the Roads Are Ordering Sparingly.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—The pig iron output of Pennsylvania and the Central West will be increased during the next thirty days by the blowing in of six furnaces, four of them new and the remaining two rebuilt, which will add 80,000 tons a month to the productive capacity of the country. Four more new furnaces will be in blast before the end of the quarter—the eight newly built furnaces having a combined annual rating of 1,034,000 tons.

To absorb this new pig iron output there will come in operation during March and April additional open hearth capacity of the Inland Steel Company, Chicago; the Jones & Laughlin Company, the Republic Iron and Steel Company, the Gary and Homestead extensions of the Steel Corporation, and the Standard Steel Car Company's steel plant at Butler, Penn. Before the close of the first quarter, also, the new pipe mills of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and the new sheet mills of the Youngstown Sheet and Tin Plate Company, will be running at Youngstown, Ohio, while new finished product capacity at the Jones & Laughlin tin plate mills, the McKeesport Tin Plate Company, and a host of smaller independent concerns will be taking up the crude steel.

Much of the new pig iron output is destined to go into the open market. The early additions to the new crude steel capacity of the Central West, however, will not affect the market to the same extent, for many of the big concerns will use practically all the added output of semi-finished steel they have provided for in the extensions now nearing completion.

As a result, the crude steel market continues to show a more confident tone than do the sellers of iron. With stocks of 175,000 tons of pig iron held in the South, 70,000 tons of which is resale iron, the furnace interests see little chance for putting iron above the present price levels. The leaders in the Bessemer market, who kept the level for this year's Bessemer to $19, valleys, last Fall, are now being congratulated for level headedness. No efforts are to be made for the present to advance basic and foundry irons beyond the present levels of $17.25, valleys, for first quarter, and $17.50 for second quarter. The market settled firmly at these prices during the week just ended.

Delayed deliveries of both iron and crude steel, by reason of railroad blockades in Western Pennsylvania and valley territory during the first half of the month, resulted in some suspensions of operations, to await belated raw materials. Foundries have been compelled to shut down, and a part of the finishing plants at Youngstown were idle because of a shortage of raw steel.

Structural interests were occupied practically all week figuring on new building operations made necessary by industrial extensions.

Railroad buying holds up, with the exception of rails, on which the Eastern roads are ordering sparingly. Orders by trunk lines for standard rails since Jan. 1 aggregate between 70,000 and 80,000 tons, of which 75 per cent. were from Western roads. Aside from this, the Eastern roads continue liberal buyers. Four Eastern roads now have 20,000 tons of bridge contracts pending, and all-steel cars ordered for the week aggregate 4,700.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—All eyes in the copper world have been directed this week to the Lake issue, except those that remained fixed on the gyrating North. The good news from the Lake property has forced its price to a very high point, and on top of this has come information of a similar character from the Indiana mine—the finding of a very rich lode 1,460 feet down—which has encouraged holders of properties near by. South Lake, New Arcadian, North Lake, Oreco, and even Mass Consolidated, and caused appreciation in values. As for North Butte, the announcement that a cross-cut is to be run which will in all probabilities demonstrate the real value of the property, sent that stock off further. oCmment on the North Butte situation is out of the question.

With the formation of a new company to take over the Cliff property of Tamarack, the early exploration of that tract is promised. The good showing in Ojibway and Keweenaw, on either side, are indications of what is expected.

The lode just cut on the Onaco is a new discovery 1,200 feet west of the Hancock lodge. Its width is 12 feet, and it is highly mineralized throughout.

The estimated copper contents of the mineral produced by the Calumet and Hecla properties in December was 12,245,658 pounds, compared with 12,268,189 in November.

Winona estimates that its copper ground in sight for measurement is 2,234,375 tons, which may be expected to yield 35,515,625 tons of cmfwyp shrdlu cmfwyp mfwypp pounds of refined copper.

A new company, the Houghton Copper Company, has been organized to work 165 acres nevt north of the Superior property.

The new Adventure shaft has reached a depth of 360 feet.

The new pumps are about beginning to work at Arizona Commercial. The centre on west wings is within 30 feet of the 700-fot level, and is one averaging 10 per cent. The east wings, now 70 feet deep, is in 7 per cent. ore.

Ore from the 180-foot level of the Colorado mine (Davis-Daly) assays 3 to 4 per cent. copper. No mining is being done at present.

At Chino Drill Hole 214 is bottomed in 3 per cent. ore. As yet no hole is intersected the ore zone.

The eastward drift on the 600-foot level of the Great Eastern (Superior and Boston) is in ore of the same richness as that in the wings. A cross-cut is being run to connect this drift with that from the McGraw shaft, which will provide a direct route for extraction of ore from the 600-foot level through the McGraw.

$14,000,000 Increase for Bank of Canada

Officials of the Royal Bank of Canada have issued the annual statement of the condition of the bank. It shows the net profits of the bank to be $838,306, an increase of nearly $100,000 over the net profits of the previous year. The deposits also show a large increase, the total deposits being $14,000,000 more than those of the previous fiscal year.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Cow, Calf, and Bicycle Are Held Not to be "Household Effects."

It has been decided by the Board of United States General Appraisers that a cow, a calf, and a bicycle cannot enter this country as "household effects," and therefore free of duty. The claims for free entry were filed by John Douglas and Fred Elliot, and were directed against the action of the Collector of Customs at Port Huron, who exacted a 20 per cent. duty on the animals, and a 45 per cent. duty on the bicycle as a "manufacture of metal."

General Appraiser Hay, who writes the decision for the board, does not go into details or discuss the protests at any length. The General Appraiser finds that the articles are not "household effects" as that term is used in the tariff, and following a former case decides in favor of the Government.

The board has adjusted a controversy between the Government and Gray Brothers regarding the classification of cork bath mats in favor of the importers. Collector Loeb exacted duty at the rate of 20 cents per square yard and 20 per cent. ad valorem, as "cork carpets." Gray Brothers alleged that the articles should be allowed to come in as "manufactures of cork," and this claim is held correct by the reviewing officer, General Appraiser De Vries. Under the importer's contention, the duty is 25 per cent.

ECONOMY ON THE NEW HAVEN.

Boston & Maine Roundhouses Being Used at Junctions.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad has taken active charge of the running of the Boston & Maine Railroad. The first step in actual operations comes in the closing down of the New Haven roundhouse at Lowell, the discharge of the roundhouse force, and the removal of five engines which had been housed there to the larger roundhouse of the Boston & Maine in the same city.

The same change is being made at other points in New England where the two roads touch. It means that the two lines are economizing by centralizing forces wherever possible.

The Weekly Financial Review.

The troubles of the surface tractions in New York have brought about some changed opinions about the value of guaranteed stocks as investments. To-day some of the companies in the former combine are getting the yearly rental money from the receivers, but the Directors are tucking the money away in their treasuries instead of paying it out to the stockholders. The head of a prominent Wall Street banking house that used to make a specialty of guaranteed stocks gives his changed opinions in an article on the subject in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

The Wheeling reorganization, the drop in cotton, the Rock Island flurry and its consequences, the advanced ideas for corporation control in President Taft's bill for Federal incorporation, are discussed interestingly in this issue.

Stock market prospects impartially set forth and reliable accounts of movements in commodities and metals. Range of prices for many years and quotations of bonds and stocks dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review, Every Monday, mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED JAN. 15. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES 5,431,871 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909.		Range for Year 1910.				Closing Saturday, Jan. 15.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended Jan. 15.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Jan. 15, '10.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.					Date.	Per Cent.		First	High	Low	Last		
16⅞	12¾	15	Jan. 3	14	Jan. 3	14	14¼	−1	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	15	15	14	14	14⅝	1,700
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5	50	Jan. 15	50	50½	−3⅝	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04	1¾	..	53	53	50	50	47	700
96⅛	65	90¾	Jan. 3	82⅜	Jan. 14	85⅛	85¼	−3¼	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,287,900	Nov. 29, '09	50c	Q	88¾	88½	82⅜	85⅛	80¼	195,850
50	33½	49	Jan. 10	45¼	Jan. 15	45¼	46	−2½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	48½	49	45¼	45½	40	2,600
103	95½	103	Jan. 10	103	Jan. 10	99	..	+1½	Amer. Agricultural Chem. Co. pf.	100	18,986,400	Oct. 15, '09	3	SA	103	103	103	103	..	100
49½	20¼	47¼	Jan. 10	42½	Jan. 15	43½	44	−1⅝	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	45½	47¼	42½	43⅞	21⅞	13,850
98	82	93¾	Jan. 12	93¾	Jan. 12	93	94	+¾	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1½	Q	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	..	100
15⅛	7½	13⅞	Jan. 3	12⅜	Jan. 15	12½	12¾	+1	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	13⅝	13⅝	12⅜	12½	8¼	11,350
86	71½	81½	Jan. 6	78¾	Jan. 15	79	79½	−1½	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Jan. 1, '10	1¼	Q	80½	80⅝	78¾	79½	72¼	8,600
76½	44¼	72⅞	Jan. 3	66¼	Jan. 15	67¼	67½	−4	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	½	Q	71¼	71¼	66¼	67½	48½	18,400
124¾	107½	119⅞	Jan. 7	117½	Jan. 15	117	117½	−2⅜	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1¾	Q	118¾	119½	117½	117½	108	720
79¼	42⅛	67½	Jan. 3	63	Jan. 15	64	65	−2¾	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09	5	A	67	67	63	64	46⅞	6,825
107¼	98	104	Jan. 4	103	Jan. 15	102	107	−1	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '09	3	SA	103	103	103	103	..	100
300	205	301	Jan. 8	300	Jan. 8	275	300	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 3 '10	3	Q	300	300	300	300	210	120
10	6¼	8⅛	Jan. 5	7⅜	Jan. 15	7¼	7½	−¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7½	7	950
51⅞	34	47⅞	Jan. 3	42½	Jan. 15	43	43½	−3¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	46¼	46¼	42½	43	36⅝	2,450
42¼	18⅞	26¾	Jan. 4	23¾	Jan. 15	25	25¼	−¾	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07	1¾	..	26½	26½	23¾	25	23	5,000
20	12	17¾	Jan. 3	15¾	Jan. 15	15¾	15⅞	−1½	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	17	17¾	15¾	15¾	13¼	5,100
47¾	29	46⅞	Jan. 3	43⅛	Jan. 14	44¼	44½	−1½	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00	1¾	..	45½	46⅝	43⅛	44½	30	7,000
69¼	49	62½	Jan. 3	56¾	Jan. 15	57¼	57½	−2¾	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	60½	60½	56¾	57⅝	56¼	13,200
59	38	41½	Jan. 8	36½	Jan. 14	37	38	−3¾	American Malt. Corp. pf.	100	8,651,000	Nov. 3, '09	2½	..	41	41	36½	37¾	44	1,500
105½	77¾	104	Jan. 3	93¼	Jan. 15	95¼	95⅝	−6	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	102	102	93¼	95½	85⅝	144,800
116¾	101	112¾	Jan. 3	109½	Jan. 14	109⅞	110	−2¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 2 '10	1¾	Q	111	111¼	109½	109½	102½	3,400
92	80	90⅞	Jan. 3	89¼	Jan. 12	88½	89½	−⅝	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¼	Q	90	90	89¼	89½	81	700
105	95	95½	Jan. 13	95½	Jan. 13	96	100	−4½	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	95½	95½	95½	95½	..	200
66⅝	34⅞	66	Jan. 10	64	Jan. 14	64	64½	−¼	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	....	..	..	65	66	64	64	38	4,438
136⅝	115⅝	123¾	Jan. 12	121	Jan. 15	122¼	123	+⅛	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	122	123¾	121	122¼	129	7,940
131	118	122½	Jan. 3	121½	Jan. 6	121½	122½	..	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	121½	121½	121½	121½	..	20
85	75	*77	Jan. 12	*76	Jan. 12	72	77	..	American Telegraph & Cable Co.	100	14,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¼	Q	77	77	76	76	..	27
145⅛	125	141¾	Jan. 3	137⅛	Jan. 15	138	138¼	−2½	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	256,475,300	Jan. 15, '10	2	Q	140½	140⅝	137⅛	137¾	126¼	16,198
104	90½	95½	Jan. 3	94¼	Jan. 5	95	96	+¼	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	95	95¼	95	95	92½	1,300
40½	26	37¾	Jan. 3	33⅝	Jan. 13	33¾	35	−1¾	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	35⅝	35⅞	33⅝	34	28⅝	1,800
107¾	93¾	103⅛	Jan. 3	102½	Jan. 15	102¼	102¾	−⅛	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1¾	Q	102¾	103	102½	102⅝	94⅞	825
54⅜	37¾	54	Jan. 3	49⅝	Jan. 15	50⅝	50⅞	−2¼	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Oct. 20, '09	50c	Q	53¼	53½	49⅝	50⅝	47⅝	36,860
114	105	110	Jan. 15	110	Jan. 15	..	..	+1	Associated Merchants 1st pf.	100	4,658,500	Jan. 15, '10	¶1½	Q	110	110	110	110	..	250
125⅜	97⅞	124⅛	Jan. 3	118¼	Jan. 14	120⅛	120¼	−2⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	160,719,000	Dec. 1, '09	3	SA	122⅜	122⅞	118¼	120⅛	100⅝	142,450
106¾	100¼	104¼	Jan. 10	103¼	Jan. 13	103¼	103¾	−⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '09	2½	SA	104¼	104¼	103¼	103½	100⅝	2,027
143½	107½	137½	Jan. 5	130	Jan. 15	131	132	−4¼	Atlantic Coast Line	100	47,537,600	Jan. 10, '10	3	SA	136	136	130	132	108	4,100
122¼	103½	119⅛	Jan. 8	115¼	Jan. 15	116¾	117	−2¼	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,206,800	Sept. 1, '09	3	SA	119	119	115¼	116¾	112	23,820
96	91	94	Jan. 7	92⅞	Jan. 5	93	94¼	−1	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '09	2	SA	93½	93½	93½	93½	..	200
36¼	18¾	34	Jan. 3	31	Jan. 15	30½	34	−1½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	33	33	31	31½	24	600
82⅞	67	80¼	Jan. 3	73⅝	Jan. 14	75¼	75¾	−3⅝	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1	Q	79⅜	80¼	73⅝	75½	70¾	47,205
164½	118	164½	Jan. 3	156	Jan. 14	157	158	−4	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,994,500	Oct. 1, '09	3	SA	161	163	156	157½	..	6,500
104	92	106	Jan. 10	106	Jan. 10	101	105	+1	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	100	10,500,000	Aug. 16, '09	2	SA	106	106	106	106	..	100
133	130	133	Jan. 14	133	Jan. 14	128	138	..	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg pf.	100	6,000,000	Aug. 16, '09	3	SA	133	133	133	133	..	100
37	23⅞	33	Jan. 4	32⅞	Jan. 15	32¾	34	−⅛	Butterick Co.	100	14,541,000	Dec. 1, '09	¾	Q	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	27½	100
189¾	165	182½	Jan. 3	177¾	Jan. 14	179½	179¾	−1¼	**Canadian Pacific**	100	149,998,900	Oct. 1, '09	§3½	SA	180½	181¼	177¾	179½	177⅞	7,100
51¾	25½	48¾	Jan. 3	43	Jan. 15	44	44¼	−8½	Central Leather Co.	100	39,508,800	....	..	..	47⅞	47⅞	43	44	31⅞	30,310
111	99¾	108⅞	Jan. 5	107½	Jan. 15	107	107¾	−¾	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,159,800	Dec. 31, '09	1¾	Q	108¾	108¾	107½	107½	100½	1,500
323½	215	312	Jan. 7	308	Jan. 11	300	310	−4	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Dec. 15, '09	2	Sp	312	312	308	308	234	400
115	105	116	Jan. 3	116	Jan. 8	119	120	..	Central & South Amer. Telegraph	100	10,000,000	Jan. 8 '10	1½	Q	120	120	120	120	..	15
91¼	55⅝	92	Jan. 3	86⅛	Jan. 15	87¼	87⅜	−3½	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Dec. 31, '09	1	Q	91	91⅛	86⅛	87⅜	61¼	101,870
74¾	57⅞	66¾	Jan. 3	64	Jan. 15	64	66	−2	Chicago & Alton	100	19,535,800	Aug. 16, '09	2	SA	64	64¾	64	64¾	67	325
37⅜	31½	36⅞	Jan. 3	31⅞	Jan. 15	32⅞	33	−3½	Chicago Great Western new	100	20,896,900	....	..	..	36⅝	36⅝	31⅞	32⅞	..	9,880
64¾	58⅝	64⅛	Jan. 10	60	Jan. 15	61	61½	−3⅝	Chicago Great Western pf. new	100	12,612,300	....	..	..	64⅛	64⅛	60	60½	..	3,400
165⅛	141	158⅝	Jan. 3	147¼	Jan. 15	149¾	150	−5⅝	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	155⅝	155⅝	147¼	150	149¼	126,550
181	158½	172¼	Jan. 3	168	Jan. 15	167¾	168	−4	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	170	170	168	168	166	1,760
198½	173⅛	182½	Jan. 3	156½	Jan. 15	159	160	−5⅝	Chicago & Northwestern	100	99,618,500	Jan. 3 '10	3½	SA	163½	163¾	156½	159⅛	177⅝	9,300
..	..	16¼	Jan. 5	14	Jan. 15	..	..	−1⅝	Chicago & Northwestern rights	..	....	..	..	..	15⅝	15⅝	14	14¼	..	11,150
167	148	150	Jan. 14	150	Jan. 14	148	153	−5	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Aug. 20, '09	3½	SA	150	150	150	150	..	100
7	3½	5⅝	Jan. 4	4½	Jan. 14	..	..	−½	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts	100	16,862,900	....	..	..	5	5	4½	4½	5½	500
83¼	68	82⅝	Jan. 6	78⅞	Jan. 14	79	80	−1½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Mar. 2, '08	1	..	79	79½	78⅞	79½	70¼	1,800
105	100	104	Jan. 15	104	Jan. 15	103¾	108½	−1	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 20, '09	1¼	Q	104	104	104	104	..	200
53	29	50	Jan. 3	43½	Jan. 14	44¼	44¾	−4⅝	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1¾	..	49⅛	49⅛	43½	44⅝	41	34,400
115	67	116	Jan. 6	115	Jan. 12	113	120	−1	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03	4	..	116	116	115	115	..	200
68¼	51	62½	Jan. 10	56½	Jan. 15	58	58½	−3⅜	Colorado Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09	2	A	62	62¼	56½	57½	66⅝	4,425
86	76½	82¼	Jan. 8	80¾	Jan. 15	81	82	−1½	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	81¼	81¼	80¾	80¾	83⅞	620
84½	73½	81	Jan. 6	80	Jan. 14	80	81	−1	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	80½	80½	80	80	81⅞	800
91½	21⅜	92¼	Jan. 4	89¼	Jan. 14	90	92	−2⅛	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron	100	6,989,600	Mar. 1, '04	¼	..	91¾	91⅞	89¼	89¾	27	3,900
165¼	114½	160⅞	Jan. 3	114¼	Jan. 14	151	151½	−7½	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,781,000	Dec. 15, '09	1	Q	158½	159¼	149¼	151	128⅞	80,120
26½	16½	23¼	Jan. 6	20¼	Jan. 15	21	21¾	−1	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	22½	23	20¼	21½	18⅛	15,950
93½	73¼	86⅜	Jan. 3	83½	Jan. 14	84	86	−2⅛	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,797,600	Jan. 10, '10	1	Q	85⅞	86¼	83½	83⅝	74	2,630
200	167¾	185	Jan. 3	176½	Jan. 15	178	179	−3	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,501,000	Dec. 20, '09	2¼	Q	182	182	176½	178½	177½	5,700
54	37⅝	52	Jan. 3	44½	Jan. 15	45¾	46	−6¼	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	51⅛	51⅛	44½	45	39⅝	15,190
90	79½	84	Jan. 3	79¼	Jan. 15	80	81½	−2⅞	Denver & Rio Grande pf	100	45,772,400	Jan. 15, '10	2½	SA	83¼	83¼	79¼	80¼	80	2,980
71¾	56	63	Jan. 13	63	Jan. 13	..	62	−2	Detroit United Railway	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07	1¼	..	63	63	63	63	..	170
41⅝	32½	36¾	Jan. 10	34⅛	Jan. 15	34	35	−2⅛	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,764,500	Oct. 30, '09	½	Q	36½	36¾	34⅛	34⅛	37⅛	3,370
21	14¼	18¾	Jan. 3	16	Jan. 15	15¾	16¼	−1¾	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	17½	17½	16	16	19⅝	1,525
36½	28	34⅝	Jan. 4	31	Jan. 14	30	31½	−2½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	33½	33½	31	31	34½	1,075
39	22⅝	34⅝	Jan. 5	31⅝	Jan. 15	32⅛	32¼	−1⅞	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	34⅛	34⅛	31⅝	32¼	31	19,800
56¾	36½	52½	Jan. 5	49	Jan. 14	49½	49⅝	−2½	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	52¼	52⅝	49	49½	47⅞	9,000
46	28½	41¾	Jan. 5	38⅜	Jan. 15	38⅜	39	−1½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	41	41	38⅜	38¾	35¾	1,400
60	60	58	Jan. 14	58	Jan. 14	56	65	−2	Evansville & Terre Haute	50	4,000,000	Nov. 1, '09	4	A	58	58	58	58	..	100
94	80	88	Jan. 3	86	Jan. 13	84¼	86½	−1¾	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Dec. 15, '09	1¾	Q	86	86	86	86	84	300
95	61	96	Jan. 12	95	Jan. 12	90	100	+3	**General Chemical Co**	100	7,410,300	Dec. 1, '09	1	Q	95	96	95	96	..	600
108	98½	103	Jan. 4	103	Jan. 4	103½	104½	..	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	103	104	103	104	..	15
172¾	150⅛	160⅞	Jan. 6	153¼	Jan. 14	154	155	−4⅞	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,600	Oct. 15, '09	2	Q	159½	159½	153¼	154⅝	155½	3,800
157⅞	136⅝	143⅞	Jan. 3	135	Jan. 15	136¼	136½	−4⅛	Great Northern pf.	100	209,950,400	Nov. 1, '09	1¾	Q	141	141	135	136½	143⅝	86,015
88½	65⅛	80½	Jan. 4	73	Jan. 14	75	75¼	−4½	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	....	Sept. 15, '09	$1	..	79½	79¾	73	75	71½	17,500
103	39	94	Jan. 12	90	Jan. 12	89	90	−13	**Havana Electric Ry.**	100	7,500,000	Nov. 13, '09	1	Q	94	94	90	90	39¾	1,100
100	83½	99	Jan. 4	98	Jan. 6	94¼	99¾	..	Havana Electric Ry. pf.	100	5,000,000	Nov. 13 '09	1½	Q	95½	95½	95½	95½	..	200
93	73¼	85	Jan. 11	81	Jan. 6	83	90	+4	Homestake Mining	100	21,840,000	Nov. 26, '09	50c	..	82	85	82	85	87	416
162⅛	137	147	Jan. 5	141¾	Jan. 14	143	146	−3¾	**Illinois Central**	100	100,270,400	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	146⅞	146⅞	141¾	142¾	145	7,015
25⅞	11⅝	25½	Jan. 11	23¼	Jan. 6	24¼	24⅜	−⅜	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	24⅝	25½	23¼	24¼	16⅝	105,340
63⅝	36¾	62⅞	Jan. 12	58¾	Jan. 6	62	62¼	+1½	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07	1¼	..	60½	62⅞	59½	62	46⅞	97,100
118¾	62	125⅞	Jan. 10	116½	Jan. 3	121	122½	−1⅝	International Harvester	100	60,000,000	....	..	..	123	125⅞	119	120⅝	63	8,850
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4	125⅞	Jan. 15	127	128	−1½	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¾	Q	127½	127¾	125⅞	125⅞	109¼	550
19¼	9½	16	Jan. 3	13¼	Jan. 15	13½	14¼	−1½	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	15	15	13¼	14	12	2,150
69¾	47¾	61½	Jan. 3	56⅝	Jan. 15	56	58	−3⅝	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '10	½	Q	59¼	59¼	56⅝	56⅝	56	2,250
54¼	33½	54⅝	Jan. 7	50	Jan. 14	50¾	51½	−3½	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,782,500	Apr. 1, '05	½	..	53	54⅝	50	51	40½	10,100
91¾	82½	90	Jan. 7	89	Jan. 15	89	89½	−1	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Nov. 1, '09	1½	Q	90	90	89	89	86⅝	1,065
36	26¾	30	Jan. 3	26⅞	Jan. 14	26⅞	27	−2¼	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	28	28	26⅞	26⅞	33½	1,000
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3	50¾	Jan. 14	49	50	−2	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00	1½	..	52	52¾	50¾	50¾	59¾	700
61	42	55	Jan. 12	55	Jan. 12	50	58	..	**Kanawha & Michigan** tr. rcts.	100	4,002,500	....	..	..	55	55	55	55	..	255
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3	40½	Jan. 14	41⅞	42	−1⅝	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	43½	43½	40½	41⅞	41¼	7,250
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4	69	Jan. 15	69½	70	−⅜	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	70	70	69	69⅝	72¾	1,275
113⅜	104	116½	Jan. 10	106⅜	Jan. 15	106⅞	107	−8¾	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Dec. 15, '09	1½	Q	115⅞	116½	106⅜	107	..	32,375
29½	19½	25¾	Jan. 5	24	Jan. 11	21	24	−1	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	24¾	24¾	24	24	20	550
64⅞	48	62¾	Jan. 3	61	Jan. 14	61	63	−⅜	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08	1	..	61¼	62	61	61⅛	..	2,200
71¼	59	69	Jan. 5	67	Jan. 14	65½	69	−2	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896	1	..	68¼	68¼	67	67	60	400
162½	121	159¾	Jan. 5	152	Jan. 15	152¾	153¼	−5	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Aug. 10, '09	3	SA	158	158¼	152	153	124½	15,700
95½	70	91⅛	Jan. 5	88⅝	Jan. 12	89	89⅝	−⅝	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Jan. 3, '10	1¼	Q	90	90	88⅝	89⅞	75	300
77⅞	69½	78¼	Jan. 10	76½	Jan. 15	76½	77½	−¾	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1	Q	78	78¼	76½	76½	70	600
5¼	2⅛	*3	Jan. 11	*3	Jan. 11	3	6	..	Manhattan Beach	100	5,000,000	....	..	..	3	3	3	3	2⅛	10
158½	137	138½	Jan. 3	137	Jan. 6	136½	138	..	Manhattan Elevated	100	60,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	137¾	137¾	137	137	151	300
9	5⅝	7½	Jan. 5	6½	Jan. 13	6½	7	−¾	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	7	7⅛	6½	6½	8⅝	2,500
27⅝	18¾	24⅜	Jan. 5	20⅞	Jan. 15	21¾	22	−1¾	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	23⅝	23½	20⅞	21¾	25½	4,580
42	18	25	Jan. 14	23	Jan. 10	20	25	+1½	Metropolitan Street Railway	100	9,550,400	July 1, '07	1¾	..	23	25	23	25	35	314
65	51	53¾	Jan. 4	49½	Jan. 14	47½	49	−3¼	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04	2½	..	50½	50½	49½	49½	59	1,100
149½	132½	142⅛	Jan. 3	136¼	Jan. 13	135	137	−4	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,822,900	Oct. 16, '09	3	SA	138½	138½	135	135	144⅞	1,925
164½	147	153⅛	Jan. 10	151¼	Jan. 15	150	152	−5⅝	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	10,411,400	Oct. 16, '09	3½	SA	153⅛	153⅛	151¼	151¼	157¼	330
94	89	92¾	Jan. 3	92	Jan. 13	91¾	92	−¾	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,039,500	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	92½	92½	92	92	..	1,600
50½	35½	51⅛	Jan. 5	45¼	Jan. 15	46	46¼	−3⅝	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	50	50	45¼	46⅛	43⅝	57,100
78½	71	74⅝	Jan. 5	73⅛	Jan. 14	72½	74½	−1	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '09	2	SA	74⅛	74⅛	73⅛	73⅛	74	500
77½	65	72⅝	Jan. 6	66	Jan. 15	66⅝	67	−4½	Missouri Pacific	100	83,044,400	Jan. 30, '08	2½	..	71	71¼	66	66¾	70	17,400
120	96½	115	Jan. 5	115	Jan. 5	113	115	..	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '10	1½	Q	115	115	115	115	108	100
30¼	12⅜	28½	Jan. 3	23⅜	Jan. 14	24	24¼	−3	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05	½	..	26	26	23⅜	24¼	13½	5,030
94	71¼	89⅝	Jan. 4	84½	Jan. 14	85¼	86	−3¼	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¼	Q	89	89	84½	85¼	77⅞	12,850
113¾	102¾	110¼	Jan. 15	109	Jan. 6	109	112	+1	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	24,463,600	Dec. 15, '09	1⅝	Q	110	110	110	110	106	480
64	44½	64	Jan. 3	61	Jan. 11	60½	60¾	−1	National Lead Co. pf.	100	28,830,200	Aug. 10, '09	1	SA	62¾	62¾	61	61	..	1,400
26⅝	21	26⅛	Jan. 3	24⅜	Jan. 15	25½	25⅝	..	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	123,835,600	....	..	..	25⅜	25⅜	24⅜	25⅛	..	8,400
97¼	80	95½	Jan. 3	88	Jan. 15	86	90	−4⅝	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Oct. 22, '07	2	..	93	93½	88	88	86¼	1,350
147¾	120½	125¼	Jan. 3	118⅝	Jan. 15	119½	119⅝	−4⅝	New York Central	100	178,632,000	Jan. 15, '10	1¼	Q	124¾	124⅞	118⅝	119⅛	129⅞	85,361
..	..	6⅜	Jan. 3	5½	Jan. 5	..	..	+⅞	New York Central rights	..	....	..	..	..	6⅛	6⅛	5⅝	6⅛	..	1,663
69	48½	65½	Jan. 4	60	Jan. 14	58	63	−5½	New York, Chi. & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	....	..	..	61½	61½	60	60	53½	200
174¾	154	158	Jan. 4	155¼	Jan. 15	155¼	156	−1¾	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	100,000,000	Dec. 31, '09	2	Q	157	158	155	155½	162	2,675
..	..	148¾	Jan. 5	146	Jan. 15	145½	146½	−2	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. rcts. 1st pd.	..	....	..	..	..	147½	147½	146	146	..	2,300
55⅝	42¼	50	Jan. 5	45¾	Jan. 15	46⅝	46⅞	−2⅞	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 9, '09	2	A	49⅝	49⅝	45¾	46⅝	48	12,100
102	84¼	101½	Jan. 4	96¼	Jan. 14	97½	98	−1¼	Norfolk & Western	100	66,000,000	Dec. 17, '09	2½	SA	99¼	99¼	96¼	97¾	88¼	13,600
92½	85⅛	90	Jan. 6	89⅛	Jan. 10	88	91	−½	Norfolk & Western pf.	100	23,000,000	Aug. 18, '09	2	SA	89½	89½	89½	89½	88	200
87½	72	84	Jan. 3	79	Jan. 14	79⅞	80	−1	North American	100	29,779,700	Jan. 3 '10	1¼	Q	82½	83	79	79⅞	73¼	6,010
159½	133¼	145⅝	Jan. 3	135¾	Jan. 15	137	137½	−6½	Northern Pacific	100	247,902,300	Nov. 1, '09	1¾	Q	143⅝	143⅝	135¾	137	139⅝	47,430
5⅞	2	2¾	Jan. 12	2¾	Jan. 12	2½	3	..	**Ontario Mining**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02	30c	..	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	5⅝	410
116½	76	118¾	Jan. 12	114	Jan. 12	113	116	−⅝	**Pacific Coast**	100	7,000,000	Nov. 1, '09	1¼	Q	116½	118¾	114	116⅝	80	1,550
115	88	118	Jan. 3	115	Jan. 7	113	116	+1	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	100	4,000,000	Nov. 1, '09	1¼	Q	118	118	118	118	..	300
48½	29⅛	43¼	Jan. 4	32¾	Jan. 15	33½	34	−8⅛	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99	1	..	42	42	32¾	33⅛	34¼	9,050
64½	45¼	46¼	Jan. 4	39	Jan. 15	39	40	−6	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	45	45	39	40	..	1,550
151¼	126⅛	137⅞	Jan. 3	132⅝	Jan. 15	133¾	134	−2⅝	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	394,197,000	Nov. 30, '09	3	SA	136¾	136¾	132⅝	134	133⅛	201,135
..	..	133⅜	Jan. 7	132½	Jan. 11	..	..	−1¼	Pennsylvania R. R. sub. cfs., 1st pd.	..	....	..	..	..	132½	132½	132½	132½	..	200
120	101½	116⅞	Jan. 3	112⅝	Jan. 14	113⅛	113½	−1⅝	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Nov. 26, '09	1¾	Q	114⅞	114⅞	112⅝	113¼	103¼	12,070
28	23½	28	Jan. 10	25½	Jan. 13	23	27	−1½	Peoria & Eastern	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	28	28	25½	25½	..	200
103½	99½	106½	Jan. 8	102	Jan. 8	101¾	102¼	−3½	Philadelphia Co.	50	33,240,000	Nov. 1, '09	1½	Q	105¼	105¾	102½	102½	..	4,400
99⅞	86½	100½	Jan. 5	96½	Jan. 15	98	99¾	−2	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	27,464,100	Aug. 15, '09	2	SA	99⅞	99⅞	96½	97½	88½	4,100
29⅜	10	27¾	Jan. 5	21½	Jan. 14	23	23⅜	−4¼	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	27¼	27¼	21½	23	..	15,300
87½	40	85	Jan. 3	75	Jan. 14	77	78	−7	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,471,100	Apr. 25, '05	1½	..	81½	83	75	76½	..	7,100
56	30½	51⅛	Jan. 3	46	Jan. 15	46	46½	−5	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04	1	..	51	51	46	46	41	4,495
111¾	96	107½	Jan. 5	104½	Jan. 15	104	106	−3	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Nov. 24, '09	1¾	Q	105	105	104½	104½	102	276
200	169	191¾	Jan. 7	188¼	Jan. 12	189	191	−2¼	Pullman Company	100	100,000,000	Nov. 15 '09	2	Q	190	190	188¼	189½	170	500
9⅝	1⅝	3⅝	Jan. 12	3½	Jan. 4	3¼	3¾	..	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	4	500
10	3	4⅜	Jan. 6	4¼	Jan. 4	3⅞	4	..	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '02	½	..	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	6¼	100
54½	32½	51⅞	Jan. 3	46	Jan. 15	47	47½	−2¼	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08	1	..	50¼	50¼	46	47	46	3,600
109	97⅞	106⅜	Jan. 12	106¼	Jan. 14	106⅜	107	−¼	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Dec. 20, '09	1¾	Q	106⅜	106⅜	106¼	106⅛	101	200
173⅜	118	171½	Jan. 3	160½	Jan. 15	162⅞	163	−1½	Reading	50	70,000,000	Aug. 2, '09	2	SA	167¼	168⅝	160½	163	137⅞	722,250
96	89	93	Jan. 4	92	Jan. 8	92	93	..	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Sept. 10, '09	2	SA	92	92	92	92	92	350
117½	90	110½	Jan. 3	101½	Jan. 15	103	105	−7	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '09	2	SA	106½	106½	101½	102	90½	3,275
197	*197	200	Jan. 5	200	Jan. 5	195	..	..	Rensselaer & Saratoga	100	10,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	4	SA	200	200	200	200	..	100
49½	16⅝	45⅞	Jan. 3	40	Jan. 15	41¼	41½	−3¼	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	44½	44½	40	41¼	25	20,600
110¼	67½	104⅛	Jan. 3	102	Jan. 14	102¼	103	−1½	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1¾	Q	104	104	102	102¼	86½	5,880
81	20⅞	57¼	Jan. 3	42⅞	Jan. 13	45⅞	46	−1	Rock Island Co.	100	90,085,900	....	..	..	47	48	42⅞	45⅞	24¼	119,950
94¾	57⅝	91½	Jan. 3	84	Jan. 12	86	86½	−1⅛	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,385,800	Nov. 1, '05	1	..	87½	87½	84	86	59¾	5,900
38½	30	30	Jan. 11	30	Jan. 11	30	38	..	Rutland pf.	100	9,057,600	Jan. 15, '08	1½	..	30	30	30	30	..	100
60¼	49¾	55	Jan. 14	55	Jan. 14	..	..	−1	**St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st pf.**	100	5,500,000	July 15, '02	2½	..	55	55	55	55	..	100
60⅜	36	60	Jan. 5	55½	Jan. 15	55½	56½	−3⅝	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05	1	..	58	58⅝	55½	55⅝	39⅝	7,600
35⅝	20½	34½	Jan. 3	30	Jan. 15	31	31¼	−2	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	33¼	33¼	30	31	23	3,200
82⅝	47½	77½	Jan. 3	73¼	Jan. 15	73¼	74	−3	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '10	2½	SA	76	76	73½	73½	52¼	2,400
94⅝	68	86½	Jan. 3	82¾	Jan. 14	83½	84	−2⅝	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 30, '09	‖2½	Q	85	85¼	82¾	83¼	77¼	845
120	107⅜	118½	Jan. 11	118	Jan. 13	..	119	+½	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf.	100	6,700,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	118½	118½	118	118	109½	200
139⅛	114⅝	138¼	Jan. 4	130¼	Jan. 14	132⅜	132½	−4⅝	Southern Pacific	100	272,663,000	Jan. 2, '10	1½	Q	136⅜	136⅜	130¼	132⅜	119⅞	279,813
34	22	33¾	Jan. 3	30¾	Jan. 14	31⅛	31⅜	−1⅞	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	32⅞	32⅞	30¾	31	26⅛	23,900
75½	60	75	Jan. 3	69	Jan. 14	69¾	70	−3½	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07	1½	..	73⅝	73⅝	69	69½	62⅜	7,210
83	79½	83	Jan. 3	81¾	Jan. 6	81	84	+1¼	South Porto Rico Sugar	100	3,271,000	Jan. 3, '10	1	..	83	83	83	83	..	147
115	113	113	Jan. 12	113	Jan. 12	110	114	..	South Porto Rico Sugar pf.	100	3,288,500	Jan. 3, '10	2	Q	113	113	113	113	..	100
49	33½	40⅜	Jan. 3	36¼	Jan. 15	36¾	37	−2½	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Dec. 23, '09	$1.25	..	39	39	36¼	36⅞	44⅞	8,000
40½	30	36⅜	Jan. 3	32	Jan. 14	33	33½	−3⅛	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	35½	35⅝	32	32⅝	35½	12,900
93⅞	80½	89½	Jan. 10	88	Jan. 14	86	89	−1	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	5,734,700	....	..	..	89½	89½	88	88	83½	300
42½	12¼	19½	Jan. 7	15	Jan. 15	16¼	16½	−2⅞	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07	1½	..	19½	19½	15	16¼	40⅞	16,262
15⅝	7	15⅜	Jan. 12	10¼	Jan. 3	12½	13	−⅜	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	13,875,000	May 1, '07	1	..	14	15⅜	12⅞	12⅞	11⅞	10,750
54⅞	43	54⅜	Jan. 4	50	Jan. 15	50	50¼	−8½	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	53⅜	53⅜	50	50	52⅜	2,600
74½	64¾	72½	Jan. 4	70	Jan. 13	69	70	−1⅞	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09	2	SA	71⅞	71⅞	70	70	72	3,000
116¼	97	117½	Jan. 3	113½	Jan. 15	113¼	114	−2½	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Nov. 15, '09	1¼	Q	116	116	113½	113½	99½	2,665
145	125	145	Jan. 3	145	Jan. 3	140	150	..	Twin City Rapid Transit pf.	100	3,000,000	Jan. 2, '10	1¾	Q	145	145	145	145	..	200
15⅝	9¼	13¼	Jan. 8	11⅞	Jan. 3	11⅞	12	−1⅜	**Union Bag & Paper Co.**	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	13¼	13¼	11⅞	11⅞	11	600
81¼	66	73	Jan. 13	73	Jan. 13	69	73	−2⅜	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	73	73	73	73	69	100
219	172½	104⅜	Jan. 3	192½	Jan. 15	194⅝	194¾	−6⅜	Union Pacific	100	206,012,400	Jan. 2, '10	2½	Q	201⅝	202¼	192½	194⅞	180¼	414,290
118½	94	103⅜	Jan. 7	100½	Jan. 14	100½	101	−2⅞	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	103½	103⅜	100½	100⅝	96⅜	6,302
125½	115	122	Jan. 3	119½	Jan. 12	109	120½	−½	United Dry Goods	100	11,141,600	Nov. 1, '09	2	Q	119½	119½	119½	119½	..	100
114	109	113⅞	Jan. 3	112	Jan. 11	111¾	112½	−½	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¾	Q	112½	112⅞	112	112⅜	..	1,317
47	30	42¼	Jan. 3	40½	Jan. 13	40½	41	−½	United Railways Investment Co.	100	10,400,000	....	..	..	42	42	40½	40½	35	1,160
77	50¼	72⅜	Jan. 8	70½	Jan. 6	..	..	−1¼	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	15,000,000	Jan. 10, '07	2½	..	71¼	71¼	71½	71½	..	100
35½	24⅜	32	Jan. 3	28⅞	Jan. 15	28⅞	29	−2⅜	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07	1	..	30¼	31	28⅜	28⅞	29¼	2,305
87½	70	84	Jan. 10	83	Jan. 13	82	83	−½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '08	1¾	..	84	84	83	83	75⅞	540
110	82	145	Jan. 10	112	Jan. 4	120	125	+3	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '09	3	SA	123	145	123	125	..	5,190
87	60	84¼	Jan. 4	81	Jan. 14	81¼	82¼	−2½	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Nov. 1, '09	1¼	Q	83¼	83¾	81	81	61½	1,000
17½	10	11	Jan. 14	9	Jan. 14	9	12	−2	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '08	1	..	10½	11	9	9	..	800
57⅞	27	52½	Jan. 3	44¾	Jan. 15	46	48	−5¼	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00	1	..	51½	51⅝	44¾	46	33½	11,000
..	..	⅛	Jan. 3	.08	Jan. 15	..	..	..	United States Rubber Co. rights	..	....	..	..	..	⅛	⅛	0.08	0.08	..	6,040
123½	98	116½	Jan. 10	110¼	Jan. 15	112½	115	−2⅛	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	36,263,000	Oct. 30, '09	2	Q	116½	116½	110¼	112	104½	6,050
89½	67½	84	Jan. 3	82½	Jan. 6	80½	83	..	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Oct. 30, '09	1½	Q	82⅝	82⅝	82½	82½	72	500
94⅞	41¼	91	Jan. 3	84½	Jan. 15	85½	85⅝	−3¼	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Dec. 30, '09	1	Q	89⅝	89⅞	84½	85½	52½	1,253000
131	107	125⅝	Jan. 3	122½	Jan. 15	123	123½	−1⅝	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Nov. 30, '09	1¾	Q	124½	125	122½	123¼	114	18,925
67¼	39⅛	60¼	Jan. 6	52½	Jan. 15	53⅜	54	−6	Utah Copper	10	7,343,750	Dec. 31, '09	50c	Q	59½	59⅝	52½	53⅜	45¼	39,350
56⅜	40⅞	57⅞	Jan. 10	53½	Jan. 6	55	55¼	−1¼	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 20, '09	3	..	56¼	57⅞	54⅛	55	46½	58,550
128	114	129¼	Jan. 4	124	Jan. 15	122	124	−4¼	Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	2	Q	128¼	128¼	124	124	..	600
75⅛	57	73	Jan. 8	69	Jan. 14	68	73	−4	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	71	71	69	69	61	300
37½	6	*25	Jan. 15	*22	Jan. 6	..	..	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	25	25	25	25	8	40
91¾	45	81	Jan. 7	80	Jan. 6	..	..	..	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	1,500,000	Oct. 20, '09	1¼	Q	85	85	85	85	49¾	25
27⅞	15	27¾	Jan. 3	21½	Jan. 15	22¾	23	−2¾	**Wabash**	100	53,183,500	....	..	..	25½	25½	21½	22⅝	19	84,000
61⅜	41	61	Jan. 3	48½	Jan. 14	50	50¼	−7⅝	Wabash pf.	100	39,183,500	....	..	..	57½	57½	48½	49⅝	49	63,395
650	300	*195	Jan. 4	*190	Jan. 3	180	186	..	Wells-Fargo Express Co.	100	8,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	5	SA	190	190	190	190	..	40
..	..	52½	Jan. 5	48¼	Jan. 14	50¼	51½	−1¼	Western Maryland, 4th pd.	50	15,685,400	....	..	..	51	51¼	48¼	50¼	..	19,100
..	..	52⅛	Jan. 3	50¼	Jan. 13	50	50½	−1¼	West. Maryland warrants, 4th pd.	100	5,000,000	....	..	..	51½	51½	50¼	50¼	..	400
85¼	64	77	Jan. 3	73½	Jan. 15	74	74½	−3¼	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,698,500	Jan. 15, '10	¾	Q	76½	76½	73½	73½	68⅜	4,233
90	74	82¼	Jan. 3	69⅜	Jan. 15	73	73½	−8	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	35,934,150	Oct. 10, '07	2½	..	81½	81½	69⅜	73½	80⅜	24,200
145	110	128¼	Jan. 6	128¼	Jan. 6	122	135	..	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	3,998,700	Jan. 15, '10	1¾	Q	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	..	100
12⅞	5	10	Jan. 3	5½	Jan. 12	5½	5¾	−3¾	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	9½	9½	5½	6	11	9,650
25⅞	15½	23	Jan. 3	10	Jan. 15	10¾	11	−12½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	22¼	22¼	10	10	21½	10,100
15⅛	6½	13½	Jan. 3	5¼	Jan. 15	5½	6	−6⅞	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	11⅛	11½	5¼	5½	13½	8,250
63⅞	35⅞	52	Jan. 10	49	Jan. 3	48	51	−⅜	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	50⅝	52	49	49	..	1,800

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RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS.
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

To all holders of above bonds:

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ray Consolidated Copper Company will on July 1, 1910, purchase, redeem, and pay off all of its outstanding first mortgage convertible gold bonds secured by its mortgage deed of trust to the Morton Trust Company, Trustee, dated July 1, 1907, at the price of One hundred and five per centum (105%) of their par value and accrued interest, in accordance with the provisions of Article IV. of said mortgage deed of trust.

Said Bonds, with the July, 1910, and all succeeding coupons attached, must be presented on July 1, 1910, at the office of the agent of the Company, the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y., where payment for the same will be made in accordance with the above provisions.

The right of the holder of any such bond to convert the same into stock at par, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, shall continue only until and including the first day of July, 1910.

Interest on all of said bonds will cease from and after July 1, 1910.

Dated January 17, 1910.
RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY,
By E. P. SHOVE, Treasurer.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY,
City of New York,
Borough of Brooklyn.
Jan. 7, 1910.

The annual meeting of Stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) Directors to serve three (3) years, and one (1) Director to serve two (2) years, and one (1) Director to serve one (1) year, and of three (3) inspectors of election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at 12 o'clock noon on Friday, Jan. 28, 1910, at the office of the company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. on Tuesday, Jan. 11, 1910, and will remain closed until 10 A. M. on the day immediately succeeding the final adjournment of said stockholders' meeting.

C. D. MENEELY, Secretary.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Directors of this company has been called for 3 o'clock P. M. on Jan. 31, 1910, for the purpose of declaring a dividend of one and 50-100 dollars ($1.50) per share upon the preferred capital stock of this company for the period beginning Nov. 1, 1909, and ending Jan. 31, 1910, payable by check on the 15th day of February, 1910, to the Stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 31st day of January, 1910. Owners of such preferred stock, evidenced by certificates issued in the name of any other person, should have the same transferred on the books of the company and new certificates issued in their own names on or before 3 o'clock P. M. of Jan. 31, 1910, if they desire dividend checks made payable to themselves.

D. H. FOOTE,
Secretary of the Pacific Gas and Electric Co.
San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 3, 1910.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, January 13th, 1910.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held January 11th, 1910, the following-named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors:

J. Edward Simmons,
Cornelius N. Bliss, — T. Frank Manville,
Robert W. Stuart, — Thomas H. McKittrick,
Richard T. Wilson, — Mortimer L. Schiff,
James G. Cannon, — L. F. Loree,
William S. Opdyke, — Edward A. Shepard.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, Mr. J. Edward Simmons, President, and Mr. James G. Cannon, Vice President, were unanimously re-elected.

CHARLES H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

Peoria and Eastern Railway Company.

Danville, Ill., January 10th, 1910.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Peoria and Eastern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Danville, Illinois, on Wednesday, the 9th day of February, 1910, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, January 21st, 1910, and be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Thursday, February 10th, 1910.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Office of
NEVADA-UTAH MINES AND SMELTERS CORPORATION.
100 Broadway, New York.

Notice is hereby given that for the purposes of the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Corporation, to be held at Corporation office, 281 St. John's St., Portland, Cumberland County, Maine, on Wednesday, Feb. 9th, 1910, the stock transfer books will be closed on Saturday, Jan. 15th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and remain closed until Thursday, Feb. 10th, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. J. CAUGHEY, Secretary.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Dividend and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Jan. 15, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cit. R.&L.	$10,761,165	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	62	64
Do preferred	6,906,177	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	97	98
Albany So. 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	97	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,000,000	V	V	V	30⅝	32
Do 6% cum. pf	2,500,000	V	V	V	79	80
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	V	V	V	26	28
Do preferred	750,000	V	V	V	45	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,650,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	89	93
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	97	102
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	100	102
Augusta R&E 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	101
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 10	47½	48
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 10	90	92
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	99¾	100¼
Do 1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	91⅝	93½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	97½	100
Bangor R. & E. 1st con. 5s,'35	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	108	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	1,000,000	V	V	V	..	101½
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s	957,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	103	106
Birmingham R., L.& P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Oct. 1, 09	90½	92
Do 6s	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock	900,000	¾	S	July, 1909	15	25
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	V	V	V	60	70
B'way & 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 11, 09	140	160
Do 2d 5s,1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	99	101
B'way Surface guar.1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	101	105
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933	250,000	2½	S	Oct, 1909	96	99
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,600,000	2½	Q	Jan, 1910	195	200
Buff. & L. Erie Trac. 5s	5,005,000	V	V	V	83½	83¾
Buff. & Lock. Ry. 5s of '38	500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	100	101
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	106½	107½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	102	103
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36	5,005,000	V	V	V	85	87
Buf. & Niag. F. E. L. & P. 5s	500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98	..
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	V	V	V	..	250
Do 1st 6s,1922	250,000	V	V	V	..	95
Charleston Con. Ry, G&El($50)	V	V	V	V	25	30
Do con 5s, '99	1,713,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	92	94
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28	780,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	102½	103
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Oct. 1, 09	80	81
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	99
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st 5s,'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	94	100
Cleve. Ry. 5s,'12	2,128,000	2½	S	Jan 1, 10	98	99½
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s	1,073,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	88	90
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s g '33	689,000	V	V	V	95⅝	97
Colum's, New'k & Z. 1st 5s	1,250,000	5	A	Mar, 1909	95½	96¾
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101½	102¼
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & J.	101¾	103½
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	50
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	80	90
Col. Sp. El. 5s	V	V	V	V	..	100
Col. Sp.L.&P.5s	V	V	V	V	96	99
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	60	70
Do 1st con. 4s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	75	80
Con. Gas,E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	7,151,000	2¼	S	July, 1909	83½	85
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	76	77
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	104½	105½
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	91	95
Dayton Ltg. 5s	2,235,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98½	98¾
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,284,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	97½	101
Do 5%sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,127,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	99	101½
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36	2,905,500	V	V	V	78	83
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	97
Ed'n El. (L.Ang.) pf. stock	V	V	V	V	82½	83½
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	225	300
Elmira Water, L. & R. R. 1st mtg. 5s	V	V	V	V	100	103
Do con. 5s	V	V	V	V	93	93½
El Paso El. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan, 1, 10	98	100
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	200	220
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	99½	100¼
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	....	50	75
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	115	117
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 09	90	..
Do 1st 5s, '16	3,372,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	99	101½
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	93	96
Helena R. & L.	561,000	V	..	....	40	50
Do 5s cum.pf.	374,000	V	V	V	75	80
Do 5s of '25	860,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
Ind. Un. Tr.5s,'33	4,706,000	V	V	V	70	78
Int.Ry. of Buff. Buf. Div. con. 5s, 1931	4,706,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	107½	108½
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	Oct., 1909	107	108
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	99½	101
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	100½	..
B. & N.F. Div. 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	105½	107
Inter. Trac. col. tr. 4s, '49	17,955,000	2	S	Jan, 1910	68	69
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	78¾	79¼
Kan. C. R&L pf	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	76	78½
Do 1st l.r.5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	95½	97
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94½	..
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937	2,500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1897	102	103½
*Knoxville R. & L. Co. 5s	1,932,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94	98
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	105½	..
Leav'worth L., H. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	..	96
Little Rock R. & Elec. Co. 5s	....	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	103½	104½
*Do 6s	365,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	106
Lock. &O. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	99	100
Memph. St.R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
MN. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	..	105
Minn. Gen. El. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99½	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 09	104½	105¼
Mobile Elec. Co.	950,000	V	V	V	..	20
Do preferred	500,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	..	85
Do 1st 5s, '46	1,355,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	..	95
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	1	S	Jan. 1, 10	49	55
Do preferred	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	..	90
Do con. 5s	4,054,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102½	104
Do ref. 5s	1,785,000	2½	S	Jan. 1,10	92	95
Nassau L&P 5s	547,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
N. News & O.P. R. & El. 5s,'41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	93½	95
Ninth Avenue	800,000	V	V	V	160	170
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	98½	100
N. Orl. Rys.	V	V	V	V	24⅝	25
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	58½	59
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	100
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s	100,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	103
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	80	81
Okla. G. & El.	700,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15,09	88	93
Do 7% cum. pf	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	94	99
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,533,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	97	99
O. & C. B. St.R. & B. 1st 5s,'28	$1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98½	100
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s, '33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42	2,350,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	102
Portland (Ore) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '10	1,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99¾	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,056,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	103
Pub. Ser. Corp.	18,461,200	1	Q	Sep 30, 09	125	125½
Do certs	19,730,570	2	S	Sep 31, 09	105	106
Pug. Sd. E. R.	3,500,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	3,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	85	87
Do 1st c.5s,'32	4,179,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	95	98
Rochester Ry.	5,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	105	110
Do preferred	2,250,000	1¼	Q	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
††Do c. 5s, '30	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	104	106
††Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	102	..
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st5s,1946	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	98
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	101	102½
San Diego Con. G. & E.	700,000	1¼	Q	Jan., 1910	75	79
Do preferred	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan., 1910	93½	97
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep 1, 09	97	99
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	79	81
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101½	102½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do 1st 5s, '32	900,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	102½
Do con. 5s	1,100,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100¼	101½
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	115	116
Do preferred	5,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104
Do 1st 5s, '30	4,565,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	104	105
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,982,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 4, 09	14	18
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	68	75
Do 1st 5s,1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	....	110	130
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	87	92
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	8,941,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	98	101
Springfield R. & L. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	96	97½
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	102	106
Syracuse R. T.	2,750,000	3	..	Feb., 1909	69	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Do gen. 5s,'46	2,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102	103
Tampa Elec. 5s	600,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
T'town, W. P. & M. 1st 5s, 1928	300,000	2½	S	V	50	90
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	..	75
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	..	20
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	200	250
Tri-City R. &L.	9,000,000	V	V	V	25	28
Do preferred	2,826,000	6	A	V	91	95
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 1st 4½s, '29	4,500,000	..	S	Nov 1, 09	93½	96
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	100	102
Un. G. & El. of N. J. 5s	....	V	V	V	..	100
Un. El. gh. J.4s	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	93
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s	2,410,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	97½	98
Do stock	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	58	60
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	64	66
Wash. R. & L.	6,500,000	..	..	....	42	44
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	90½	92
††Do gen. 4s	8,392,300	2	S	Nov, 1909	86	87
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	60	75
West'n Power	12,000,000	V	V	V	39½	41
Do 6% cum. pf	5,100,000	V	V	V	59	61
West Side RR.5s	V	V	V	V	80	90
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	90

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Jan. 15, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Packers	$5,750,000	¾	M	Sep 30, 05	88¾	89¼
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952	857,000	2½	S	Mar, 1902	99½	100½
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	‡2	M	Jan 20, 10	230	232
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	104	107
Am. Malt, 6s	3,893,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102	105
Am. Screw	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	162	165
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	25,000,000	V	V	V	47½	51
Am. Writ. Pap	9,500,000	..	..	....	2½	3¼
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	S	Oct. 1, 09	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '19	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	87	89
Assoc. Oil	40,000,000	1½	V	Mar 1, 07	49⅞	50
Atl. P. Cem. 6s	5,000,000	3	S	Sep., 1909	107⅞	108¾
Babcock & Wilcox, stk	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 09	103	107
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	130	140
Do pf., ($50)	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	135	..
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34	413,000	V	V	V	70	80
Do 5s of '36	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 14, 09	110¼	121
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 15, 09	105	107
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	3,200,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	†3½	Q	Dec 31, 09	130	133
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1¼	Q	Jan 15, 10	86	86½
Do preferred	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jan 15, 10	85	86
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,150	1½	S	V	5	7
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	55	60
Cent. Fdy. pf.	6,650,000	..	..	....	10	14
Cent. Fdy. 6s	3,860,500	3	S	Nov, 1909	58	63
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	34	..
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	104
Do 5s of '99	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	98⅛
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Sep 15, 09	600	700
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,113,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	36	40
Chic. Subw. 5s	15,600,000	2½	S	V	42½	44
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf.	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	80	95
Do 5s of '17	691,000	2½	S	July, 1909	89	95
Do 6s of '56	1,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	100	104
Con. Coal 4½s,'34	4,675,000	V	V	V	95½	..
Con. Ry., Ltg. & Refrig.	22,000,000	V	V	V	½	1½
Con. Rub. Tire	5,149,500	..	..	....	2	4
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1909	10	20
Do deb. 4s	3,865,000	3½	..	Apr. 1, 09	20	35
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,500,000	V	V	V	8½	10
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 5s, '31	2,270,000	V	V	V	47½	51
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
Cumberland Tel. & Tel.	20,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	143½	145½
Cuyah'a Tel. Co (Overl'd) 1st 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	77½	79
Dolores Mines	£329,965	4½	Q	Nov 24,09	7	7½
Du P. de N. P.	28,047,000	2	Q	Dec 15, 09	137	140
Do db.4½s,'36	14,452,000	2¼	S	Dec. 1, 09	87½	88½
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,320,000	2½	S	July, 1909	96	97½
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	67½
Gt. Lakes Tow.	1,675,000	V	V	V	19¼	24
Do preferred	1,952,000	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 09	94	95
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	6½	8
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	....	15	20
HomeTel.&Tel. (Los Ang.) pf.	2,795,000	1¼	Q	V	55	56½
Ind. Nat. G. & O. 5s	6,000,000	V	V	V	88	90
Int. Ed. Pub.Co.	3,500,000	..	..	....	26	35
Do preferred	3,000,000	1¾	Q	V	80	84
Int. Nickel	8,822,602	1½	Q	Dec. 1, 09	150	154
Int. Nickel pf.	8,912,626	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	91½	93
Do 5s	V	V	V	V	93	94
Internat. Salt	18,228,000	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	8
Do 1st 5s	7,500,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	46	48½
Internat. Txtbk	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jan, 1910	140	142½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	1,750,000	V	V	V	..	66
Kan. City Home Teleph. 5s, '23	2,978,700	2½	S	Jan., 1910	87⅝	88¼
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	..	87
K. C. Stocky'ds	9,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	100	101
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	V	V	V	106½	107
Lackaw. Steel	35,000,000	..	..	....	62	64
Lan.M'type($20)	*4,998,000	1½	Q	Dec 30, 09	94	96
Man. Tran.($20)	6,000,000	..	..	....	2	2¼
Mergenthaler	10,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 09	213	216
Nev. C.Cop.($5)	5,756,000	37½	Q	Dec 31, 09	26⅝	27½
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	100½
N. F. Pow. 5s,'32	10,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Do stock	4,180,700	V	V	V	62	64
O'gara Coal 5s	2,744,000	2½	S	Sep., 1905	79	82
Ontario Pow. 5s	4,913,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	94	96
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	S	Oct 16, 09	55	58
Do preferred	6,310,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	97	103
Paint Creek Colls. 5s	2,903,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	70
Penn. Coal & C. 5s, '53	5,854,500	2½	S	V	83	88
Penn. C. Bwg.6s	2,300,000	V	V	V	60	62½
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57	3,237,300	2½	S	July 1, 09	86	89
Proc. & Gamble	9,000,000	3	Q	Nov 15, 09	400	455
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	185	195
Producers' Oil	V	V	V	V	140	160
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	150	..
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 09	108	111
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	9,862,000	1	Ex	Dec 23, 09	130	135
Schwartzschild & S.deb.6s,'19	5,401,000	3	S	Jan, 1906	100¾	101¾
Singer Mfg.	30,000,000	10	Q	Jan., 1910	510	600
Stand. Coupler	1,200,000	1	V	Dec 24, 09	25	35
Do preferred	300,000	4	V	Dec 24, 09	100	110
Stand. Milling	4,600,000	V	V	V	19	21
Do preferred	6,900,000	1¼	V	Oct 30, 09	58	59½
Do 1st 5s	3,537,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	83	87
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$10	Q	Dec 15, 09	654	659
Studeb'kr Bros. 1st mtg. 5s	....	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Temple Iron 4s	705,000	2	S	Jan., 1910	102	105
Texas (Oil) Co.	12,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	212	219
Do conv. 6s	6,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	144	147
Tintic Co. ($5)	3,000,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Tren. Potteries	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	8
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	..	Oct 25, 09	52	60
Union Oil	23,982,200	½	..	Oct 20, 09	104½	104⅝
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	60	64
Do 1st pf.	4,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	110	114
Do 2d pf.	4,105,000	4	S	Oct. 1, 09	112	115
Unit. Banknote Corp., ($50)	5,000,000	1	Q	Nov 15,09	50	52
Do pf., ($50)	5,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	52	54
Unit. T. & T. 5s	1,937,000	V	V	V	50	55
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	78	81¾
Worth'n H.R.pf	2,000,000	3½	S	Nov 1, 09	105	110

IRRIGATION BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Municipal Issues.						
Bijou Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	99	5¾%b
Greel.-Poud. 6s (Weld Co.,Col.)	5,100,000	V	V	V	100	5¾%b
Montz. Val. 6s (Mont.Co.,Col.)	795,000	V	V	V	5⅝%b	5%b
River. Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	101	5%b
Corporation Issues.						
Bitterr't Val.Ir. Co., 1st mtg.6s	1,500,000	V	V	V	98	101
E. I. & L. Co., 1st mtg. 6s	660,000	V	V	V	100	5½%b

bIncome percentage basis.

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	‡5	Q	Dec 31, 09	225	230
Astor Trust	1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	370	390
Bankers' Trust	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	700	..
**Bd.& Mg.Guar	5,000,000	3	S	Nov 15,09	265	275
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 07	148	155
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	410	420
Carnegie	1,500,000	2-3	M	Dec., 1909	165	175
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 3, 10	1025	1050
Citizens'	500,000	2½	..	Sep. 1, 09	138	145
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 09	325	335
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	130	140
Empire	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 31, 09	300	310
Emp. St. Surety	V	V	V	V	105	112
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	500	..
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	10	Q	Nov 1, 09	1800	1850
Fidelity Trust	750,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Fifth Avenue	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	425	460
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	225
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 09	215	230
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	290	..
Guaranty Trust	2,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	1000	1050
Guardian Trust	500,000	..	..	....	160	175
Hamilton	500,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 09	260	270
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	115	..
Hudson Trust	500,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
Kings County	500,000	3½	Q	Nov 1, 09	501	..
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	....	340	360
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	270	280
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	305	312
Lincoln***	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 20, 07	152½	170
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	310	..
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	385	..
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡10	Q	Dec 31, 09	735	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	530	550
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Dec 31, 09	112	116
Morton	2,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	580	625
Mutual Alliance	700,000	4	..	Jan. 2, 10	133	138
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov. 1, 09	160	170
National Surety	750,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 10	220	235
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 09	1110	1125
N. Y.Mtg.& Sec.	1,000,000	6	Q	Jan. 3, 10	225	235
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 09	660	680
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	Oct. 1, 09	285	305
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	‡4	S	Jan 15, 10	130	134
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31, 09	400	..
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	565	575
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	150	160
Tr. Co. of Am.	2,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	350	360
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 10	1375	1425
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	470	500
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 10	1250	1265
Van Norden	1,000,000	1	M	Dec., 1909	235	250
Washington Tr.	500,000	‡5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	360	375
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 09	133	140

**New stock. a Dividend on former capital of $1,000,000.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Commonwealth	....	..	..	....	300	..
Continental	$1,000,000	30	S	V	1800	..
Empire City	200,000	4	S	V	125	..
Fidelity	1,000,000	5	..	V	350	370
Germ. Alliance	400,000	6	S	V	245	..
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	V	575	..
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	7½	S	V	260	295
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	5	Q	V	400	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	5	S	V	175	190
Home	3,000,000	12½	S	V	620	630
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	V	150	160
Niagara ($50)	750,000	10	S	V	350	400
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct., 1909	155	..
Pacific ($25)	200,000	3	S	V	100	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	5	S	V	90	105
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	2	Q	V	140	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 11, 04	55	65
W'chester ($10)	300,000	15	S	V	430	..
W'sb'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan 14, 10	410	..

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Jan. 15, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	185
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 10	600	625
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	253	256
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	125	130
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Nov 1, 09	375	..
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	..	Jun 30, 09	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	140	150
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Chase National	5,000,000	‡9	S	Jan. 3, 10	425	460
Chat'm Nat($25)	450,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	340	350
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	3	Q	Jan. 1, 10	200	210
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Jan. 2, 10	445	460
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	160	165
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	422	427
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 10	150	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	300	..
Columbia	625,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	380	405
Commerce(Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	203	207
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 09	325	335
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	125	135
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	160	170
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25	Q	Jan. 1, 10	4300	4500
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	Oct., 1909	300	350
First National	10,000,000	‡‡13	Q	Jan. 3, 10	900	935
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Aug 2, 09	155	165
Fourth Nat.	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	203	206
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	1,000,000	6	S	Oct. 6, 09	330	350
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	295	300
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Aug 2, 09	140	145
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 09	450	..
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov 1, 09	550	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 09	255	265
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	640	670
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	565	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	140	145
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	205	215
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 10	175	190
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	‡15	Q	Jan. 3, 10	575	..
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	420	435
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 10	345	360
Mar. & Ful. Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	255	265
Mechanics' Nat.	3,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	s265	s285
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	195
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	180	190
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	160	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Nov 2, 09	390	410
Metropolitan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mount Morris	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mutual	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nassau	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nat. Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nat. Reserve	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Netherland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N.Y.County	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Produce Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N't & Day	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nor. Bk. of N.Y.	700,000	3	..	July 1, 07	100	115
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	230	245
Park National	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	470	480
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 10	280	295
Phenix Nat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 10	625	..
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	350	380
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	400	..
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	290	310
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 09	140	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	190	200
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	..	July 1, 09	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	500	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	500	..

‡‡Includ. 8% extra, but not 3% div. on First Security Co.
sEx-Special Dividend of 21% payable Jan. 29.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Jan. 15, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,124,000	‡4½	Q	Nov 1, 09	298	302
Do preferred	*14,236,200	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	108	109
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	..	100
Bklyn. Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	55	75
Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	92	96
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	4	6
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	18	..
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,805,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	65	66
Burlington Gas 1st 5s of '55	980,000	V	V	V	89	92
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100½	101½
Chemung Co. 6s	V	V	V	V	100	104
Columbus Gas 1st 5s, 1932	1,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	93½	..
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	..	..	....	41	..
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	80⅝	91
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	July, 1909	92	95
Con. Wat. Utica 5s of 1930	2,500,000	V	V	V	100	101
Denver G. & E.	3,500,000	1¼	M	Dec, 1909	155	158
Do gen. 5s	5,594,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96	98
Denver U. Water 5s, '14	V	2½	S	July, 1909	94	96
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s,'23	5,619,000	V	V	V	101¼	101½
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	101
Do 1st 5s.1941	....	2½	S	Jun, 1909	80	85
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926	350,000	*2	S	Oct., 1909	103	108
Mass. Gas	25,000,000	1	1-3	Dec. 1, 09	79¾	80½
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 09	95	96
Michigan Light	1,000,000	1	Q	Jan. 3, 10	90	[illegible]
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 3, 10	..	105
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,932,000	2	SA	Nov, 1909	92	..
Min'ap. G.L. 1st c. 6s, '10 or '30	8,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Do 1st 5s, '30	2,240,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100	101
Mutual	3,500,000	8	S	July, 1909	145	160
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100	101
N.Y. & E. R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	103	106
Do con.5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	100
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	65	68
Do preferred	1,250,000	2½	S	Au. 10, 09	80	82
Do cons. 5s	2,272,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	99	100
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st & gen. 5s	750,000	2½	S	Aug 1, 09	85	90
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	98	100
Omaha Gas 5s	V	V	V	V	98	100
Do 6s	V	V	V	V	104	104½
Pacific G. & E.	17,566,000	V	V	V	53	54
Do preferred	9,979,000	1.50	Q	Nov 15, 09	90	91
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	Dec 15, 09	99	101
Que-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30	....	2½	..	Oct., 1909	97	..
St.Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	95	98
St. Paul (Minn.) gen. 5s, 1944	3,294,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	95	99
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	July, 1909	105	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'28	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	101	102¼
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100¼	101½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s,1949	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	Jun, 1909	135	140
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	99¼	100¼
Sprg. Val. Wat.	V	V	V	V	44⅝	45½
Sp'broek Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	100	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31,06	..	56

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
of NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.

358 Fifth Avenue, Corner 34th Street
60 Broadway — 125th St. & Lenox Ave. — 148th St. & Third Ave.
NEW YORK, N. Y.

OFFICERS
CHARLES H. KEEP, President
BENJ. L. ALLEN, Vice President — HARRIS A. DUNN, Secretary & Treasurer
JOSEPH T. BROWN, Vice President — JAMES E. MILLER, Assistant Secretary
WILLIAM TURNBULL, Vice President — J. SPERRY KANE, Assistant Treasurer
FRANCIS HENDERSON, Vice President & Trust Officer — PAUL H. HUDSON, Auditor

TRUST DEPARTMENT
R. L. CERERO and ORRIN R. JUDD, Assistant Trust Officers.

DIRECTORS
G. LOUIS BOISSEVAIN, Kean, Van Cortlandt & Co., Bankers — WILLIAM B. JOYCE, President National Surety Co.
FREDERICK G. BOURNE, New York City — CHARLES H. KEEP, President of The Company
FRANKLIN Q. BROWN, Redmond & Co., Bankers — HINSDILL PARSONS, General Counsel & V. P. General Elec. Co.
EDWARD H. CLARK, Manager Hearst Estate — SAMUEL T. PETERS, Williams & Peters, Coal Merchants
CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, New York City — HERBERT L. SATTERLEE, Ward, Hayden & Satterlee, Counselors-at-Law
J. HORACE HARDING, Charles D. Barney & Co., Bankers — WILLIAM A. TUCKER, Tucker, Anthony & Co., Bankers
PAYNE WHITNEY, New York City

ISSUES TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
49 WALL STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $10,000,000

BRAYTON IVES, President. — GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
ANTON A. RAVEN, Vice-Pres. — JAMES F. McNAMARA, Trust Officer.
BEVERLY CHEW, 2d Vice-Pres. — RUPERT W. K. ANDERSON, Asst. Tr.
BERTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer. — FREDERICK E. FRIED, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
Francis M. Bacon, William L. Bull, William Carpender, Beverly Chew, Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Henry W. DeForest, Haley Fiske, J. Horace Harding, Erskine Hewitt, Brayton Ives,
Edward B. Judson, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Bradley Martin, Frederick T. Martin, Walter E. Maynard, E. D. Morgan, Richard Mortimer, John E. Parsons, Charles M. Pratt,
Anton A. Raven, Norman B. Ream, George R. Sheldon, J. Edward Simmons, John W. Simpson, Joseph J. Slocum, John T. Terry, Geo. Henry Warren, Horace White.

Windsor Trust Company
Uptown Office, FIFTH AVE. & 47th ST. — NEW YORK — Downtown Office, NASSAU & CEDAR STS.

ACTS AS REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT
MAINTAINS A THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED
TRUST DEPARTMENT
AND IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR OR GUARDIAN

THE
TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
37-43 Wall Street, New York,
COLONIAL BRANCH, 222 Broadway, New York. — LONDON OFFICE, 95 Gresham Street.
Capital and Surplus, $8,000,000.
Invites accounts of individuals, firms and corporations.
Pays interest on daily balances.
Executes trusts of every description.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick & Wrecking Company:

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick & Wrecking Company, for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the New York office of the company, No. 17 Battery Place, Manhattan Borough, New York City, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 25th day of January, 1910, at 2 P. M.

Dated January 10, 1910.
WILLIAM L. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF A MEETING of the stockholders of the Edgar Realty Company, called by its Board of Directors, to be held at the office of the Company, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 25th day of January, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M. on that day, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved.

ALBERT A. SPRINGS, Jr., Secretary.
HUNT, HILL & BETTS, Attorneys.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York.
4 Irving Place.
January 1st, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 24th, 1910. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 8th, 1910, at 12 M. and reopen Tuesday, January 25th, 1910.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Fidelity Trust Company of New York for the election of Directors, the appointment of three Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Chambers and Hudson Streets, New York, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M.

ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary.
December 18, 1909.

TIMES AUTO SUPPLY CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Times Auto Supply Co. will be held at the office of the Company, 1,597 Broadway, New York City, on February 1st, 1910, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting.

B. H. ELLIS, Secretary.

MAXWELL-BRISCOE, INCORPORATED.
New York, January 6, 1910.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Maxwell-Briscoe, Incorporated, will be held at the office of the Company, Nos. 1,930-1,932 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, January 25th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

K. C. PARDEE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MORTON TRUST COMPANY.
New York, December 15, 1909.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Morton Trust Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 38 Nassau Street, New York, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books close at 3 o'clock P. M. January 5, 1910, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. January 20, 1910.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

J. L. & D. S. RIKER, INC.,
46 Cedar Street.
New York, Jan. 17, 1910.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this company for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly be transacted will be held at No. 46 Cedar Street, New York City, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of Monday, Jan. 24, 1910.

E. P. FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

New York, Jan. 15, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cimiotti Unhairing Co. will be held at its office, 135 West Third St., New York City, on Tuesday, January 25th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of such business as may properly come before said meeting.

CIMIOTTI UNHAIRING CO.
GUSTAV CIMIOTTI, Pres.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Empire State Liquor Co., for the transaction of such business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 632 Hudson St., N. Y. City, on Monday, January 31st, 1910.

HUGH DOLAN, President.
Attest: J. E. NOLAN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the UNITED BOTTLE MACHINERY CO. will be held at the office of the Company, 194 Chambers St., Manhattan, New York City, on the 27th day of January, 1910, at two o'clock P. M.

P. C. DOYLE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

To the Stockholders of the Beaver National Bank of New York City:

A dividend of Ten Dollars per share has been declared, payable to stockholders upon presentation of stock certificates for indorsement, at the office of the undersigned, No. 60 Wall Street, Room 705, on January 20th and 21st, 1910, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

GEORGE MERCER, Jr.,
WILLIAM E. McREYNOLDS,
Liquidating Committee.

DIVIDEND NOTICE
GENERAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY.
January 13, 1910.

The General Development Company, Mr. Adolph Lewisohn, President, has this day declared a dividend of $10 per share, payable March 11th, 1910, to all stockholders of record March 1st, 1910.

J. H. SUSMANN, Treasurer.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
175 Remsen St., Brooklyn, Jan. 16, 1910.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of Three Per Cent. has this day been declared, payable on February 15, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on February 3, 1910.

CLINTON D. BURDICK, Treasurer.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Snow Protection Extends Over Wheat Belt—Other Grains Strong—Cotton Spinners' Demand Steady.

The movement of wheat values was irregularly downward, with the lowest prices for the week made on Saturday. There was a break early in the week, then a quick rally, as the break did not bring any long wheat on the market. Following this there was renewed pressure, and partly as a result of the sympathetic effect of the big break in stocks and the demoralization in cotton selling was active on Friday and Saturday, and prices declined readily.

The developments of the week were in line with the previous week, and emphasized the conditions which were effective the previous week in checking the advance. The conditions at the interior appear to be developing more adversely. The receipts are quite steadily gaining, notwithstanding very unsettled weather through the country and heavy storms which have interfered with transportation. The Western receipts showed a gain for the week of about 600,000 bushels, and were nearly double the corresponding week a year ago. On the other hand the shipments from interior points showed a gain of only 200,000 bushels, compared with last year, while receipts gained 1,900,000 bushels.

Demand for cash wheat was quiet, and reports from milling centres indicated very limited interest and a hesitating character in the demand. The reports on the situation of the growing crop were favorable. The crop has been more widely covered with snow and for a longer period than during any recent Winter. The snow covering at the opening of the week extended over practically the entire Winter wheat belt excepting Oklahoma, and the storm of the week, which developed into a blizzard at the East, further added to the covering over an important area. The reports indicated that where the snow had disappeared the crop was not damaged and the ground was full of moisture.

The export interest was restricted. The demand was almost entirely for Manitoba wheat. Several lots were taken from time to time, but there was no general demand. The shipments of wheat from America have been decreasing of late. The exports from the United States during the month of December were 9,111,000 bushels, or 3,800,000 bushels less than the preceding month, and 2,000,000 bushels less than last year. The exports for the season have been 61,285,000 bushels for the six months of wheat and flour, against 83,704,000 bushels last year, and 101,688,000 bushels two years ago. While the exports of American wheat have been decreasing the exports of Canadian wheat have been increasing.

In Europe there has been very little change in the market situation. Prices have been somewhat irregular, as a result of conflicting advices regarding the Argentine crop and on account of the disappointing Argentine movement. Argentine shipments are materially shorter than last year, but this is due to the shorter crop and the weather conditions which delayed the movement. On the other hand the Australian shipments have increased heavily compared with last year, and the estimates for the Australian crop indicate an increase there, about offsetting the estimated decrease in the Argentine. The Russian shipments during the past week fell off sharply, but this was thought to be due to the weather conditions interrupting free movement of the grain.

World's exports of wheat since Aug. 1 have been 39,500,000 bushels more than last year. As American exports since July 1 have decreased 22,500,000 bushels, the figures show the enormous movement from other countries and at prices which have brought a tremendous gain in financial results to the exporting countries.

Speculation in corn was very active during the week, and prices were carried up steadily. There appeared to be no stopping the bull movement, and Western advices indicated constant buying by the country and immense absorption of offerings in the market. The May delivery advanced to 70⅝, with very large trade. Prices were 9 to 10c over the corresponding time last year, and the advance did not seem to bring any cessation of the buying power. The advance was credited to the disappointing character of the movement, the poor quality of the corn, and the general awakening of speculative enthusiasm helped by the very high feeding value for corn on account of the extremely high price for hogs.

The collapse in speculative markets generally at the close of the week, particularly in cotton and stocks, brought in, however, a great deal of realizing, and corn prices reacted very rapidly under the effort to take profits. When prices turned there was disposition to consider the movement figures. Receipts showed a steady gain during the week, notwithstanding the bad weather, and were about 800,000 in excess of last year. Shipments from the interior were comparatively light, decreasing about 800,000 bushels for the week, compared with a year ago, showing a decided lessening in the shipping demand. The receipts pointed to another important gain in the visible supply, and cash corn was relatively slow of sale.

Oats were active and also higher, following the movement in corn. Speculation was active, and prices readily advanced, but reacted at the close with other grain. Receipts were small, and have decreased quite steadily, while the shipping demand from the interior has increased largely. The visible supply showed a large decrease at the opening of the week, and cash oats were very firm in all markets. The reaction in speculative values, however, brought a distinct pause in the cash demand.

The provision market was dull. Prices advanced to new high levels on small transactions owing to the disappointing movement of hogs and further decrease in packing returns, but at the close of the week reacted sharply, with the general decline in speculative markets.

COTTON.

The sensation of the week in cotton was the complete collapse of the speculative bull movement. The trading during the week was on an enormous scale, and fluctuations of $3, $4, and $5 a bale were numerous. The great change in values was Friday afternoon, when there was a drop of $6 a bale on the throwing on the market of the last remaining line of the big bull holdings, and the terminating of the possibility of a May squeeze. On Saturday prices were up nearly 100 points from the low of Friday, and the close was very steady.

The decline showed a loss of about $14 a bale from the high of the end of December, and the losses which accompanied the decline have not been equalled since the Sully break. The situation, however, was different in that the decline being less violent and more apprehended, the calling of margins had been sufficient, so that there were no financial troubles as a result of the smash. The first break in values of 1 cent a pound was so disconcerting that commission houses began calling margins of $10 a bale, with very great freedom, and as the market continued to show demoralization calling became more and more aggressive, so that when the great break came the market was well protected.

The break in cotton was a natural result of the position of the market. The tremendous bull speculation in America, particularly in New York and centred in the May cotton, had brought a condition where the immense lines of long cotton held by the various bulls and their following and by the commission house trade of the country which was following the bull side was not represented on the other side of the transactions by speculative shorts, but by hedging and straddle operations against spot cotton.

This spot cotton, while marked up with futures, was not being taken in a sufficiently active manner to lighten the load of the bulls enough to maintain control. The bull leader sold out a big block of cotton above 16.25 for May, but took it back again at a comparatively narrow decline, hoping to hold the market. The forces arrayed against the market, however, were too strong to withstand, and the insistent forcing down of values precipitated the liquidation of millions of bales of cotton accumulated during months of bull market.

The enormous pressure on this account was taken advantage of by the big spot interests to drive prices to a point where the possibility of a squeeze in May, as a result of the operations of the Texas bull leader, was eliminated through the throwing over of this line of cotton into the hands of the spot cotton interests.

The elimination of the speculative conditions leaves the market now in a position where the actual situation is to be at the front. Saturday's recovery of 100 points from the low of Friday reflected the relief of the market in the feeling that the worst was over. There were reports of very heavy buying by spinning and spot interests, and the taking of a great line of cotton off the market and the taking in of hedges. The break in the market has not added to the supply of cotton a bale, nor has it apparently lessened the probable requirements. For the time being, however, it thoroughly unsettled confidence and put a damper on the unwise bull speculation.

Reports from Fall River for the week showed that the sales of print cloths were very heavy, about 800,000 pieces, the largest for many weeks, and opinions were expressed freely that, with cotton at the present level, mills would be able to do business at a fair profit.

The statistical developments for the week showed small receipts. The into-sight movement was only 214,000 bales, against 310,000 a year ago, while the Southern spot markets did not decline with the future market. There were reports of good demand for spot cotton at the decline, and the amount of cotton called by the mills on the break was generally believed to be heavy.

The spinners' takings during the week were 250,000 bales of American against 421,000 bales last year, but the total takings of American cotton so far this season have been only 516,000 bales less than last year, while the into-sight figures are 1,600,000 bales less. The demand abroad for cotton for spinning purposes has not been appreciably affected by the effort at curtailment. The latest cable reports show that the average takings during December were 180,000 bales a week for actual consumption, compared with 180,000 bales the preceding month, and 188,000 bales last year. The actual consumption for the first three months of the crop year abroad have been 2,340,000 bales, against 2,180,000 a year ago.

Astor Trust Company

FIFTH AVE. & 36TH ST., NEW YORK

Capital, $1,250,000 Surplus and Profits, $750,000

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

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STEPHEN BAKER, Pres't Bank of the Manhattan Co.
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HOWARD BOOCOCK, Ass't Sec.
JAS. R. TROWBRIDGE, Trust Officer.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS

Total for the Week Ended January 16, $20,253,500

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	93	93	93	93	5
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	100⅛	100⅛	99½	99½	11
Allis-Chalmers 5s	84½	84½	84	84	109
American Agricultural Chemical con. 5s	102	102¼	102	102⅛	9
American Cotton Oil 4½s	97½	97½	97½	97½	15
American Spirits Manufacturing 6s	96¼	96¼	96	96	3
American Hide & Leather 6s	101¾	102	101½	101¾	11
American Tel. & Tel conv. 4s	105	105	103	103½	311
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	93	93	93	93	1
American Tobacco 4s	77⅝	78½	77½	78	230
American Tobacco 6s	106½	107	106½	107	151
Armour 4½s	94½	94¾	94	94	32
Ann Arbor 1st 4s	78½	78½	78	78⅛	10
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	100⅝	101	100½	100¾	220
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s reg	100	100	100	100	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	94½	95	94⅜	94¾	14
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stamped	94½	94¾	94½	94¾	18
Atch., Top & Santa Fé conv. 5s	121⅝	121⅝	117⅞	119¼	72
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	122⅝	122⅝	118½	118⅞	220
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe conv. 4s, 1st pd	122	122	120	120	52
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, Trans. S. L. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	6
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95	95⅛	93¾	93¾	24
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	95	95	92¾	92¾	160
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	99¼	99½	98⅞	99⅛	104
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s reg	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	1
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	92⅞	92⅞	92¼	92½	28
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90½	90½	90⅛	90⅛	46
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s reg	89½	90	89½	90	4
Balt. & Ohio, Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	92⅞	93	92½	93	24
Bethlehem Steel 5s	88½	89	88½	88½	27
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	102¾	103	102½	102½	24
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	107½	107¾	107½	107½	8
Broadway & Seventh Avenue consol. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	25
Broadway & Seventh Ave. con. 5s reg	101	101	101	101	1
Brooklyn City 1st 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	1
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	86½	86¾	85	85	444
Brooklyn Rapid Transit gold 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½	3
Buffalo Gas 5s	66½	66½	66½	66½	5
Buffalo, Rochester & Pitts. consol. 4½s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	10
Canada Southern 1st ext. 6s	105	105	104⅞	104⅞	6
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜	14
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	108½	108½	108⅜	108⅜	14
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s	87	88	87	88	8
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s, tr. r	88	88	88	88	1
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s, stpd	87	87	87	87	4
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	4
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s, stpd	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	1
Central of New Jersey 5s	124½	125¼	124½	125¼	44
Central of New Jersey 5s reg	124	124	124	124	8
Central Leather 5s	99½	99½	99	99½	127
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	97¼	97¼	97	97⅛	104
Central Pacific, Through Short Line 4s	94	94	94	94	41
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	114	114	114	114	1
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	103	103¼	102¾	102¾	62
Chesapeake & Ohio fund. 5s	105½	105½	105	105	65
Chicago & Alton 3½s	74⅞	75	74⅛	75	3
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100¼	15
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	89½	89½	88¾	89¼	27
Chi., Bur. & Q., Iowa Div. 4s	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	2
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	96⅞	97	96¼	96½	759
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	96½	96⅞	96½	96⅞	54
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen. 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99	99	58
Chi., Bur. & Q., Denver Div. 4s	99¼	100	99¼	100	6
Chi., Bur. & Q., Southwest Div. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	4
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	13
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	4
Chicago & Eastern Illinois ref. 4s	86	86⅛	86	86⅛	27
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, Series A	100⅛	100⅛	100	100⅛	278
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Chi., Pac. & W. 5s	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	1
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93⅝	93¾	93½	93¾	92
Chi., Mil. & St. P. gen. 3½s, Series B	89½	89½	89½	89½	12
Chicago & Northwestern ext. 4s	100¾	101	100¾	101	12
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	89½	89½	89½	89½	7
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	91⅜	91⅝	91	91	245
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	82	82⅜	81	81⅛	659
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	76
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific 1st 6s	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	1
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific col. 4s, Series M	94½	94½	94½	94½	6
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98¼	98¼	13
Cincinnati, Ind., St. L. & Chicago 4s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	1
Cincinnati, Indiana & Western 4s	87	87	87	87	11
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L., C., W. & M. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	1
Colorado Fuel & Iron gen. 5s	97	97	97	97	1
Colorado Industrial 5s	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	58
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	81	81	80½	80½	26
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	96⅝	96⅞	96½	96⅞	24
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	97¾	98	97¾	97¾	110½
Columbus & Ninth Avenue 5s	101	102	101	101½	67
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, 1934	96¼	96½	96	96	30
Delaware & Hudson, Penn. Div. 7s	120	120	120	120	1
Delaware & Hudson lien equip. 4½s	103	103	103	103	1
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	100	100	99¾	99⅞	9
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	102	102	101	101	96
Denver & Rio Grande imp. 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	1
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	94½	94½	93½	94	104
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	95⅝	96	95½	96	24
Detroit Southern, Ohio South. Div. 4s	72	73	72	73	3
Detroit & Mackinac 1st 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	2
Distillers' Securities 5s	74½	74⅝	74	74	59
Erie 4th ext. 5s	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	1
Erie 1st consol. 4s	87½	87½	86	86	41
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	81¼	81¼	80	80	45
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	72	72	71	71	116
Erie gen. 4s	76⅞	76⅞	76¼	76¼	3
Fort Worth & Denver City 6s	113½	114	113½	113½	7
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	146½	146½	145¼	145¼	3½
Green Bay & Western deb B	17	17	14¾	14¾	85
Havana Electric Railway 5s	93	93	93	93	2
Hocking Valley 4½s	102	102	102	102	2
Houston & Texas Central 1st 5s	110	110	110	110	1
Houston, East & West Texas gtd. 5s	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	5
Illinois Central 4s, 1952	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	10
Illinois Central 4s, 1953	100	100	100	100	1
Illinois Central ref. 4s	99¼	99⅜	99	99⅜	32
Indiana, Illinois & Iowa 4s	98	98	98	98	1
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	103⅞	104	103¾	103¾	17
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	103¼	103⅜	103	103	196
Indiana, Decatur & Western 5s	105	105	105	105	2
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	82⅞	83¼	82¼	82½	946
International & Gt. Northern 1st 6s	110	110½	110	110½	13
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, tr. r.	107	107½	107	107¼	45
International Steam Pump 5s	96	96	96	96	11
International Paper 6s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	16
International Paper conv. 5s	89	89¼	87	87	6
Iowa Central 1st 5s	106	106½	106	106	20
Iowa Central ref. 4s	76½	76½	75½	75½	47
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	82	82	82	82	13
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 6s	117½	117½	117½	117½	1
Kansas City Southern 5s	103	103	102¾	102¾	15
Kansas City Southern 3s	72¾	73¼	72⅝	73¼	46
Kings County Elevated 4s, stamped	85¼	85¼	84½	84½	6
Knoxville & Ohio 1st	114½	114½	114½	114½	1
Laclede Gas of St. Louis 1st 5s	103	103	103	103	8
Lackawanna Steel 5s	99¾	99⅞	99	99¼	20
Lake Erie & Western 1st 5s	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	95⅜	95⅜	95	95	29
Lake Shore 4s, 1928, reg	94½	94½	94½	94½	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	95½	95½	94¾	94¾	49
Lake Shore 3½s	92	92¼	92	92¼	31
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal ext. 4½s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Lexington Avenue & Pavonia Ferry 5s	99	99	99	99	25
Long Island ref. 4s	98	98	97½	97½	2
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	100⅜	100½	100	100	67
Louis. & Nash., Nash., F. & S. 5s	111	111	111	111	19
Louis. & Nash., At., Knox. & Cin. 4s	94½	94½	94¼	94¼	4
Louis. & Nash., Mobile & Mont. 4½s	105½	105½	105½	105½	1
Manhattan con. 4s	98	98⅛	98	98⅛	16
Manhattan con. 4s, tax exempt	99¼	99¼	99	99	3
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	70⅝	70⅝	69	69	134
Metropolitan Street Ry. gen. 5s, tr. r	78	78¾	78	78¾	7
Metropolitan Street Ry. ref. 4s, tr. r	51⅜	54	51⅜	53½	67
Mexican Central consol. 4s	97¼	97½	97¼	97½	6
Michigan Central 3½s	88½	88½	88⅜	88½	1
Michigan Central deb. 4s	92¾	92¾	92	92	166
Michigan State Telephone 5s	99	99	99	99	4
Milwaukee Gas 4s	92	92	92	92	2
Milwaukee, Lake Shore and West. 1st 6s	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	2
Minn., Sault Ste. Marie & Atlantic 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	1
Missouri, Kansas & Eastern 1st 5s	113	113	113	113	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	99½	100	99½	99⅝	20
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	9
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	104	104	104	104	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	90¼	90¼	90	90¼	51
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	85	85	84¾	84¾	11
Missouri Pacific 4s	81⅜	81⅜	81⅜	81⅜	39
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	102	102¼	102	102¼	3
Missouri Pacific col. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
Mobile & Ohio new 6s	121	121½	120⅞	121	11
Nash., Chatt. & St. Louis 1st 7s	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	1
Nassau Electric Railroad 4s	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	6
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	88½	88½	88¼	88¼	4
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94⅝	94⅞	94⅝	94⅞	158½
New Orleans Railway & Light 4½s	87	87	87	87	5
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	113¼	113⅝	113¼	113⅝	9
New York Central gen. 3½s	91⅜	92	91½	91¾	30
New York Central deb. 4s	95½	95¾	95½	95½	75
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	80½	81	80½	80½	30
New York Cent., Lake Sh. coll. 3½s reg	79	79	79	79	1
New York Central, Mich. Cent. coll 3½s	80⅛	80⅛	80	80	8
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 4s	100	100	100	100	3
New York, Chicago & St. Louis deb. 4s	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	10

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	103	103¼	103	103	15
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	84	84½	83½	83½	77
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	101	101¼	100	101	97
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	134½	134¾	134	134¼	37½
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	96½	97⅝	96½	97¼	16
N. Y., Susquehanna & Western gen. 5s	90	93	90	93	3
N. Y., Susquehanna & Western ref. 5s	104	104	104	104	1
N. Y. Telephone 4½s, receipts	98¼	98⅜	98¼	98¼	71
Norfolk & Western divl. 4s	92⅞	93	92⅝	92⅝	61
Norf. & West., Pocahontas C. & C. 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	10
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	98½	98¾	98½	98¾	2
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	102	102	101	101	262
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	102	102¼	102	102⅛	76¼
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	73½	74	72¾	74	83
Northern Ohio 5s	110	112	110	112	6
Oregon Railroad & Navigation con. 4s	98	98	97½	97½	24
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	94⅝	94⅞	94½	94½	21
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s	116¼	116½	116⅛	116¼	11
Oregon Short Line consol. 5s	113	113	113	113	2
Pacific of Missouri 1st 4s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	20
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	2
Pacific Tele. & Tel. col. 5s	99⅜	99½	99⅜	99⅜	74
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	104⅝	104⅝	104⅜	104½	24
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	100⅞	101	100⅞	101	26½
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	96⅜	96½	96	96⅛	479
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, Series C	90	90	90	90	1
Pennsylvania 3½s, 1941	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	1
Peoria & Eastern inc. 4s	67	67	65	65	44
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½	4
Père Marquette ref. 4s	78⅜	78¾	78½	78½	50
Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L. 4½s, Series B	107	107	107	107	3
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago 2d 7s	105½	105½	105½	105½	2½
Reading gen. 4s	99⅞	100	99¼	99¾	103
Republic Iron & Steel 5s	103½	103½	103½	103½	4
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	94	94¼	94	94¼	6
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5s	108¾	108⅞	108¾	108⅞	6
Rutland con. 4½s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	2
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	87½	87½	87	87	7
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South. gen. 5s	109½	110	109½	109½	7
St. L., Iron Mt. & South unif & ref. 4s	85	85	84	84	29
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88⅝	89	88¼	88¾	279
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	85	85	84¼	84⅜	120
St. Louis & San Francisco consol. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	5
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	79¼	79½	78¾	79	56
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	93⅛	93¼	93⅛	93¼	10
St. Louis Transit 5s	85	85	85	85	3
St. Paul, Minn & Man., Dakota ext. 6s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	8
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. consol. 4½s	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	3
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Montana ext. 4s	99	99	99	99	2
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	88	88¼	88	88⅛	13
Seaboard Air Line ref. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	2
Scioto Valley & New England 4s	95	95	95	95	1
South Carolina & Georgia 1st 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	1
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	103⅝	103⅝	103	103½	2,361
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	92¼	92¾	91⅞	92⅝	126¼
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	95	95	94⅝	94⅝	130
Southern Railway 1st 5s	109¾	109⅞	109½	109⅞	23
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	81¼	81⅜	80½	80½	203
Terminal Assn. of St. Louis ref. 4s	97	97	97	97	4
Tennessee Coal & Iron gen 5s	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	8
Tennessee Coal & Iron, De Bard. 6s	100	100	100	100	1
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	10
Third Avenue con. 4s	69	69	69	69	12
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stamped	68⅝	68⅝	67¾	68	150
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	81	81	81	81	32
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 3½s	89	89	89	89	9
Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo 4s	90	90	90	90	3
Toledo & Ohio Central 1st 5s	107½	107½	107½	107½	1
Underground El. Rys. of London inc. 6s	33½	33½	33½	33½	10
Underground El. Rys. of London 4½s	85	85	85	85	30
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101¾	102	101½	101⅝	321½
Union Pacific conv. 4s	114⅝	115	111½	112	1,259½
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅛	97¼	63
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	104¼	104¼	103¾	103¾	170
United States Reduction and Refining 6s	88	88	88	88	10
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	89½	94¼	89½	94	568
United Railroads of San Francisco 4s	74	74	74	74	3
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	104⅞	105¼	104½	104⅞	618
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. tr. 5s, reg	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	3
Verdegris Valley 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½	1
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	99	99	97¾	97⅞	35
Virginia & Southwestern con. 5s	98	98	98	98	1
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	7
Wabash 1st 5s	112	112	111	111	7
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	76½	76½	73⅞	74¼	802
Wabash 2d 5s	103¼	103½	103¼	103½	3
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s	50	50	47	47	15
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	51½	51⅞	47	48	592
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	11½	11½	6¾	7	121
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	12	12	6¾	7¼	454
Washington Terminal 3½s	90½	90½	90½	90½	1
Western Maryland 4s	84¾	85½	84¾	85½	99
Western Maryland conv. 4s, tr. r.	68½	69	68½	69	28
Western Union col. tr. 5s	99½	99½	99½	99½	1
Western Union fund. & real estate 4½s	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	1
West Shore 4s	101	102	100⅞	102	31
West Shore 4s reg	100	100¼	100	100	18
Wheeling & Lake Erie, Wheeling Div. 5s	104	104	104	104	3
Wheeling & Lake Erie consol. 4s	87	87	87	87	15
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	93	93	92	92	60
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	94¼	94⅝	93¾	93¾	25
Wisconsin Cent., Sup. & Duluth 4s	93	93	92⅛	92⅛	19
Total sales					$19,524,500

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s, ctfs	95⅞	96	95⅞	95⅞	6
Imperial Japanese 4s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅛	88⅝	12
Imperial Japanese 4½s	95¼	95⅜	95	95¼	42½
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d series	94⅝	94¾	94⅝	94⅝	22½
Republic of Cuba 5s	103	103	103	103	12
Republic of Cuba 4½s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	3
Sao Paulo (U. S. of Brazil) 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96½	96½	14
United States of Mexico 4s	94¼	94½	94¼	94½	4
United States of Mexico 5s	98	98	98	98	11
Total sales					$127,000

STATE BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Virginia def 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	53	53	50	50	40

CITY BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
New York City 4s, 1958	100¼	100⅜	100⅛	100⅛	169
New York City 4s, 1957	100⅛	100⅛	100	100	41
New York City 4s, 1959	100⅜	100⅜	99⅞	99⅞	151
New York City 4s, 1959, rcts	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	159
New York City 4½s, 1957	109⅞	109⅞	109¼	109¼	15
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	109¾	109⅞	109⅛	109¼	27
Total sales					$562,000
Grand total					$20,253,500

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

		Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.	
N. Y. City 4s, 1957	*M. N.	100½	Jan. 4	100	Jan 13	100	Jan. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957	*M. N.	110	Jan. 7	109¼	Jan 15	109¼	Jan. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new	M. N.*	109⅞	Jan. 7	109¼	Jan 15	109¼	Jan. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958	M. N.*	100⅝	Jan. 3	100⅛	Jan 14	100⅛	Jan. 14, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959	M. N.*	100⅝	Jan. 3	99⅞	Jan 15	99⅞	Jan. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, rcts		100	Jan. 12	99⅞	Jan 13	99⅞	Jan. 15, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

		Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.	
Alabama Currency Fund 4s	J. J.					111	Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914	J. J.					100	Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958						113⅝	Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919	A. O.					126	May 4, 1907
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910	J. J.					99⅝	Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small						100¼	Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax	A. O.					117	Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933	J. J.					117	Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913	J. J.					95½	Nov. 15, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small						95	May 20, 1909
Virginia def. ctfs						1½	Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs		56	Jan. 4	50	Jan 14	50	Jan. 15, 1910
Va. fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991	J. J.					93	Aug. 30, 1909
Virginia Riddleberger						90	Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg	Q. Jan.					101½	Dec. 17, 1909
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon	Q. Jan.					101¾	Oct. 6, 1909
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg	Q. F.	115¼	Jan. 3	115¼	Jan 3	115¼	Jan. 3, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon	Q. F.	115	Jan. 6	115	Jan 6	115	Jan. 6, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon	Q. F.	101¾	Jan. 5	101¾	Jan 5	101¾	Jan. 5, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg	Q. F.					101⅜	Oct. 26, 1909
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small						101½	Apr. 23, 1909
Panama 2s, 1936, reg						100	Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg						101	Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg						100⅝	Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s, J. P. M. & Co. rcts		96	Jan. 7	95⅝	Jan 4	95⅞	Jan. 13, 1910
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925	F. A.	95⅜	Jan. 7	94⅝	Jan 3	95¼	Jan. 15, 1910
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925	J. J.	95	Jan. 6	93⅞	Jan 3	94⅝	Jan. 14, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan.4,1925	F. A.	88⅝	Jan. 6	88⅛	Jan 3	88⅝	Jan. 13, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925	F. A.					110	Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931	Q. F.					111	May 3, 1906
Phil Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935	Q. M.					108¾	Feb. 26, 1908
Republic of Cuba 5s	M. S.	103¼	Jan. 3	102¾	Jan 6	103	Jan. 12, 1910
Republic of Cuba 4½s, temp. cfs		97½	Jan. 8	97¼	Jan 5	97¼	Jan. 10, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p. c., 1919		96⅝	Jan. 10	96¼	Jan 3	96½	Jan. 12, 1910
U. S. of Mexico s. f. 5s	Q. J.	98⅜	Jan. 12	97⅞	Jan 4	98⅜	Jan. 12, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953	J. D.	94½	Jan. 3	94¼	Jan 7	94½	Jan. 12, 1910

FORTIETH ANNUAL STATEMENT

— OF —

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

LIABILITIES

	Dec. 31, 1908.	Dec. 31, 1909.
To the Public:		
Deposits bearing interest	$24,300,726.66	$33,456,828.85
Deposits not bearing interest	13,090,664.60	16,955,930.07
Interest accrued on Deposits	52,150.33	64,863.16
Deposits by other Banks in Canada	133,102.61	344,507.23
Total Deposits	$37,576,544.20	$50,822,129.31
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	3,556,432.65	4,579,678.65
Balances due to Agents in Great Britain	--------	241,178.65
Balances due to Agents in Foreign Countries	560,818.84	215,724.26
	$41,693,795.69	$55,858,710.87
To the Shareholders:		
Capital Paid-up	3,900,000.00	5,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	4,600,000.00	5,700,000.00
Dividend No. 85 (quarterly at 10 per cent.)	97,500.00	--------
Dividend No. 89 (quarterly at 10 per cent.)	--------	123,657.73
Former Dividends unclaimed	230.00	340.08
Rebate on Bills Discounted, not yet due	100,000.00	140,000.00
Balance of Profits carried forward	78,685.26	228,393.94
	$50,470,210.95	$67,051,102.62

ASSETS

	Dec. 31, 1908.	Dec. 31, 1909.
Gold and Silver Coin	$3,221,717.14	$3,560,347.62
Dominion Government Notes	3,760,344.35	4,993,532.25
Deposit with Government for Security of Note Circulation	190,000.00	200,000.00
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	2,985,741.48	3,746,967.84
Balances due from other Banks in Canada	36,289.51	49,568.98
Balances due from Agents in Great Britain	372,958.60	--------
Balances due from Agencies in Foreign Countries	896,657.36	753,327.69
Government and Municipal Securities	2,693,101.20	1,633,129.20
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	4,501,489.26	6,831,437.93
Call and Short Loans on Stocks and Bonds	3,286,141.29	9,638,309.62
	$21,944,440.19	$31,406,621.13
Loans to other Banks in Canada	496,248.15	371,921.44
Loans to Provincial Governments	107,656.95	157,951.17
Current Loans and Discounts	26,736,164.99	33,644,705.10
Overdue Debts (Loss Provided for)	34,776.28	25,657.09
Bank Premises	1,150,924.39	1,444,246.69
	$50,470,210.95	$67,051,102.62

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

By Net Profits for the Year, after deducting Charges of Management, Accrued Interest on Deposits, full provision for all bad and doubtful debts, and rebate of interest on unmatured bills	$838,306.51	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account, December 31, 1908	78,685.26	$916,991.77
Appropriated as follows:		
To Dividend (10 per cent.)	463,597.83	
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund	25,000.00	
Written off Bank Premises Account	200,000.00	
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	228,393.94	$916,991.77

Average Paid-up Capital during 1909, $4,636,000.

EDSON L. PEASE,
General Manager.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Epstein, L., & Brother Company, Savannah, Ga.; E. S. Epstein, notions, hosiery, and furnishing goods; 43 East Seventeenth Street; Hoffman House.

Frank & Co., Savannah, Ga.; H. I. Frank, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hoffman House.

Lebeck Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; F. Fishgall, wash goods; 820 Church Street; Hoffman House.

Barbour & Touraine Company, Evansville, Ind.; J. W. Barbour, hats; Hotel Wolcott.

Gutman, J. H., & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Miss L. Smodell, ladies' wear; Hotel Cumberland.

Thomas, J. W., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; J. W. Thomas, Jr., rugs; Hotel Cumberland.

Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; H. Oppenheimer, dress goods and linings; Hoffman House.

Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; Miss J. L. Hogan, muslin underwear and infants' wear; Miss M. L. Cronan, millinery; Miss L. Magreevy, gloves, knit underwear, and umbrellas; 20 East Twentieth Street; Hoffman House.

Rose, Harry, Elberton, Ga.; ladies' underwear, children's dresses, clothing, and furnishing goods; 444 Broadway.

Watts Brothers Company, Lynchburg, Va.; R. T. Watts, Jr., linens, notions, hosiery, and furnishing goods; 258 Church Street.

Cohn, Coblens & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. E. Kivlan, laces; Hotel Imperial.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. Metzenber, silverware; 438 Broadway.

Hub, Baltimore, Md.; E. A. Walsh, clothing; Hotel Imperial.

Hess, S. W., Wichita, Kan.; dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. G. Wiener, silks and laces; 621 Broadway.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. B. Swayne, carpets and rugs; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Seville.

Sommers, G., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miss C. Omdahl, millinery; 386 Broadway.

Effroymson & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; G. A. Effroymson, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.

Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; L. C. Gumple, pictures; 31 Union Square.

Kaufman, C. A., & Co., New Orleans, La.; A. I. Kaufman, waists, millinery, and muslin underwear; 258 Church Street.

Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss E. Kelly, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Wellington.

Krauss & Co., New Orleans, La.; J. J. Utitz, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.

Hyman & Hess, Albany, N. Y.; E. Hyman, waists and suits; The Hermitage.

Mann & Anker, Albany, N. Y.; L. Mann, cloaks and suits; The Hermitage.

Fromme & Mandelbaum, Albany, N. Y.; S. Fromme, cloaks and suits; The Hermitage.

Gleason Hat Company, Detroit, Mich.; J. A. Gleason, hats; Hotel Navarre.

High, J. M., Company, Atlanta, Ga.; H. N. Goldsmith, carpets and housefurnishing goods; J. P. Allen, cloaks and suits; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Mendel, S., Hot Springs, Ark.; dry goods; Hotel Grand.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; Miss F. Price, millinery; Hotel Grand.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. Wilson, millinery; 2 Walker Street; The Hermitage.

Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; C. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; Herald Square Hotel.

Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. W. Garling, silks; 31 Union Square; Herald Square Hotel.

Long, Jones, Sons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; F. E. Brown, carpets; 817 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; A. W. Grawert, carpets and rugs; 43 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Grand.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; S. G. Harwood, dry goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.

Lexington Dry Goods Company, Lexington, Ky.; C. L. Thompson, dry goods; Hotel Latham.

Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; A. Souhr, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Latham.

Hamburger Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. Hamburger, woolens; Herald Square Hotel.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss E. Keene, cloaks and suits; Miss I. Holtz, misses' and children's wear; 684 Broadway; Hotel Wolcott.

Carleton Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; T. G. Ratcliffe, cloaks, dress goods, and silks; 56 Worth Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; H. Volk, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.

Fair, Chicago, Ill.; L. H. Webb, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 684 Broadway; Hotel Latham.

Carleton Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Landwehr, notions and jewelry; 56 Worth Street; Hotel Navarre.

Moore-Watson Dry Goods Company, San Francisco, Cal.; J. F. Spranger, linens, laces, blankets, and handkerchiefs; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel York.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; B. L. Elzas, millinery; 4 Washington Place; Hotel Longacre.

Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; E. Stern, notions; 15 Mercer Street; Hotel Longacre.

Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. C. Everett, books; 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss N. Jones, underwear; Miss G. Miller, ladies' wear; 31 Union Square; The Breslin.

Richardson Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; J. L. Rogers, notions, laces and ribbons; 51 Leonard St.; The Breslin.

Gross, P. A., & Son, Milwaukee, Wis.; P. A. Gross, millinery; The Breslin.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Ackerberg, shoes; 43 Leonard Street; The Breslin.

Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; A. F. Clough, domestics; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Flanders.

Strauss Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Strauss, dress and wash goods; J. M. Strauss, dry goods; The Breslin.

Garton-Fisher-Wills Company, Detroit, Mich.; D. Wills, flowers; C. Garton, millinery, silks, and ribbons; The Breslin.

Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; J. B. Bellamy, linens; D. J. Geary, pictures; J. J. Muller, linings, notions, and ribbons; A. P. Mengelis, dry goods; J. A. Manier, dry goods; 20 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Latham.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 27 Fifth Av., cor. 17th.
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Av.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 37-39 Fifth Av.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

FEW realize how many things we can do for you when we examine and insure the title to the property, or make you a loan on it. There are about 12 distinct things which we take off your hands—a mistake in any one of which would cost you more than the charge for our entire service. We protect you all along the line. Enroll yourself in the ever-growing list of our well-pleased clients.

THE TITLE INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK
135 Broadway

This Company will make first-mortgage loans on desirable improved Real Estate

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Corner on Front St.
facing Jeanette Park.
$43,000. BARGAIN.
Liberal terms; within 600 feet of Wall St. and 175 feet of Broad St.; prices increasing here; rents more than pay all carrying expenses.
E. S. WILLARD & CO.
45 Pine St., Corner William-St.

Geo. R. Read & Co.
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 5 East 35th St.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Managers of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
63 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 18th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

REDUCE PLUMBING BILLS
We will tell you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel. 359 Harlem.

West Side.

BARGAIN! 23-foot 4-story attractive residence, near Central Park West; bay window, parquet floors, tiled bathrooms $38,500
Frank L. Fisher Co., 440 Columbus Av., 81st.

44th, Near 9th.—3-story private, 3 families, $15,500. Chas. McKenna, 147 4th Av.

East Side.

BARGAINS.—60 E. 127th St., three-story private, $13,500; corner on Park Av., $12,000; three-story, two-family, near Park Av., $9,000; five-story single flat on 45th St., near 3d Av., $15,500; double flat, west side, $25,500. Reilly, 533 Lexington Av.

125th St., Near 3d Av.—Plot 100x100, price $100,000. Chas. McKenna, 147 4th Av.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

HOW TO REDUCE PLUMBING BILLS
FOR PARTICULARS WRITE, CALL, OR 'PHONE.
UPTOWN OFFICE, 2,436 7TH AVE.
Chas. Wagner Co. System
'Phone Audubon 2934.

MANTELS FOR SALE
Entire stock, including showroom samples, of bankrupt concern; no reasonable offers refused.
Prices $2.00 and up; free deliveries.
LINCOLN MANTEL CO.,
270-274 East 133d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

I have THE HOUSE, just one, for the discriminating buyer in Flatbush. A handsome, comfortable house in sound condition and tastefully decorated recently. THE ONE house in a very choice location where there is nothing for sale. THE ONE you would select from every house on the block. It lacks nothing for solid comfort and is the home for the buyer I am sure to find. Frame, detached, centre hall, twelve rooms and bath, on a 50 by 100 lot. Asphalt street, block fully built. This house is well worth $14,000. I can deliver it at $12,750. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AT SCARSDALE
DO YOU WANT AN EXCLUSIVE ALL YEAR HOME within easy commuting distance? Only twenty miles from the Grand Central Station on the Harlem Division, we offer a wide choice of restricted plots from one-fourth to five acres at unusually low prices. City improvements.
Write for illustrated booklet "B."
SCARSDALE ESTATES,
White Plains, N. Y., and
No. 28 E. 42d St., N. Y. City.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Will trade seven apartment houses, Brooklyn, equity $100,000 over first mortgages; nearby acreage or lots considered. Kenneth W. Nichols, 253 Broadway, Room 205.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted to lease for Summer occupancy, (if possible with option to purchase,) country residence within 50 minutes Manhattan; Westchester County preferred; require five master's bedrooms, barn, garden, good lawn space. Responsible, Box 72 Times, Times Square.

Want buy a farm or exchange for New York City property; Catskills preferred. A. B., Advertising Office, 1,347 1st Av.

Parcels in the Midtown section.
Henry Hellman, 1 West 34th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Wyoming.—1-3 acre, charming brick country house, 10 rooms, $10,500. Box 114, Millburn, N. J.

Farms at farmers' prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

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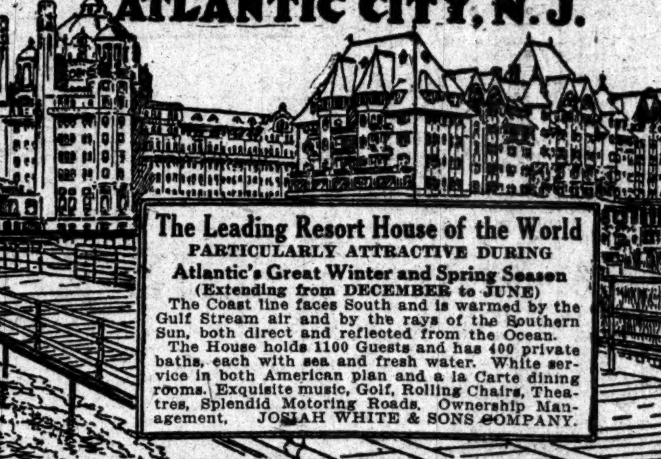

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*Pres. Grant..........Feb. 5	‡Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mar. 5
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The splendid, large steamships CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, 10 A. M., HAMBURG, Feb. 15, March 29, BATAVIA, March 8, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa, (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands.) Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.
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73 Days—$400 and up
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FEB. 2, MAR. 16 FEB. 16
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CRETIC ....Jan. 29; Mar. 12
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Philadelphia..Jan. 22 | New York.....Feb. 5
*Oceanic.....Jan. 29 | *Adriatic.....Feb. 12
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.

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Min'apolis, Jan. 29, 9:30 AM | Min'waska, Feb. 12
Minnetonka, Feb. 5, 2 PM | Minnehaha, Feb. 19

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Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless.
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Baltic, Jan. 22, 2 PM | Laurentic (new).Feb. 5
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†Philadel.Jn.22,10AM | †N.York,Feb.5, 10 AM
Oceanic.Jan.29, 10 AM | Adriatic.Feb.12.10AM
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Arabic, Jan. 20. Special Alexandria Sailing.
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Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships,
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POSTPONED TO
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Zieten.........Jan. 27 | *G. Washington.Feb.24
Roon...........Feb. 10 | Rhein..........March 3
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Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
*Berlin (new)..Jan. 29 | K. Albert.....Feb. 12
†Gr. Kurfuerst..Feb. 5 | Barbarossa...Feb. 26
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Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
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Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.
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Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Lusitania.....Jan. 19 | Mauretania.....Feb. 9
Campania.....Jan. 26 | Campania.....Feb. 16
Umbria........Feb. 2 | Umbria........Feb. 23

To Italy & Egypt
THREE SPECIAL CRUISES.
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Jan. 22—Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Carmania.Jan.22, noon | Pannonia .....Feb. 12
Saxonia..Feb. 5, noon | Caronia.........Feb. 19
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

TOURS TO THE ORIENT

COOK'S 43d Annual Series of Tours de Luxe, to Egypt, the Nile, Holy Land, Levant, etc., leave Feb. 2, 19, March 5. Leisurely travel, small select parties, traveling through the most interesting lands of the Orient.
EUROPE and the PASSION PLAY
70 Tours to Europe. Tours de Luxe and Vacation Tours. $150 to $1195. THOS. COOK & SON have been Officially Appointed Agents for the Passion Play Committee.
Tours to BERMUDA, FLORIDA, CALIFORNIA, etc. Tickets and Tours for Independent Travellers Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave.,
563 Fifth Ave. (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK FOR NAPLES, NICE, AND MARSEILLES. DIRECT. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECK. $70 UP. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. SPECIAL MEDITERRANEAN YACHTING CRUISE 59 DAYS. LVE. NEW YORK JAN. 29TH. MARSEILLES, SICILY, ATHENS, SYRIA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT, NAPLES, $299.50. WRITE FOR BOOKLET.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 23 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19.
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions, Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.
Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Fortnightly Service to HAITI, CURACAO, VENEZUELA, TRINIDAD & SURINAM
ROYAL DUTCH WEST INDIA MAIL
Weekly Service to Trinidad and Surinam. Fortnightly to Barbados, Demerara.
Apply—17 State St., New York City

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—In or near Frederick Loeser & Co.'s store, lady's gold hunting case watch; monogram L. D. T.; diamond on opposite side; suitable reward on returning to B. C. Woodruff, 157 State St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Will the person who picked up purse containing four diamond rings at the Browning Club at the Waldorf-Astoria, Jan. 12, please return at once? Reward. No questions asked. V 109 Times, Times Square.

LOST—On Monday, Jan. 10, brown neckpiece of child's fur set; lost between 145th and 151st Sts. on Broadway. Reward if returned to Mr. L. Huxtable, 528 151st St.

LOST—About Jan. 1, woman's open-faced old gold watch with dragon ornament and one amethyst; silver fob with St. Hubert ornament; reward. G. R. S., 292 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Ladies' open-faced watch and fob, initial M. S., last Saturday afternoon between 57th St. and 3d Av. and New Theatre; reward for return to Miss Scully, 213 East 57th St.

LOST.—Saturday night, enamelled pansy pin, diamond centre; surrounded by small diamonds; liberal reward paid to finder. Return to Mrs. E. Radford, Hotel Belmont.

LOST—In or near Altman's, Thursday afternoon, a silver cigarette case, chain attached; contains money; handsome reward. Mrs. Smith, 122 East 73d St.

LOST—Sunday on Subway, or between Gramercy Park and Central Park West and 98th St., Egyptian scarab pin set in gold wings. Leave 230 4th Av.; reward.

LOST—Pearl and diamond earring, 44th St., between Seymour and Algonquin Hotels; $25 reward. Return Seymour Hotel office; no questions asked.

LOST—A diamond and emerald stick pin on Sunday, Jan. 9, between Grand Union Hotel and Columbus Circle; reward. Cordner, 1,919 Broadway.

LOST.—Lady's Tiffany watch, monogram "M. A. J." between 86th St. and 3d Av. and 72d St. and 8th Av. Liberal reward. 226 West 72d St.

LOST—On Thursday, Spalding's, 42d St., gold mesh bag, containing $8; suitable reward; no questions. Miss Wood, 159 West 45th St.

LOST—Probably at Grand Central Station Friday, old-fashioned breastpin, painting of Madonna and child. Reward at 6 East 72d St.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, Friday night, vicinity 23d St. Subway and 103d St. Broadway; reward. Heckman, 229 West 105th St.

LOST—Persian lamb muff and crown veil, Casino Theatre or Hotel Seville Friday evening; reward. 'Phone 4070 Columbus.

LOST.—Monday noon, between 39th and 42d Sts., gray fur collar. Leave at desk, Manhattan Hotel. G. H. Murphy.

LOST—Lynx fur, Saturday; Lenox Av. Subway, or 125th St. to 7th Av. and 122d St.; reward. Whyte, 225 West 44th St.

LOST—Suit case exchanged by mistake, Subway, Jersey Central. Herbert Charles, 233 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gold watch and chain; monogram "H. S. S." in blue enamel; reward. V 70 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, Grand Central Station. Large reward return Bryan, 308 West 97th St.

LOST—Saturday night, Harlem, purse containing $30, some change, key; reward. 4 West 129th St.

LOST—Gold fob chain with Shriner emblem, tiger's claw; reward. Rogers, 183 Canal St.

LOST—On Tuesday, Persian lamb muff; liberal reward. Return 466 East 138th St., Bronx.

LOST—Diamond heart; reward if returned to Black, 126 Riverside Drive.

LIBERAL REWARD offered for return of diamond and turquoise ring, lost between Catholic Club, on 59th St., and 37 West 45th St. Address 37 West 45th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—White fox terrier, female, in vicinity of 111th St. and 8th Av.; answers to name of "Daisy." Liberal reward if returned to Vedder, 246 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Collie dog, male, "Brownie Newton, 325 Amsterdam Av.," on collar; liberal reward.

$100 REWARD

For return of Mexican dog; light brown; weight, 4 pounds; lost in Easthampton, L. I. Return to Miss Constance McCall, 321 West 86th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Jan. 14.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Purse, gloves, 2 bags, muff. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, wrist bag, purse, locket, book, &c., papers, bottle whisky, bank check. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Purse, hand bag, case, belt, envelope, &c., book, glove, pair gloves, neckpiece, nut cracker, &c., package atomizer, 4 umbrellas, purse, bag. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Book, umbrella, satchel. SUBWAY—12 umbrellas, 2 purses, bag, 2 watches, chain, book, music, coat, 2 muffs, calendar, photo, rubber, pair gloves, package, &c., iron.

FOUND, Jan. 15—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 15—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Grip, umbrella, package, pair gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 15—DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two books, 3 umbrellas, 4 packages, pair gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 15—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Two packages, 2 umbrellas, cap, pair rubbers, bundle, pair gloves. JERSEY CITY STATION: Dress suit case, penknife, 2 handbags.

FOUND, Jan. 15—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Two pairs gloves, cap, pocketbook, 6 umbrellas, package, valise, coat, handbag, ring, railroad ticket, watch and fob, muff, toilet bag.

FOUND, Jan. 14.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.: S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Breastpin, hat, shirtwaist, book, sweater, comb, buttonhook, (broken;) key, (broken;) stickpin.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6135 Murray Hill. TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, nurses, helpers; references. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—Riverside.

KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—First-class cooks, laundresses, chambermaids, waitresses, investigated references. 9348 Riverside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 85 West 134th. Bond, $1,000; guarantees A1 help. 'Phone 1119—Harlem.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

DRESSMAKERS TO MAKE CHILDREN'S DRESSES; GOOD PAY; STEADY WORK ALL YEAR. WHITEHEAD & ASIEL, 24 UNIVERSITY PLACE.

MILLINERY TRIMMER.—A first-class millinery trimmer. Apply by letter only, giving full particulars, past experience, salary expected, &c. D. H. Holmes Co., Ltd., 20 East 20 St.

MODEL.—STYLISH YOUNG LADY TO TRY ON DRESSES AND COSTUMES. S. FLORSHEIMER & BRO., 31 WEST 27TH ST.

WAIST DRAPERS, EXPERIENCED; LONG SEASON. S. FLOERSHEIMER & BRO., 31 WEST 27th ST.

WANTED—Young ladies with at least one year high school education to enter nurses' training school. Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—A young lady as companion for a child 10 years old for afternoons. Apply by letter only, Apartment 11A, 2,508 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Manufacturing business; references required; $12 to start. K 111 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMAN wanted for woodwork sketches and shop detail; one having some experience in mechanical drawing preferred. Call 290 East 134th St., city.

"BROAD GAUGED MEN" wanted to sell bonds; live leads furnished; men who are making good where now employed will have a golden future with us; write or call. Inter-State Land & Building Co-Operative Association, 261 Broadway, New York City.

MAN.—$30 a week, your city; postal. Electric Metal Works, 3,504 Woodbridge, Cleveland, O.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Santos Sales Co., 341 Fifth Av., New York, desire to interview salesmen for good New York, Brooklyn, and suburban territories for the sale of The Santos Portable Electric and Hand Vacuum Cleaners. Appointment by 'phone 6277—Madison, or a letter to Mr. King.

SALESMEN, honest, sober, to represent us; excellent opportunity; weekly remittance; experience unnecessary; ability recognized; references. Write North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Choice territory open with the Perfect Fox Visible Typewriter; 9 to 10 A. M. Schenanga-Carver Co., (Inc.,) 93-99 Nassau St.

SALESMAN to call on office trade; must be hustler and have reference; no others need apply. Princess Shirt Waist Mfg. Co., 38 West 21st.

SWITCHMEN WANTED. — EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, NO. 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 79 Cortlandt St., 101 Park Row, 252 Third Av., New York, N. Y.; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CU. 53, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—At once, single man as cleaner and handy man; must be Protestant, sober; bring letter from pastor. 195 Worth St., mission.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—Are you interested enough in Long Island suburban real estate about one hour from New York City to join us in our new proposition for purchasers? Write for full particulars, A. X., 104 East 14th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AMANUENSIS. — Expert lady will handle your correspondence or manuscripts at your house; copying wanted. V 92 Times, Times Square.

ADDRESSING and copying done at home. Mrs. Kirk, 68 West 83d St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—A1; communicate with present employer. R 198 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—By a capable woman, experienced, work as visitor for a society or housekeeper in institution or hotel, or in linen room. Mrs. H. B., 72 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable; thoroughly experienced; operate any standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, 106 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter.—Remington, Underwood; experienced, competent; willing to perform other office duties; age 22. Miss Colleton, 103 West 80th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Am business college graduate; will take beginner's position; small salary to start. Miss Lazell, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Dorothy, 107 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—(17;) years' experience; attended high school; speaks German; $7. Margaret, 117 Times Downtown.

TUTORING, &c.—A lady wishes to secure position for a young woman in whom she is much interested; tutoring or secretary preferred; highest references. Apply Tuesday and Wednesday, between 10 and noon, 7 East 76th St.

WAITRESS.—Competent Irish girl; can take butler's place; personal reference; wages $30 to $35. D. C., 134 East 26th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, supervised, closed; monthly audits; systems devised; corporation tax reports prepared. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1204. Telephone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper expert, opens, closes, disentangles, controls, and keeps books; simplifies systems; moderate terms; best references. George Turk, 213 East 60th.

ACCOUNTANT, expert bookkeeper, writes up, balances books, regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public accountant; audits, opens, closes books; reasonable rates. M., 5 West 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; double entry; steady, accurate; best references. Box T 115 Times, Times Square.

BOY, 17, wishes position in an office where advancement is assured to an earnest worker; can furnish best of reference; honest, intelligent, and neat. Samuel Beller, 77 Ridge St., city.

BOY, with knowledge of drawing, wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d St.

CARPENTER.—First class; wants jobs by day or contract; German. 207 East 82d St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

MASSEUR.—Young European, open for engagements; gentlemen only. A. Waldher, 41 West 42d St.

MIDDLE-AGED MAN of neat appearance wishes position of some kind; is strictly honest and sober. F. Fitter, 305 West 48th St.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 22, wishes to become acquainted and start out as salesman with reliable wholesale house. A. Mattern, 270 Franklin St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 26, graduated from High Schools of Commerce, American and European, writing and speaking fluently English, French, Greek, and Italian, desires position. Address 2,082 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as stock clerk in millinery or cloak house; will work hard; best of reference furnished. Box T 87, Times Square.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
47 W. 42d St. Telephone 3872 Bryant.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

Otto T. Bannard, President;	Jacob H. Schiff,
John R MacArthur, V. Pres.;	Robert W. De Forest,
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer;	Frederick G. Bourne,
V. Everit Macy, Secretary;	George Blumenthal,

Francis L. Hine.
EDWARD W. CARPENTER, Manager.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY BEING REQUESTED TO FURNISH COMPETENT OFFICE HELP, BOTH MALE AND FEMALE. ANY PERSON FILING AN APPLICATION WITH US WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER.

A FEE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE FIRST WEEK'S SALARY IS CHARGED FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS, SIX WEEKS' TIME BEING ALLOWED TO PAY SAID FEE, ONE-SIXTH EACH WEEK, IN ALMOST EVERY INSTANCE.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, office assistants, furnished short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, competent office help wanted for permanent positions. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

THE WALDORF BUREAU,
12 West 33d St.,
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria Hotel,

Requires immediately for waiting situations cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, Sweedish, German, and every other nationality; also housekeepers, houseworkers, nurses, lady's maids, parlormaids, kitchenmaids, couples, butlers, &c.; no fee till engaged.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.

Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 111-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.

Thoroughly trained high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 8d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1—ATTRACTIVE suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, attractive room for two; all conveniences; well-appointed house; reasonable.

37TH, 64 WEST. — Desirable double room, two, three; unexcelled table; high class; table guests.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single rooms; telephones; house and table strictly first class.

54TH, 54 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE; Also large room; table guests; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—With board, single room; southern exposure; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; electric light, steam heat.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Second-floor room; Southern exposure; table guests.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rear room; table board.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—High-grade rooms, with board.

80TH ST., 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room attached; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Cozy room, bath; steam heat; parquet floors; excellent table; electric light.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Small room, with excellent board, $10 weekly.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Sunny rooms; large, $18; hall, $7; excellent table; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; Subway; table guests. Telephone 2871—River.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; good table; desirable neighborhood; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large rooms, table board; back parlor suitable dentist; telephone 7442 Riverside.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Single and double room; bath; table and house first class.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square, N. W.)—Suite two large rooms, also single; private bath; steam heat; table excellent.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautiful furnished rooms; private baths; telephones; superior table.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 889, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handcome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 100.—Desirable rooms, steam heat; excellent table; river view; fifteen minutes to Manhattan.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,133 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; also single room.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very attractive, well-heated, light rooms; running water; telephone; reference.

22D ST., 352 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room; running water; exceptionally clean; quiet house; reasonable.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; connecting bath; gentleman; references.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Nicest kept parlor bedroom, bath, in city; restaurant; $30-$60 monthly.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Warm, comfortable rooms; private baths; excellent service; meals optional; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Very desirable bright, sunny rooms; large, small; well-kept house; nicely furnished dressing rooms; running water; breakfast optional.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Private family will rent pleasant room; suitable one or two; reasonable.

69TH ST., 145 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished suite in high-class apartment; all conveniences.

71ST ST., 143 WEST.—Well furnished room; southern exposure; Subway, "L" stations; gentlemen.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; near "L" and Subway stations.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 100 WEST.—Neatly furnished room; one flight; telephone; elevator. Inquire hall boy.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or single; reasonable; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Second floor room, south; bath adjoining; one or two gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room for physician's office; extension; reception room; service; telephone.

79TH ST., 130 WEST.—Room suitable one, two gentlemen; bath floor; select house; Subway, elevated.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; handsome rooms; refined surroundings; private residence. 'Phone 7063 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furniture and decorations entirely new; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; private house; Subway, "L."

81ST ST., 209 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; private family; Subway and elevated; gentleman; references. Friedenrich.

81ST ST., 201 WEST.—Warm, sunny room for business woman; call evenings; references. Downing.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable; sunny, warm; small, large; plenty hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

84TH ST., 108 WEST.—Large front suite, adjoining bath; small, light room; running water. Huber.

90TH ST., 59 WEST.—Elegant large room; running water; suitable for two; three gentlemen; reasonable; references.

91ST ST., 152 WEST.—Large corner parlor alcove, well furnished; all improvements; Subway, "L." Tandy.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, sunny suite, two rooms; private bath; all conveniences; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant room, southern exposure; all conveniences; near Subway and L.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, $6; large room, heated, $4.50; telephone; "L."

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Pleasant, nicely furnished, clean room, adjoining bath; one flight; $3. Corwin.

101ST ST., 4 WEST.—Homelike furnished rooms; all improvements; telephone; use kitchen; business women. Oliver.

103D ST., 12 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private entrance; apartment. Stern.

103D ST., 77 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom; references. Miller.

105TH, 100 WEST.—Large, delightfully cosy, warm room, adjoining bath; one flight. Stanclift.

107TH ST., 6 WEST.—Large room; elevator apartment; private entrance; all conveniences; very reasonable. Hathaway.

109TH, 138 WEST. — Large rooms, steam, bath; convenient to Subway and "L"; reasonable. Adams.

110TH ST., 237 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, elevator apartment house, with private bath, or suite; every convenience; near Subway, "L." Apartment 2.

118TH ST., 366 WEST.—Desirable, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; near Morningside; 'phone; reference.

122D, 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; elevator, electric lights, steam heat. Kenyon.

137TH ST., 261 WEST.—Sunny rooms, front suite; running water; $12; private concessions. Audubon—4096.

142D ST., 513 WEST.—Large, sunny room with lavatory; small family, home-like; references; near Subway.

143D ST., 135 Hamilton Place, (over bank).—Heated room, suitable for two; sunny; hot and cold water; telephone, 2780—Audubon. MacArthur.

152D ST., 557 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; private family, near Subway; references.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless residential neighborhood; overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; desirable. R 193 Times Downtown.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Large room, heated; hot water; southern exposure; gentlemen.

DOCTOR, dentist; elegant large back parlor; running water; all service; extension; moderate. 59 West 90th.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, corner 127th St.—Handsomely furnished suites, four, five, six rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; $12.50 weekly upward; beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, $4 to $6 weekly.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 116.—Large, light furnished room; heated, homelike. Bissell.

East Side.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; swimming pool, shower, &c.; $5 up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, first and second floors; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Newly furnished room, with bath; private house; every convenience; telephone; gentlemen.

84TH, 117-119 EAST.
THE NAYLOR.
Large and small Rooms; telephone; table Board.

32D ST., 19 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; telephone; restaurant attached; meals served to apartments.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Furnished rooms to men only; also hall room; references exchanged.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Comfortably heated rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; reasonable.

83D, 53 EAST.—Large, sunny front room, second floor; private house; all conveniences; reference.

LEXINGTON AV., 6, Close Vicinity Gramercy Park.—Beautiful, large, light rooms, dining room, bath, for couple or gentlemen; also single rooms; excellent neighborhood; convenient to Subway and surface lines; small, select house.

LEXINGTON AV., 665, Near 56th.—Select people; beautifully appointed double room, near bath; also, single; cleanliness, quiet; reasonable rates; references; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d.—Attractive rooms, housekeeping suite, parlor floor with private bath; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $5-$15.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

272 VANDERBILT AV., NEAR DE KALB AV. Private house; heat, hot and cold water; large bathroom. Tel. 4549—Prospect.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

MARRIED COUPLE want two furnished rooms, with bath, or one large, furnished room, with alcove and bath; state price and particulars. V 107 Times, Times Square.

BY YOUNG MAN, furnished room, heated; west side preferred; state price and full particulars. V 104 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG WOMAN in city for short time would like room, private family, central; references. V 120 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Apartment of 6 large, sunny rooms and bath; with southern exposure; exclusive neighborhood; convenient to Subway; sacrifice rent and free to Feb. 1. Haff, 411 West 115th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Exceptional opportunity to step right into old-established light manufacturing business, that has always paid owner $2,000, doing steady cash trade; experience absolutely unnecessary, as any one could acquire thorough knowledge of business in short time; besides, owner will remain; if sold at once, will sacrifice for $3,000 on easy terms. Inquire Standard, 47 Ann St.

To provide additional capital for its increasing business a New York Stock Exchange house would like to take in special partner; only principals; all communications strictly confidential. R., Box 129 Times Downtown.

Young attorney, capable and energetic, desires financial backing from a refined lady or gentleman in a thoroughly reliable business venture of importance. T 85 Times, Times Sq.

Bills discounted, businesses financed; money against security; inheritances cashed; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Would like to get sole agency of a good household article; must be cheap. Hermann & Co., 1,777 B'way, Room 325.

Ask me how you can start a profitable mail-order business at home evenings. Expert, P. O. Box 1,600, New York.

Will buy contents houses, apartments, hotels, books, pianos. 560 Stuyvesant, Barnes, 88 University Place.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 202 West 34th St. Union labor.

Loan of $200 wanted, 30 days; return $250; security worth $700. V 143 Times, Times Sq.

Valuable patent for sale; combination dresser, trunk, and arm chair. Bradley, 253 W. 25th.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

LEVENTRITT, MATILDA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATILDA LEVENTRITT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1909. DAVID LEVENTRITT, JULIUS HIRSCHBERG, OLIVIA LEVENTRITT, Executors. LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

HARNED, CAROLINE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CAROLINE H. HARNED, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of James M. Tully, No. 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 16th day of September, 1909. BEDELL H. HARNED, Administrator. JAMES M. TULLY, Attorney for Administrator, 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—EDITH HELEN ELLIS, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL DE LA PLAINE S. ELLIS, Junior, Defendant.—(Trial desired in New York County.)—Summons. Action for an absolute divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, November 19th, 1909.
NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Samuel de la Plaine S. Ellis, Junior, defendant above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Charles F. MacLean, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 21st day of December, 1909, and filed on the 22d day of December, 1909, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County and State of New York, the original complaint having been filed in the said office on the 22d day of December, 1909.

Dated New York, December 22d, 1909.
NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1910.
Borough of Brooklyn.

For furnishing and delivering coal in parks and on parkways, Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens.

For full particulars see City Record.
CHARLES B. STOVER, President;
THOMAS J. HIGGINS,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for obtaining Office Supplies, Drafting Supplies, and Stationery (Contract 1,201) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, January 18, 1910. (For particulars see City Record.)

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.—By virtue of a certain chattel mortgage dated the 18th day of January, 1909, I will sell at public auction at 1,906 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, on the 17th day of January, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock, all the stock, fixtures, and machinery of the dyeing and cleaning establishment of Jacobi & Company, formerly conducted at 30 West 30th Street, Manhattan; 1,065 Kelly Street, Bronx, and 1,906 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, near Buffalo Av., stock consisting of laundry and cleaning machinery, extractors, wall cases, counters, &c., &c.

January 10, 1910.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer.
HAMLIN & CONKLIN, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 59 Wall Street, New York City.

CLEARANCE SALE

CHARLES SHONGOOD,
U. S. Auctioneer,
will sell at public auction,

this day, Monday, Jan. 17th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, by order of the Court, the bankrupt stocks of Benjamin Caplan, Carlise Co., Sol. Littenberg, I. J. Rosenthal, and Joseph Lederman, stocks consisting of woolens, canvas, trimmings, furs, gin, fixtures, &c.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK TELFORD WOODS, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells the 17th day of January, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, all of the right, title, and interest of the trustee in the assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of outstanding accounts, two shares American Connoisseur Co., fifty shares of American Coal Export Co., and note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable one month after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable two months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable three months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable four months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable five months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable six months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable seven months after date, $100, and note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable eight months after date, $55.00.

HENRY L. MOSES,
Trustee in Bankruptcy, 30 Broad Street, New York City.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee, 120 Broadway.
STROOCK & STROOCK, Attorneys for Trustee, 30 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISRAEL FRANKLIN, doing business under the firm name and style of FRANKLIN MFG. CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 13,012.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of white petticoats, manufactured and in the process of manufacture; piece goods, trimmings, and fixtures and machinery, including sewing machines, power table, electric motor, safe, desks, chairs, &c., will be sold at public auction by Chas. Shongood, U. S. auctioneer, at No. 32 Greene Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 17th day of January, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, January 8th, 1910.
HERMAN H. OPPENHEIMER, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PERFECT MODEL CLOAK AND SUIT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Jan. 24, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 43 East 12th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' cloaks and suits, skirts, woolens, trimmings, machinery, motor, safe, fixtures, &c.

WM. HENKEL, Jr., Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,011.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ITALIAN CO-OPERATIVE UNION, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Italian Co-operative Union of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Italian Co-operative Union was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 15th, 1910.

NO. 12,062.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PETER J. RYAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Peter J. Ryan of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Peter J. Ryan was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 15th, 1910.

NO. 12,821.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE W. BUSKIRK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of George W. Buskirk of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said George W. Buskirk was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 15th, 1910.

NO. 13,079.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOBOWITZ and ROTHENBERG, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Jacobowitz and Rothenberg of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Jacobowitz and Rothenberg were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Jan. 15th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,910.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDGETTS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Edgetts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Edgetts was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Jan. 15th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,062.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTHUR C. ROLLWAGEN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Arthur C. Rollwagen of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Arthur C. Rollwagen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 15th, 1910.

NO. 13,166.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MINNIE COHEN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Minnie Cohen of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Minnie Cohen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 15th, 1910.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

KRESS, HENRY G.—In pursuance of an order made by Hon. Irving Lehman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, on the 9th day of August, 1909, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against HENRY G. KRESS, lately doing business in the City of New York, in the County of New York, that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor, duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly appointed Assignee of the said Henry G. Kress, for the benefit of his creditors, at his place of transacting business, the office of Foulds & Galland, Room 726, No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of February, 1910.

Dated New York, December 1st, 1909.
FREDERICK W. LORCH, Assignee.
FOULDS & GALLAND, Attorneys for Assignee, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

SAMUEL GANS CO.
Fire Underwriters' Sale.
THURSDAY, JAN. 20th, 1910,
AT 10 A. M. AT OUR SALESROOM
186-188 Wooster St., New York City,
We Will Sell at Public Auction
For account of whom it may concern
THE SALVAGE OF A JOBBER'S STOCK
Inventorying over $50,000 worth of

Fine Footwear

Consisting of
1000 Cases Men's, Women's, Boys' & Children's Shoes, in all fine and staple grades, Vici Kid, Patent Leather, Gun Metal, Calf, Velor, etc., etc.
300 Cases BROGANS,
200 Cases LEATHER BOOTS
300 Cases Mens's, Ladies' & Children's RUBBERS,
ALSO
SLIPPERS, SANDALS, STORM SHOES, &c., &c.

All these shoes are wide widths, also in original cases. This sale should afford an excellent opportunity for obtaining good value for special Sales.

MOST OF THE STOCK IN PERFECT CONDITION. Some slightly damaged by water only. STOCK ON EXHIBITION DAY BEFORE SALE, WITH DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

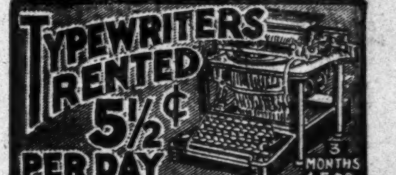
TERMS OF SALE CASH. DEPOSIT REQUIRED FROM ALL BUYERS.

Fifth Avenue | Auction Rooms
Incorporated.
S. E. Cor. 25th St. Nos. 333-341 Fourth Av.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auctioneer.
NOW ON EXHIBITION.
TO CLOSE THE
Estate of Emma B. Caldwell
by direction of Messrs.
Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus,
Attorneys for the Executor.
CHOICE MODERN HOUSEHOLD APPOINTMENTS,
FURS, DIAMOND JEWELRY, BRONZES, &c.,
to which has been added a fine assortment of Furniture in the
Antique and Reproductions

Including Louis XV. and XVI. Suites, Bergeres, Sofas, Odd Chairs, Sheraton Chippendale and Colonial Bedroom Suites, Gentlemen's Chiffoniers, Twin Bedsteads, Dressers, Toilet Tables, Card and Work Tables, Sideboards, China Closets, a Dutch Inlaid Wardrobe made about 1600, a block front Desk of the Georgian Period, Antique Marbles, Porcelains, Cut Glass, etc.

To be sold on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, January 20, 21 and 22, at 2 o'clock each day.

FOR SALE.



$5 FOR 3 MONTHS

Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order and we will keep it so during term of rental.

WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.

TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE 1½ Barclay St.
5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

Family must sacrifice all their fine furniture, mostly imported; English brass bedsteads, $8; heavy Sloane rugs, $7, $10; mahogany parlor suit, leather library; six leather dining chairs, round table, sideboard, buffet, couch, &c.; large gold mirror, $5; davenport, dishes, mission furniture, paintings, curtains, upright piano, lot other things, together or separately; opportunity for any one starting housekeeping. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES

Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.

Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Splendid Opportunities
IN SLIGHTLY USED
Pianos of Renowned Makes

Kranich & Bach Upright	$150
Weber Upright	165
Sohmer Upright	175
Chickering Upright	175
Steinway Upright	250
Hallett & Davis Upright	190
Steinway Baby Grand	450
Angelus Player & Piano	300

All in good order, stool and cover included.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St.

Family must sacrifice mahogany upright piano, $100; cost $450 one year ago; perfect condition. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HERMITAGE
Times Square, 42d St. and 7th Av.
GENTLEMEN'S CAFE and GRILL
and
LADIES' RESTAURANT
SUNDAY DINNER 5.30 to 9 P.M. $1.00
After Theatre Supper Specialties.
EDOUARD VARNIER ORCHESTRA.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

No newspaper offers Business Opportunity advertisers a better field than The New York Times. The Times, with its daily circulation exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand copies, has the largest high class circulation of any New York newspaper, a circulation that is ideal for the Business Opportunity advertiser. The Times makes every effort to keep out fraudulent advertisements.

BLAMES THE COURTS FOR AUTO OFFENSES

Magistrate Cornell Says the Leniency of Judges Encourages Reckless Driving.

THE LAWS NOT ENFORCED

He Would Impose Heavy Jail Sentences on Second and Third Offenders.

"If the Judges of Special Sessions will inflict jail sentences, instead of letting speed law violators off with light fines, the automobile problem will be pushed a long way toward its solution. Until they get to that point we will have to submit, as we have heretofore, to the dangerous speed mania."

This declaration was made yesterday by Magistrate Cornell. He was asked last week to serve on the committee to draft amendments to the automobile law in the movement initiated by the National Highways' Protective Society. While declining to act on the committee, he said he would lend every possible assistance outside of that in the drawing of a law to put a stop to the automobile peril.

He did not think he could consistently serve upon the committee, the Magistrate explained, as any amendments to the present law that are made as a result of the agitation now going on would have to come before the Magistrates, sooner or later for interpretation.

The Magistrate did not hesitate to give vigorous expression to his views concerning automobile speeding and the proper treatment of offenders.

"No movement for the regulation of the automobile as it runs through the public highways has ever been started under more auspicious circumstances," said he. "The public seems to be thoroughly aroused, and I believe that, with public opinion behind it, the bill to be drafted by the Conference Committee—providing, of course, that it is a practical one—will go through the Legislature. I don't think any lobbying of automobile interests can stop it this time. I have every confidence in the committee which has undertaken the work.

"There are several features that I would like to see incorporated in the bill. I believe, in the first place, it is highly important that the drivers of cars—owners and their employes—be compelled to take an examination which will demonstrate their fitness. I am not prepared to say that this examination should be held under the supervision of the police or under a commission that the Governor might appoint. In France, England, and Italy such examinations are under the police, while in some of our States there are commissions to attend to it, as in Massachusetts, where the plan seems to work well.

Question of Sobriety.

"No licenses to operate cars should be granted unless the applicant passes the required examination. Not alone should the license be based upon competency to operate the car, however, but there should be a provision that the driver be in his sober senses while handling the car.

"I would have the intoxication of a driver while running a car made a serious offense. Such a man is likely to be extremely careless, and I have no doubt that not a few of our accidents are the result of inebriety.

"As to speed regulation, I believe the present law is sufficient. The provision of ten miles an hour as the extreme limit in crowded portions of a city, fifteen miles where houses are further apart, and twenty in the country is, to my mind, reasonable enough. It is not that the speed law needs to be changed, but that the automobile driver ought to be made to respect the rights of the pedestrian.

"I wonder if the automobile owner and chauffeur know that there is a law, made years ago, which gives the pedestrian the right of way in the streets. There is such a law, but to judge from the manner in which the automobile speeders have taken over the highways to themselves no one would imagine that it existed.

"As it goes now, the driver of a car—and when I say driver I mean the owner as well as the chauffeur, when the owner takes the wheel himself, merely toots his horn and lets the hapless pedestrian look out for himself. It is a crying shame that the law is so outrageously violated in this respect.

"Now, what happens when speed offenders are caught? It has been my experience as a Magistrate, and every Magistrate will say the same thing, that the police, as a rule, are careful in making their arrests. They do not arrest a chauffeur unless he has been going at a speed greatly in excess of the limit set by law.

"In the crowded city, instead of arresting drivers who run at a speed just over ten miles an hour, they usually take those who have been going eighteen or twenty miles. They do not arrest more than one in ten of the offenders who would land in the courts if the law were strictly enforced.

Doesn't Blame the Police.

"I am not criticising the police for this. They cannot be expected, with the limited number of men in the traffic squad, to accomplish any more than they do.

"When a policeman brings a prisoner before a Magistrate on a speeding charge, the Magistrate always requires that the policeman prove by the record of his stop-watch that the prisoner has violated the law. We require that the policeman shall be able to swear that he followed the automobile for some distance, keeping time on it.

"Whenever there is evidence established by the stop-watch, that the law has been violated, the Magistrates send offenders to the Court of Special Sessions. We have no alternative. I don't think, with all the work the Magistrates' Courts have to do now, that it would be advisable to amend the law so that the Magistrates finally dispose of automobile speeders. It would clog our calendars. We always hold the chauffeur under bond for trial in the higher courts, and then it is up to the Special Sessions Judges.

"I am free to say I do not believe the Sessions Judges handle the automobile offenders as they should. I have watched the operation of the courts concerning these cases, and am convinced that much of the responsibility for the lack of regulation of the automobile speeding is on the Sessions bench. I fully realize that this is a serious charge, and I don't make it without due regard for the facts.

Judges Too Lenient.

"In the case of first offenders, the Special Sessions Judges impose small fines. I am making no criticism of that. Second offenders are fined more heavily, as a rule. The fault is in dealing with offenders who are up for the third time. In such cases the law is explicit. There is no alternative. Third offenders must be sent to jail. When the legislators passed that law they intended, I suppose, that it was to be taken seriously. The Special Sessions Judges seem to take it otherwise.

"In many cases of third offense the District Attorney's office, in the last few years has permitted prisoners to plead guilty to second offenses, thus allowing them to escape the jail sentence.

"The Special Sessions Judges could stop this if they were so disposed. When jail sentences do happen to be imposed for third offenses, and such cases are extremely rare, the Judges give sentences of a day, as a rule.

"In this connection I happen to know that many times a chauffeur has been sentenced to a day in jail at, say, 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and has been kept in a jail for exactly two hours and then set free. They have a habit of calling two hours a full day. This makes a mockery of the law and gives the chauffeur the idea that he has really nothing to fear from the courts. How can the law be enforced if the Judges will not carry out their part?

"This is why I say that the fault lies, primarily, with the Judges. No legislation can do anything toward the abatement of the speed mania until there is full co-operation on the part of the Judges. Our laws do need to be more rigid, but our Judges need to be more concerned about enforcing them."

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HARLEM IS HUNTING BLACK BEARDED MEN

And Seeing Everywhere Seedy Persons Like Robbie Lomas's Murderer.

NURSE MET ONE ON A ROOF

Police Found His Footprints Later—Theory That He Lives Around in Cellars—Batch of Arrests.

Either the residents of Washington Heights, near Highbridge Park, are catching sight almost daily of a black-bearded man closely resembling the one who shot the two little boys in the park last Wednesday afternoon or else the murder of Robbie Lomas and the wounding of Arthur Shibley have so fired the imaginations of the residents up there that they think they see a resemblance to him in strangers when they don't. Investigation tends to show that the man has really been seen frequently since the murder.

Yesterday morning at 11:30 o'clock Mary Daly, a seventeen-year-old nursemaid employed by E. J. Dugan, who lives on the fourth floor of the apartment house at 507 West 175th Street, went to the roof to hang out some laundry. After ten or fifteen minutes she went back downstairs and reported this to Mrs. Dugan:

"When I got to the roof I saw a man standing there. He said, 'Hello, what are you going to do?' I said I was going to hang out the wash. He stood there watching me, and didn't say anything more. I never saw him before. He's up there now. He looks funny."

She told her mistress that the man was of medium height, seedy in appearance, with a black beard, and wore a black slouch hat and a short, light-colored overcoat. Mrs. Dugan said that this was the description of the man wanted for last Wednesday's shooting. She and Mary were alone in the apartment, though, and so she decided to wait until Mr. Dugan came from church.

He came in at 12 o'clock, and upon being told what Mary Daly had seen at once telephoned to the police. The desk man at the West 152d Street Station House sent men to the apartment. They found footprints in the snow on the roof other than the nursemaid's, but the stranger was gone. The police at once spread through the neighborhood to look for him, but without avail.

William Wiswell, the janitress's assistant in the apartment house at 503 West 175th Street, told the police that at 10 o'clock a black-bearded man had come down into the basement and had pushed open the furnace room door. Mr. Wiswell, who was sitting somewhat in the shadow, asked him what he wanted. The stranger asked if a Mr. Bridgewell lived there, and then walked out, after looking toward the rear basement door.

This row of apartment houses stands just west of Amsterdam Avenue, and on the other side of that is the western edge of Highbridge Park.

Early Saturday morning Alfred Jilks, son of the janitress of 589 West 178th Street, encountered a black-bearded man of seedy appearance in the basement storeroom, and this man also disappeared, after throwing younk Jilks to the floor, running over the roof of the building into the house at 591 West 178th Street. The house at 589 West 178th Stret is not far from 507 West 175th Street, and both houses are near Highbridge Park.

William Wiswell said yesterday that it was customary for janitors to leave their basement doors unlocked at night. The furnace room, where the coal was kept, was always locked, he said, but the janitors of the ordinary apartment houses never troubled to lock the outside front and rear basement doors. And a person who got into the basement could go on through to the roof by the rear fire escapes if he liked, Wiswell pointed out.

The residents of Washington Heights are aroused on the subject of this disappearing black-bearded man. They are considering the organization of a posse to co-operate with the police in making a house-to-house search of the basements and roofs of the section above 164th Street bounded by the Harlem and the Hudson Rivers.

Policeman Picco of the West 125th Street Station house yesterday arrested at Lenox Avenue and 125th Street a man who said he was Frederick Wolka. He lives in the Arion Hotel, Third Avenue and 121st Street, when he has the money to pay for his lodging. He has a black beard and is about the height and age of the man who murdered Robert Lomas, but he wore a black derby and not a slouch hat, and a long, gray overcoat, instead of a short, light-colored one.

Picco said Wolka acted suspiciously, and so he arrested him on the technical charge of vagrancy, thinking that he resembled the suspect. Wolka said he could not remember where he was Wednesday. In the Harlem Court, Magistrate Butts held him without bail until to-day.

All over the city yesterday, indeed, the police were arresting seedy-looking men with black beards. The police proved only their zeal in these arrests. A telegraph operator out of a job was arrested in Central Park and locked up as a vagrant. Sigmundo Nicito, with a black beard, was arrested yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock in front of 193 Orchard Street, where he was brandishing a pistol. He said he lived there. It was duly noted, however, that he had a black beard and was seedy. At Bleecker and Carmine Streets, down in the lower west side, a restaurant worker out of a job, who said he was Edward Demidson, was arrested late in the afternoon.

Arthur Shibley, the little Syrian boy who was dangerously wounded last Wednesday by the man who at the same time shot and killed six-year-old Robert Lomas, took a turn for the worse last night in Washington Heights Hospital. The doctors had been waiting anxiously in the fear that blood poisoning might set in, or that he might become so weak that he would succumb.

His young mother, who has been in the hospital since the afternoon he was shot waiting to give some of her blood to try to save him, was prepared for the operation of transfusion. It would probably be performed some time in the night Dr. C. C. Sichel, the chief surgeon, said. It will only be performed as a last resort. In spite of the boy's turn for the worse, Dr. Sichel said there was still a hope that he might live.

FINDS BODY ON COWCATCHER.

Engineer Didn't Know He'd Hit a Man Till He Left His Locomotive.

When Simon Hafin, a Pennsylvania Railroad engineer left his locomotive that brought into Jersey City a Philadelphia express train at 1:25 A. M. yesterday he was horrified to see the body of a man on the pilot of the cowcatcher. A physician was summoned, but could do nothing, and the body was taken to the City Morgue. In the pockets were papers and letters addressed to Thomas Flanagan of Rahway, N. J.

The police communicated with Rahway, and John Hughes, who is a brother-in-law of the dead man, identified the body as that of Thomas Flanagan. Flanagan was 35 years old and lived at 168 Elizabeth Street, Rahway. He was seen in Rahway a few minutes before the express train passed through that city, and the presumption is that he was crossing the track, was hit, and tossed upon top of the cowcatcher, where the body stayed until discovered.

The physician called into the Pennsylvania terminal at Jersey City said that death resulted soon after the man had been injured. Rahway is about twenty miles from Jersey City.

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all Remnants regardless of former prices. Suits to measure of fine imported materials, $18; fine Winter Overcoats, $20; English Trouserings, $5; fancy Vests, $5.00, which sell elsewhere for $25. See display in our show windows.

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TAKE BACK LEOPARDS THAT BIT A WOMAN

Mrs. Russelle Can't Have Beasts She Was Trying to Train to Do Tricks.

SHE'S STILL IN HOSPITAL

And Doesn't Know That Her Desire to Continue to Earn a Living for Her Children Can't Be Fulfilled.

When Mrs. Pauline Russelle, who was nearly killed a week ago by a leopard she was trying to train, gets out of Bellevue Hospital she will receive a blow which will be harder to bear than the misfortune of having been turned upon by one of her pupils. The one ambition of Mrs. Russelle has been to have a troupe of trained animals of her own. For several years she had been appearing at museums and Summer parks with trained animals, but always she drew only a small salary, for the animals she appeared with were owned by some one else.

Mrs. Russelle has two little children who are dependent on her for support. The necessity of providing for them spurred on her ambition to own her own troupe of animals, for her earning power would be much increased. So she went to Yardsley, Penn., about two months ago, and bargained with Wentz & Mackenson, animal dealers, for a troupe of five leopards. She did not pay much money down, for she had little to pay, but the animal dealers agreed on a price she was to give them after she started on the road.

Mrs. Russelle was very happy at the thought that the realization of her ambition was in sight. She began to train the animals in a little loft over a museum in East Fourteenth Street. Then came the mishap which nearly cost her life, when Clayton, the largest of the five beasts, struck her down in an unguarded moment, and she was taken unconscious and bleeding to Bellevue.

For a few days it looked as though Mrs. Russelle would die. Her forehead was gashed from the fangs and claws of the leopard. The back of her neck and her head were covered with ugly wounds, and her chest was deeply lacerated.

But Mrs. Russelle began to recover. A few days ago she said to one of her nurses:

"I'm going to get well. I have got to. My two little ones have to be provided for. They are now down in Virginia with my mother, but I am their support. It won't be long now before I shall be back again with my leopards. That was only an accident when I was clawed by Clayton. It won't happen again, for I have not lost my nerve, and I know I can handle them. Maybe I won't try to teach Clayton any more, but the others are docile, and I can soon whip them into shape for the road. Please hurry and get me out of here."

The nurse smiled sadly and told Mrs. Russelle that everything was all right, not to worry, and that she would soon be out. She had not the heart to tell the trainer that her troupe of leopards had passed out of her control. A few days after the accident Wentz and Mackenson came on to New York, boxed the leopards up, and sent them back to Yardsley.

"It was a foolish thing for us to have done anyhow," said the man who took the animals away. "We didn't get a cent from Mrs. Russelle, and we ought to have known better. We are going to dispose of these beasts some other way now."

The nurse attending Mrs. Russelle knew of this, but she kept her own counsel. The blow, she thought, might kill the plucky little trainer who is struggling so hard to live in order to support her children.

The doctors at Bellevue say that Mrs. Russelle is not yet out of danger—that not until a fortnight has passed will all danger of blood poisoning be gone.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
5:45—Chrystie St., G. Ihereffo..............$50
6:10—108th St. and Broadway; unknown. Trifling
7:15—25 Jefferson St.; N. Nedland....Trifling
7:35—326 East 11th St.; T. Cracelle...Trifling
9:35—99 and 101 Fulton St.; Kate Suskin..$50
10:00—136 East 26th St.; V. Fatlizi....Trifling
11:40—74 Avenue A; Standard Cloak Co....$500
P. M.
12:05—316 West 82d St.; Frank R. Wood....$25
1:40—149 West 83d St.; T. F. Radike..Trifling
2:05—301 East 101st St.; J. Glenkowitz..$1,0[illegible]
2:25—90 Lenox Av.; A. Zuckerman......$1,075
2:45—346 East 76th St.; Mrs. Schrosser....$50
4:45—19 and 21 Nassau St.; Equitable Life Assurance Society $1,500
4:50—211 and 213 East 103d St.; S. Kaplanoll. $200
5:15—53 Lenox Av.; Harry Allison........$25
7:05—44 Rivington St.; Solomon Chasin....$5
8:15—120 East Houston St.; Michael Arcuro; Trifling
8:20—439 East 71st St.; Joseph Kokes....$25
8:30—201 East 97th St.; Patrick Smith; Trifling

ALASKAN BEAR KILLS CUBS.

Mother Bear's Desperate Struggle at the Zoo Fails to Save Them.

Engineer, the big Alaskan bear at the Bronx Park Zoo, killed his two sons yesterday a few hours after they were born, and for a while there was great excitement in the bear dens, every bear there apparently realizing what was going on. The Zoo helpers believe that Engineer lost his head owing to a commotion started among the other bears because of the snow.

Some time during the snowstorm of Thursday night Mrs. Admiral, for several years Engineer's mate, presented the two cubs to the menagerie. But the keepers knew nothing of the event until yesterday, Engineer and his mate never once showing themselves in the snow. Keepers Ferguson and Spicer noticed that most of the other bears had been uneasy ever since the storm. They frequently raised a hideous din, growling, fighting, and trying to beat down the bars of their cages.

Yesterday this commotion seemed to grow in volume. Ivan, the Russian bear, and Big Bill, the Rocky Mountain grizzly, were especially noisy. The keepers started to investigate.

All the bears were outside in the snow except Engineer and Mrs. Admiral. When the keepers reached the front of their cage they heard sounds of a desperate encounter in the grotto. Arming themselves with clubs, they entered the cage. At the mouth of the grotto they paused and peered into the dim interior. On the floor near the door lay a small cub, torn nearly to pieces. Near by lay another, and Engineer's teeth were in its throat.

The mother of the cubs was attacking Engineer with all her strength, biting at his shoulders and trying to drag him away from the cub. The keepers plied their clubs over the head of Engineer, who retreated to the rear of the grotto. But the last cub was dead.

PEARL MONOPOLY BROKEN.

Jewelers Here Welcome Entrance of Dutch Firms Into English Field.

Manufacturers of pearl jewelry and novelties are rejoicing as a result of notices which they have received in the last few days that the English monopoly of oyster pearl shells from the Orient has been broken by the entrance of new Dutch companies into the field. It is expected by the manufacturers that as a result they can buy the shells more conveniently and perhaps at lower prices.

Up to this time a number of the manufacturers in New York who make a specialty of pearl ornaments have been obliged to buy their supplies of the Oriental shells at the auction sales conducted in London every three months by a company which has enjoyed a monopoly through arrangements made with the Australian colonies. All the shells from the East Indies have been gathered at Australia, and thence shipped to London, which has been the distributing point for Europe and America.

New York manufacturers have tried in various ways, but unsuccessfully heretofore, to get shells from other sources, as it has required large outlays of capital to buy supplies for months ahead, and the system has made it possible to manipulate the prices at the time of the auction.

The Dutch East Indies is now offering this kind of a market, and the companies there are to ship directly to manufacturers in New York and other jewelry centres, such as Providence and the Attleboros.

VOTES FOR ALL DEMANDED.

Social Democrats Hold Demonstrations in Prussia for Universal Suffrage.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Social Democratic demonstrations were held here to-day in favor of the reform of the Prussian franchise. A heavy rain fell all through the day, and there was little disorder. Resolutions were adopted demanding universal, direct, and secret suffrage.

Similar demonstrations were held throughout Prussia.

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$100 Fur Lined Coat, $50.
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Sheridan's Classic Comedy THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
Rudolf Besier's Comedy DON Is uncommonly bright—Post. An Unalloyed Delight.—Press.
Edw. Sheldon's THE NIGGER A Drama of the South of To-day.
To-night 8:15......The School for Scandal
Tues. Evg., 8:30.......................Don
Wed. Mat., 2:30........................Don
Wed. Evg., 8:30........................Don
Thurs. Mat. 2 (Opera) Czaar und Zimmermann
Thurs. Evg., 8:30..............The Nigger
Fri. Evg., 8, (Opera)..........Fra Diavolo
Sat. Mat. 2:15......The School for Scandal
Sat. Evg., 8:15.....The School for Scandal
Next Week:
Mon. Evg., Strife; Tues. Evg. & Wed. Mat., Opera; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Don; Wed. (Premier), Thurs. & Sat. Evgs. & Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night.
Seats at box office for all performances.
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DALY'S Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Last 8 Times This Theatre. MARGUERITE CLARK with Wm. Norris in The King of Cadonia
Special Matinee Thurs., Jan. 20, Miss Clark will appear in THE WISHING RING By Owen Davis.
Beginning MON., JAN. 24, Seats Thurs., Jan. 20. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.
Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Last Week. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Laurence Irving and Mabel Hackney in THE AFFINITY (The Incubus.)
MONDAY, JAN. 24, Seats Thurs., Jan. 20. A Modern Drama By Cora Maynard THE WATCHER
LYRIC 42d st., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th st. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
BIJOU B'way & 30th st. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15 Mat. Sat. Only. LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Only This Week. FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. THIRD MONTH. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. Last Week MAY ROBSON in The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary
Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. N'xt w'k—Chauncey Olcott in Ragged Robin
WALLACK'S To-morrow Night H. B. WARNER in Paul Armstrong's New Play ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
GARDEN Thea., Madison Av. and 27th. TO-NIGHT THE BEN GREET PLAYERS in "THE LITTLE TOWN OF BETHLEHEM" By KATRINA TRASK. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
STUYVESANT THE BELASCO 44 St. nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO THEATRE. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST 2 WEEKS IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | Adelaide Keim & Co., Margaret Moffat & Co., Herbert Clifton, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. | Irene Franklin, Jas. Thornton, Schoolboys & Girls, Gracie Emmett, &c
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Princess Rajah, Futurity Winner, High Life in Jail, Simon & Gardner, others.
PLAZA Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c., 50c., 75c. J. J. CORBETT, R. A. ROBERTS, Bertie Fowler, Those 3 Fellows, 59 St. Mad. Av. The Zancigs, others.
AMERICAN W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c. MA GOSSE with "La Danse Noire," Empire City Quartet, Svengali Trio, others.
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Modest Altschuler..............Conductor
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Tickets 75 cts. to $2. now at Box Office.
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HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed & Sat. 2:15. TO-MORROW (TUES.) NIGHT 8:15 WM. COLLIER in A LUCKY STAR SPECIAL......(HUDSON THEATRE) Beginning Next Monday Afternoon Return of RUTH ST. DENIS in NEW HINDOO DANCES Mon., Tues., Thurs., Fri. Matinees at 3.
SAVOY B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. NEXT WEDNESDAY EVE. AT 8:15 HENRY MILLER in THE FAITH HEALER by the author of The Great Divide.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram. OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant. By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.
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BURTON HOLMES | CEYLON—To-day Mat. at 3 also To-morrow 3 Lyceum Theatre
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Wed. & Sat. Mats.; Wed. Mats. Best Seats $1.50 Rex Beach's Thrilling Story THE BARRIER with THEODORE ROBERTS.
LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves at 8. Mats. Wed & Sat. at 2. TO-NIGHT AT 8 SHARP. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS COMPANY OF 100.
NEW YORK THEATRE EVES. 8.15 MATS. WED & SAT. 2.15 HITCHCOCK in COHAN'S LAUGHING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN WHO OWNS B'WAY
GAIETY THE EVES. 8.15 MATS WED & SAT. 2.15 FORTUNE HUNTER WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15 NEXT THURS. NIGHT HENRY E. DIXEY in the new comedy MR. BUTTLES

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Tannhaeuser. Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad; MM. Slezak, Whitehill, Hinckley, Reiss, Muehlmann. Cond., Hertz.
Tues. Evg., Spec'l Perfor'ce, Manon. Mmes. Farrar, Heliane, de Lievin; MM. Clement, Scotti, de Segurola, Devaux. Cond., Podesti.
Wed. Evg., 7:45, Lohengrin. Thurs. Evg., Madama Butterfly. Fri. Evg., Orfeo.
Sat. Aft. First Time in America, Franchetti's Germania. Mmes. Destinn, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Evg., Faust. Mmes. Nordica, Manbourg, Niessen-Stone; MM. Jadlowker (debut), Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti.
NEXT WEEK. Mon. Evg., Trovatore. Mmes. Nordica, Homer; MM. Slezak, Amato. Cond., Tango.
At the New Theatre.
Thurs. Aft., Czaar und Zimmermann. Mme. Alten; MM. Jorn, Forsell, Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Hertz. Fri. Evg., Fra Diavolo.
Brooklyn Academy of Music.
One block from Flatbush Ave. Subway Station.
To-night, Aida. Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.
To-night, BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. John McCormack, MM. Sammarco, Gilibert, Huberdeau, Daddi; Dir., M. Anselmi. Wed., First time in America, GRISELIDIS, Miss Mary Garden, Mmes. Walter-Villa, Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Villa, Scott; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Fri., TALES OF HOFFMANN, Miles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene, MM. Lucas, Renaud, Nicolay, Villa, De Grazia; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Mat., BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis and Monday's cast. Sat. Night, (popular prices), AIDA, Mmes. Mazarin, D'Alvarez, Miss Gentle, MM. Zerola, Crabbe, Vallier; Dir., M. Anselmi. SPECIAL—ELEKTRA, Tues., Jan. 25. Prices for Elektra, $10 to $2.50. Seats Selling.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH..........Conductor
SUBSCRIPTION SALE FOR 2D SERIES.
Eight Sunday Aft. Concerts at the NEW THEATRE.
First Concert, 2d Series, Sun., Jan. 30.
Subs. Sale NOW open at 1 W. 34th St.

CARNEGIE HALL, Wed. Aft., at 3:15. JANUARY 19
MISCHA **ELMAN** VIOLIN RECITAL
Tickets 75c. to $2. Boxes, $12 & $15, at Hall.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. Second Concert at 8:15 TO-MORROW EVE
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1.50 and $1.00, at Box Office. | Adele Margulies....Piano | Leopold Lichtenberg Violin | Leo. Schulz........'Cello

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER..........Conductor
Thursday Eve. at 8:15. Friday Aft. at 2:30.
Fifth Concerts of the First Series.
TSCHAIKOWSKY, Symphony "Pathetic"; WAGNER, Prelude and Finale, "Tristan und Isolde"; SMETANA, Overture, "The Bartered Bride."

Mendelssohn Hall This Afternoon at 3.
Mrs. BENJAMIN **LATHROP** SONG RECITAL.
Assisted by Isadore Luckstone.
Tickets $1.50, $1, at Hall. Mang't Wolfsohn Bureau.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Eve., 8:15, The Great Comic Opera Success, DIE FOERSTER CHRIST'L. ("Christ'l, the Forester's Daughter.")

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:21|Sun sets..4:59|Moon sets..A.M.

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:11	12:15	6:02	6:30
Governors Island	12:15	12:28	6:33	6:33
Hell Gate	2:00	2:13	8:03	8:32

Arrived—Sunday, Jan. 16.

SS Philadelphia, Southampton, Jan. 8.
SS Lorraine, Havre, Jan. 8.
SS Ocean, Rotterdam, Dec. 27.
SS Seminole, Turks Island, Jan. 10.
SS Monterey, Havana, Jan. 11.
SS Lyra, New Orleans, Jan. 9.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, Jan. 13.
SS Monterey, Havana, Jan. 13.
SS Northtown, Port Arthur, Dec. 29.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, Jan. 15.
SS Lampasas, Mobile, Jan. 8.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, Jan. 15.
SS Glenshiel, Boston, Jan. 15.
SS Tantallon, Baltimore, Jan. 14.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Colon, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Coppename, Demerara	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Monroe, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Hortensius, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Lusitania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Samland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Yumuri, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Mexico	Havre	Jan. 1
Strathdene	Greenock	Dec. 30
Baltic	Liverpool	Jan. 8
Mesaba	London	Jan. 6
Iroquois	London	Jan. 4
Huron	Jacksonville	Jan. 13
California	Glasgow	Jan. 8
Lapland	Antwerp	Jan. 8
Oceania	Patras	Jan. 4
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Kingston	Jan. 11
Martello	Hull	Jan. 2
Carolina	San Juan	Jan. 12
El Sud	Galveston	Jan. 11
Bermudian	Bermuda	Jan. 15
Orotava	Bermuda	Jan. 15
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Kronprinz Wilhelm	Bremen	Jan. 11
Berlin	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Bluecher	Hamburg	Jan. 7
Clara	Oran	Jan. 6
Atlanta	Oran	Jan. 6
Saramacca	Trinidad	Jan. 11
Havana	Havana	Jan. 15
Jose	Port Antonio	Jan. 11
Concho	Galveston	Jan. 12
Nacoochee	Savannah	Jan. 15
Antilla	Cienfuegos	Jan. 9
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Oceanic	Southampton	Jan. 12
California	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 9
Moltke	Naples	Jan. 6
Saba	Trinidad	Jan. 12
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Jan. 13
El Dorado	Galveston	Jan. 13
Monroe	Norfolk	Jan. 15
Sarnia	Kingston	Jan. 12

Reported by Wireless.

SS California, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 1,050 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:20 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 1,136 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late Tuesday.

SS Bluecher, incoming from Hamburg, was reported by Marconi wireless 820 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:35 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late Tuesday.

SS Berlin, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 800 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:40 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Lapland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported by Marconi wireless 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 358 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day or Tuesday morning.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Hamburg, at Gibraltar, Jan. 16.
SS New York, at Southampton, Jan. 16.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Queenstown, Jan. 16.
SS Campania, from Queenstown, Jan. 16.
SS Saxonia, from Gibraltar, Jan. 15.

Passed.

SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed the Lizard.

SS Barbarossa, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Jan. 17 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Siberia	Jan. 20 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Ning Chow	Jan. 21 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru	Jan. 22 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Moana	Jan. 23 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—China	Jan. 27 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Jan. 28 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Jan. 31 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Feb. 4 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Century	Feb. 6 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 3.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—During Saturday night the coldest weather in the United States was reported from the interior of New England and Eastern New York, the minimum temperature being 16 degrees below zero at Northfield, Vt., and 4 degrees below at Albany, N. Y. The weather will be generally fair Monday and Tuesday in the South Atlantic States and along the East Gulf Coast. The precipitation will be in the form of snow in the Northern States and the Rocky Mountain region, and rain in the Middle and Southern districts. A special forecast was given out to-night that during the next few days, and probably for the entire week, temperatures will be moderate for the season generally throughout the United States. The winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light, variable, becoming south and southeast.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate west winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New England—Fair Monday, warmer in the interior; Tuesday unsettled, probably rain or snow by night, light to moderate west winds.

Eastern New York—Increasing cloudiness Monday, warmer in the interior; Tuesday, rain or snow, light to moderate variable winds, becoming south and southeast.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness Monday, followed by rain or snow by night and Tuesday, warmer Monday in north and west portions, light to moderate south winds.

New Jersey—Increasing cloudiness Monday, followed by rain or snow by night and Tuesday, rising temperature Monday, light variable winds, becoming moderate south and southeast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	26	21	4 P. M.	21	[illegible]
6 A. M.	22	19	6 P. M.	19	[illegible]
9 A. M.	21	20	9 P. M.	18	[illegible]
12 M.	22	35	11 P. M.	23	[illegible]

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 26; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 19; at 8 P. M. it was 34; maximum temperature 35 degrees at 8:30 P. M.; minimum 18 degrees at 7:30 A. M.; humidity [illegible] per cent. at 8 A. M. and 43 per cent. at 8 P. M.